

Applesoft: About the LOMEM command

The LOMEM command in Applesoft can be used to relocate the adresses where Applesoft stores its variables in memory. LOMEM is automatically set to the top of the program when the LOAD command is executed.

After LOAD	 Progra 	m text 	High-Res & Var	 iables DOS
		1	OMEM	
	-TEXTAB 		-LOME	-HIMEM M
After LOMEM	 Progra	m text	 High-Res Va	riables DOS
	2048	8192 or 16384		

Most commonly, users employ LOMEM when a short program's variables collide with the High-Res screen memory. Employ the statements below depending on which page of High-Res you use, HGR or HGR2:

For HGR 10 LOMEM: 16384

For HGR2 10 LOMEM: 24576

LOMEM executes a CLEAR, so you must call it before any variables are defined.

WARNING: the CHAIN program that comes with DOS 3.3 will reset LOMEM to the end of the program.

Take note that LOMEM moves the adresses of the variables but it does not move the address of the program. Another pointer, TEXTAB, tells Applesoft where to start loading the program. The following programs relocate the program and variables above the High-Res buffers by changing TEXTAB. DOS and CHAIN will continue to load programs there until the system is re-booted or the FP command is executed. For HGR

10 POKE 103,1: REM THIS CHANGES20 POKE 104,64: REM TEXTAB TO 1638530 POKE 16384,0: REM (NEEDED BY APPLESOFT)40 PRINT CHR\$(4); "RUN PROGRAM"For HGR2 or both pages

 10 POKE 103,1
 : REM THIS CHANGES

 20 POKE 104,96
 : REM TEXTAB TO 24577

 30 POKE 24576,0
 : REM (NEEDED BY APPLESOFT)

 40 PRINT CHR\$(4); "RUN PROGRAM"

Note: Modifying TEXTAB can be dangerous. The DOS RUN command employs an Applesoft NEW to re-initialize the rest of Applesoft's pointers. Cassette users will have to type "NEW" from the keyboard before loading their programs. Failure to do a NEW will cause unpredictable results. Apple Tech Notes

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