Apple Technician Guide



MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010)

É Apple Inc.

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Apple
1 Infinite Loop
Cupertino, CA 95014-2084
USA
+ 1 408 996 1010
www.apple.com

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MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010)

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About This Guide

MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010)



Manual Updates

15 November 2010

Troubleshooting

- General Troubleshooting/ Apple Service Diagnostic (ASD)/ Mac Resource Inspector (MRI): Emphasized text: Not all thermal sensors are on the logic board. Some are on the battery, I/O board, or trackpad. Without fully testing a system, do not assume the logic board requires replacement.
- Symptom Charts/ Startup and Power/ Won't Start Up: Added step 5 to Quick Check and revised steps 3-4
- Symptom Charts/ Mass Storage/ Solid State Drive (SSD) Not Recognized/Not Mounting: Added step 3 to Quick Check

Take Apart

- Battery: Updated Tools image
- Top Case: Revised steps about installing trackpad in new top case

12 November 2010

Take Apart

Bottom Case: Updated (8) bottom case screws with part number to 922-9685

- Screw Location Diagrams: Updated (8) bottom case drawing with part number 922-9685
- Screw Chart: Updated (8) bottom case screws with part number 922-9685

5 November 2010

Troubleshooting

- · Symptom Charts/ Startup and Power/ No Video/Bad Video: Updated steps 9 and 10; added steps 11-13
- · Symptom Charts/ Display/ Built-in iSight Not Operating Correctly: Added step 3 to Quick Check; revised Deep Dive steps 3-7
- Symptom Charts/ Mechanical /Enclosure: Deleted Thermal Monitoring Errors topic (it is now located in the Troubleshooting/ Sensors chapter)
- Symptom Charts/ Input/Output Devices: Revised symptom chart "Built-In Speaker Has No Audio; added the following symptom charts — External Display Port Has No Audio, External Microphone Has No Audio, Internal Microphone Has No Audio, No Audio from Any Source

Take Apart

 Battery: Added important statement to Packing the Battery; added link to HT3378: Air **Shipment Regulations for Lithium-Based Batteries.**



- Bottom Case: Updated image for Pentalobe driver
- Solid-State Drive (SSD) Card: Replaced the section "Reinstalling Software that Came with the Computer"
- Logic Board: Revised replacement steps 1-3.
- Top Case: Added steps about removing mylar strip from new trackpad before completing installation; added steps about folding down trackpad cable

24 October 2010

Basics

Overview: Updated link to CP1226: Safely Handling Lithium Ion and Lithium Polymer **Batteries**

Views

• Exploded View: Updated logic board descriptions.

Apple Technician Guide introduced 20 October 2010

Feedback

We want your feedback to help improve this and future Technician Guides!

Please email any comments to:

smfeedback2@apple.com



Basics

MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010)



Overview



The MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010) computer features a 1.86 GHz or optional 2.13 GHz Intel Core 2 Duo Penryn processor, NVIDIA GeForce 320M graphics chip 128 GB or 256 GB flash storage, 13.3-inch display, and aluminum unibody enclosure.

and aluminum unibody enclosure.

For full technical specifications, refer to AppleCare Tech Specs: http://support.apple.com/specs/



Battery Safety Precautions



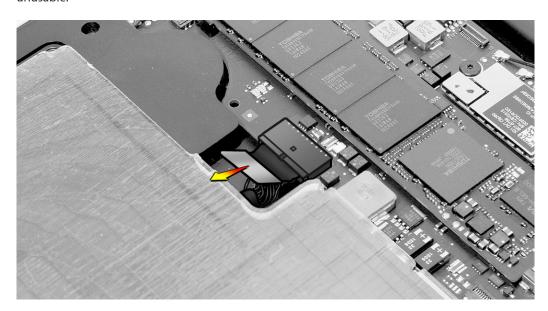
This computer contains an internal-only Lithium-Ion Polymer rechargeable battery pack that is serviceable by Apple-authorized service providers only. Tamper-resistant screws are employed to prevent customers from attempting to remove the battery.

WARNING: Every time you remove the bottom case, attach the protective battery cover, and disconnect the battery cable from the logic board.

