

System 7: Chooser NBP Lookups

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TOPIC -----

I understand that there is a new algorithm for the way NBP lookups are performed from a System 7 Chooser. With a non-System 7 computer, the Chooser produced a lookup every 1.47 seconds if an item was selected. What is the new algorithm and decay cycle for the System 7 Chooser?

DISCUSSION -----

The action of the Chooser is directly related to the values associated with the device type. Each Chooser device file (RDEV) has a GNRL resource attached to it which specifies what the NBP LkUp characteristics will be for the device. There are two parameters associated with the GNRL resource:

- One defines the number of retries per NBP request
- The second defines the retry time between each LkUp in the current request.

The following example uses an AppleShare file server as the device being queried. The GNRL resource -4096 is defined as 0705.

As an example, if a user clicked on the AppleShare icon to see all of the AppleShare servers, the Chooser would:

 Flood the network with NBP lookUp requests. Initially the Chooser sends ten back-to-back NBP lookUp requests. Each NBP lookUp is defined to have 5 retries with 7/8th of a second between packets.

NBP ID 1 Send NBP LookUp (1) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (2) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (3)

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wait 7/8th sec.
  Send NBP LookUp (4)
  wait 7/8th sec.
  Send NBP LookUp (5)
  wait 7/8th sec.
  NBP ID 2
  Send NBP LookUp (1)
  wait 7/8th sec.
  Send NBP LookUp (2)
  wait 7/8th sec.
  Send NBP LookUp (3)
  wait 7/8th sec.
  Send NBP LookUp (4)
  wait 7/8th sec.
  Send NBP LookUp (5)
  wait 7/8th sec.
  NBP ID 3
. . .
  NBP ID 4
. . .
  NBP ID 5
. . .
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The retry interval (7/8th second) as well as the number of retries (5) can be changed by modifying the GNRL resource of the RDEV representing the device. The retry time is specified in 1/8th of a second increments. The GNRL resource is documented in Inside Mac Vol. 4 page 216.

2) Start exponential back off algorithm.

The Chooser then starts an exponential back off algorithm which approximately doubles the amount of time between successive blocks of NBP LkUp/BrRq requests, down to about one call every 270 seconds (4.5 minutes). As long as the Chooser is open, NBP LkUp/BrRq packets are constantly being generated by the Chooser.

wait 4 sec. NBP ID 6 Send NBP LookUp (1) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (2) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (3) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (4) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (5) wait 7/8th sec. wait 12.5 sec. NBP ID 7

Send NBP LookUp (1) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (2) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (3) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (4) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (5) wait 7/8th sec. wait 29.5 sec. NBP ID 8 Send NBP LookUp (1) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (2) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (3) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (4) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (5) wait 7/8th sec. wait 64 sec. NBP ID 9 Send NBP LookUp (1) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (2) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (3) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (4) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (5) wait 7/8th sec. wait 132 sec. NBP ID 10 Send NBP LookUp (1) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (2) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (3) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (4) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (5) wait 7/8th sec. wait 268 sec. NBP ID 11 Send NBP LookUp (1)

wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (2) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (3) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (4) wait 7/8th sec. Send NBP LookUp (5) wait 7/8th sec. If a remote device responds to at least 2 of the 5 requests, it's displayed in the Chooser device list. Copyright 1992, Apple Computer, Inc. Keywords: sys7 _____ This information is from the Apple Technical Information Library. 19960215 11:05:19.00

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