WARNING:

- Batteries must be handled with utmost care.
- All work space must be free of foreign or sharp material and batteries should not be exposed to heat or open flame.
- · Do not drop, stack, puncture, crush, flex or apply unnecessary pressure to a battery, as this may result in damage.
- Damage to a battery may result in a potential fire hazard.

WARNING: Because the battery is internal and connected to the logic board by a cable, it MUST BE DISCONNECTED before performing service procedures. If you fail to do so, live current from the battery will short circuit the components and render the logic board and/or the EDP cable unusable.





Handling and Storage

Best Practices

The battery contains several soft battery cells. Do not press on the battery cells with your fingers, and do not handle the battery pack in any way that might apply any physical pressure to these cells.



- Always attach the battery cover (922-9735) to the battery immediately after removing the bottom case and before beginning battery removal or any other repair.
- Handle the covered battery by its edges only, with two hands at all times.
- Keep the battery cover on the battery at all times when the battery is out of the computer.
- · Only remove the battery cover just before replacing the computer's bottom cover. Keep the battery cover on the battery at all other times.
- Do not drop a loose battery. If the battery is dropped, replace the battery.
- Only tighten the battery's screws finger tight; do not overtighten them by any amount, or irreparable damage to the battery pack can result.
- Do not twist or torque the battery, or irreparable damage to the battery can result.

Proper Sequence For Battery Removal

Battery removal steps are mentioned below, however detailed battery removal and replacement steps are described in the **battery take-apart chapter**.

Important: When servicing the MacBook Air (11-inch, Late 2010)/MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010) computers, make sure you have a battery cover for each model, as the batteries are different sizes. Ensure a cover is placed on each battery whenever the bottom case is removed or if the battery is out of unit.

- 1. Remove bottom case.
- 2. Attach battery cover onto exposed side of battery while it is still installed inside the computer. **Note**: You can remove the cover by carefully pulling up on the tabs, located across the top of the battery cover.
- **3.** Disconnect battery connector from logic board.
- **4.** Remove battery screws.
- 5. Carefully lift out covered battery with both hands and place on a smooth, hard, clean surface free of screws and other debris. Or, place battery in the box that the known-good battery shipped in.



Proper Sequence For Battery Replacement

Caution: Make sure no screws are stuck under the battery (inside the top case) or stuck to the inside cover of the bottom case. Check both areas before inserting battery and replacing bottom case.

- 1. Ensure battery cover is properly attached to the soft side of the battery before installing into computer. Note: The known-good battery should come with a cover already installed. Extra covers may be ordered in GSX.
- 2. Make sure top case interior is clean—free of any dust, dirt, loose screws, etc.
- 3. Carefully place known-good battery into position with both hands, aligning the screw holes in the battery frame with those of the computer's top case.
- 4. Install battery screws finger-tight; do not overtighten them by any amount or irreparable damage to the battery assembly can result.
- 5. Connect battery connector to logic board.
- 6. Before replacing bottom case, remove battery cover and inspect battery for any dust, dirt, loose screws, etc.

Personal Protection

Use utmost care when handling the battery.

- Keep battery and computer away from heat and open flame. Store in a cool dry place.
- When servicing the computer, use the battery cover as directed.
- When handling a large container of batteries, steel-toed shoes are recommended.

WARNING: For complete training on battery safety and first-aid measures in case of accidental exposure, make sure you read and understand this training article before servicing this computer:

http://support.apple.com/kb/CP1226, "Safely Handling Lithium Ion and Lithium Polymer Batteries."



Evaluating Battery Damage

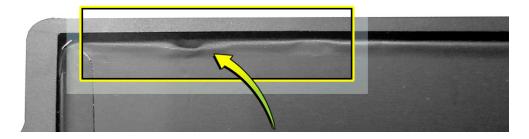
For more examples of cosmetic damage and complete directions on visual inspection, go to http://support.apple.com/kb/HT4409: MacBok Air (Late 2010): Visiual battery inspection.

Use battery if

• Minor dents (up to 8 dents if 0.4 mm deep or less; up to 5 if 1.5 mm deep or less; up to 3 if 2.0 mm deep or less)

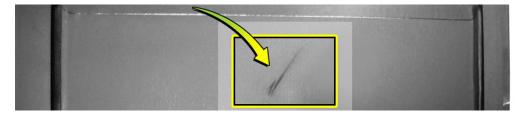


Minor cell pack deformity (up to 2.0 mm total area)

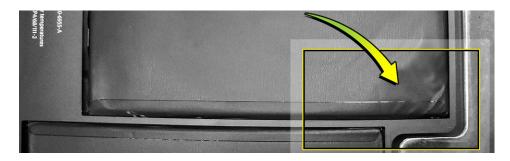


Return battery if

Scratches

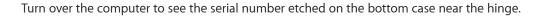


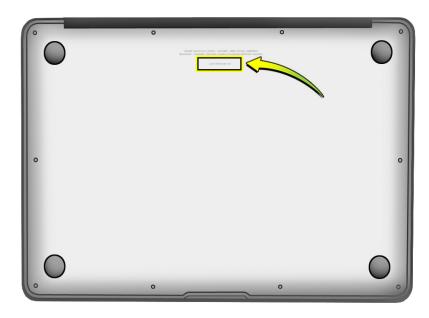
Swollen or wrinkled cell pack



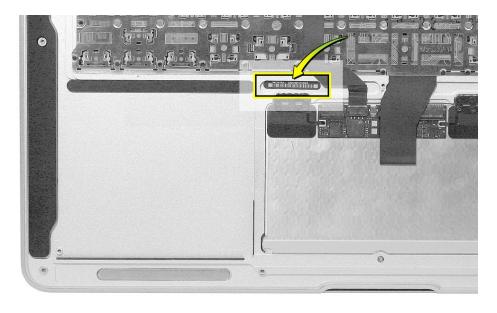


Serial Number Locations





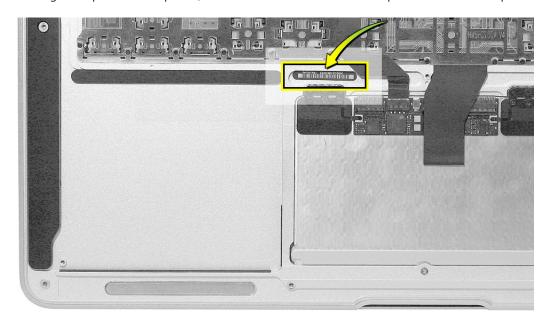
With the battery removed, see the serial number label on the top case.



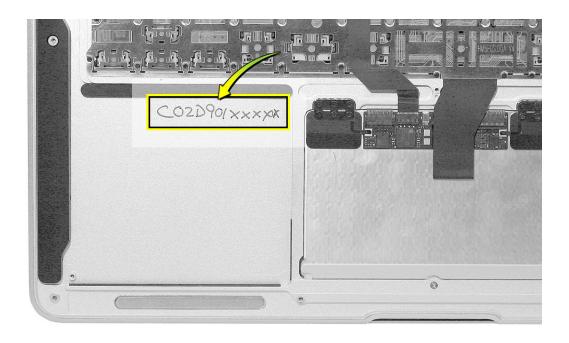


Transferring the Serial Number

When replacing a top case, retain the customer's top case until the repair is complete. Before installing the replacement top case, attach serial number label in the space above the trackpad.



If the serial number label cannot be reused, use a fine-tipped permanent marker to write the serial number on the inside of the top case.





Troubleshooting

MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010)



General Troubleshooting

Update System Software & Firmware

Important: Ensure the correct version Mac OS X and latest software and firmware updates have been applied before you begin troubleshooting. Computers sometimes exhibit symptoms that indicate the wrong Mac OS X system software is installed.

Firmware is the name given to software that is written into memory circuits such as flash memory, that will hold the software code indefinitely, even when power is removed from the hardware. Firmware on Intel Mac computers is designed to be updated if necessary by running the Mac OS X Software Update check (available in the Apple (menu) while computer is connected to the Internet. For more information about firmware updates, refer to: kBase # HT1557: About firmware updates for Intel-based Macs

Troubleshooting Theory

For general information on troubleshooting theory, go to GSX and find the Service Training course menu link. From there you can access the Troubleshooting Theory self-paced course.

Hardware vs. Software

For information on how to isolate a hardware issue from a software issue, refer to: kBase #TS1388: Isolating issues in Mac OS X

For information on how to troubleshoot a software issue, refer to:

kBase #HT1199: Mac OS X: How to troubleshoot a software issue kBase #TS1394: Mac OS X: Troubleshooting installation and software updates kBase #HT2956: Troubleshooting Mac OS X installation from CD or DVD

Temperature Concerns

The normal operating temperature of this computer is well within national and international safety standards. Nevertheless, customers may be concerned about generated heat. To prevent an unneeded repair, you can compare a customer's computer to a similar running model, if available, at your repair site. For more information, refer to

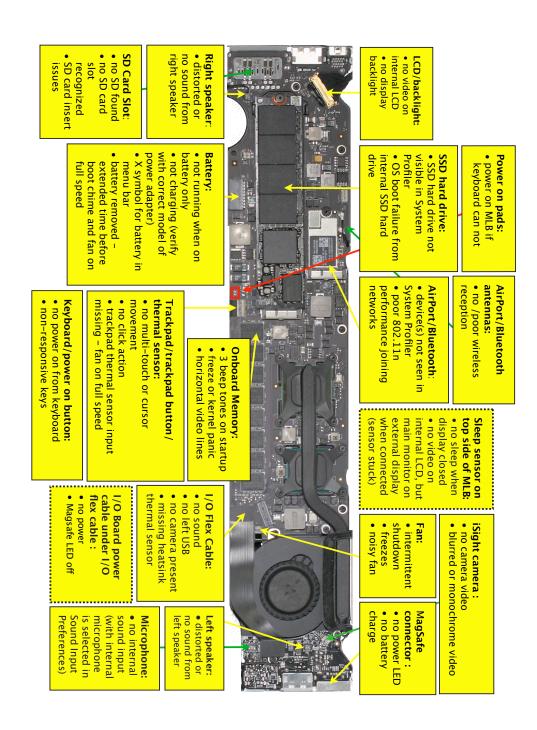
kBase #HT1778: Apple Portables: Operating temperature



Functional Overview

Refer to this diagram for symptoms related to logic board connectors.

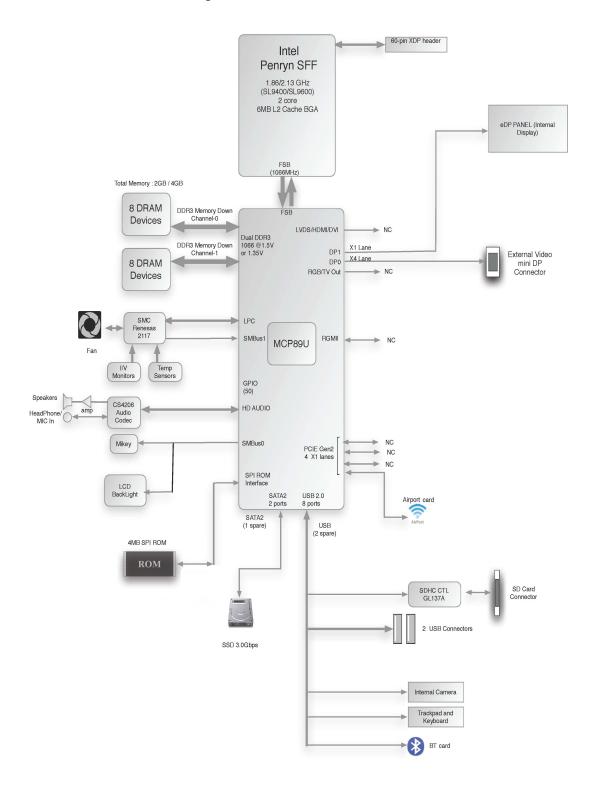
To rotate this page in Preview for easier viewing, go to Tools menu and choose "Rotate Left".





Block Diagram

Refer to this diagram to see how modules are interrelated.





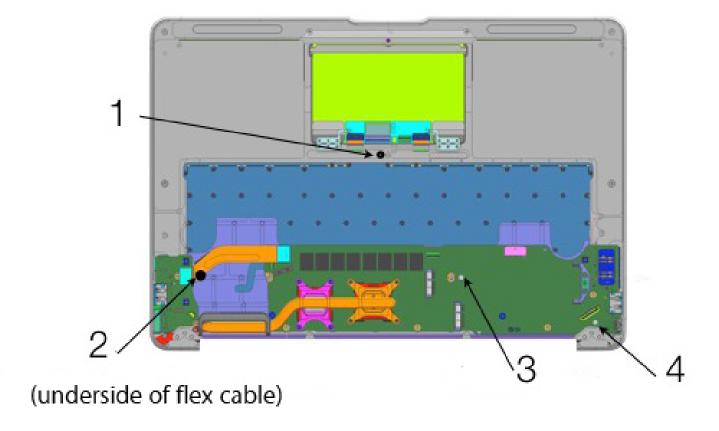
Liquid Contact Indicators

To help discover accidental damage to the computer, the top case includes spill sensors called liquid contact indicators (LCI). The sensors are only visible when the bottom case and most of the modules have been removed. Normally represented by small white dots, the LCIs turn red when they have come in contact with liquid, such as an accidental spill. The LCI indicators on the top case are pointed out below. The next page identifies the LCIs on the battery.

For more information, refer to

kBase #HT3400: About liquid contact indicators (LCI) on portable and desktop computers

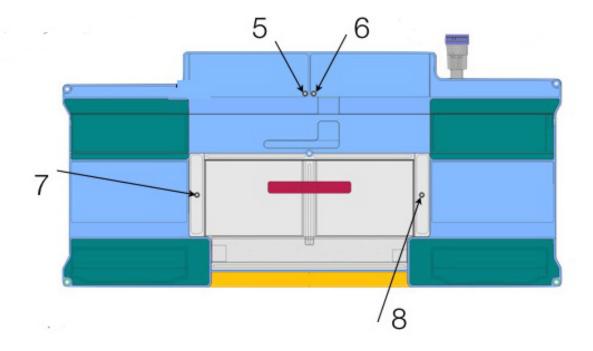
This image shows the general location of the LCIs in this computer. For LCIs that are not readily visible with the bottom case removed, check the same area under cables or on the other side of modules. The graphic on the next page shows the location of LCIs on the battery module.





Battery Liquid Contact Indicators

This image shows the location of LCIs on the underside of the battery module.





Common Reset Procedures

Resetting the System Management Controller (SMC)

The System Management Controller (SMC) is a chip on the logic board that controls all power functions. If the computer is experiencing any power issue, such as not starting up, not displaying video, sleep issues, or fan noise issues, resetting SMC may resolve it. To reset SMC:

- 1. If computer is on, turn it off by choosing Shut Down from the Apple () menu.
- 2. Connect power adapter to computer and to a working power source.
- 3. On built-in keyboard, press (left-side) Shift-Control-Option along with power button just once. Important: Use Shift-Control-Option keys on left side of keyboard.
 - Note: When the LED on the MagSafe connector is orange/amber, resetting the SMC will change it to green for a few seconds, indicating that SMC was correctly reset.
- 4. Wait 5 seconds and press power button to start computer. Note: If bottom case is removed, you can alternately reset SMC by disconnecting both power adapter and main battery, and holding down power button for 5 seconds.

For more information, refer to:

kBase #HT3964: Intel-based Macs: Resetting the System Management Controller (SMC)

Resetting Parameter RAM (PRAM)

PRAM stores certain system and device settings in a location that Mac OS X can access quickly. Exactly which settings are stored in the computer's PRAM varies depending on the type of computer as well as the types of devices and drives connected. To reset PRAM:

- 1. If computer is on, turn it off by choosing Shut Down from Apple () menu.
- 2. Locate the following keys on the keyboard: Command, Option, P, and R. You will need to hold these keys down simultaneously in Step 4.

Note: If keyboard does not have an Option key, use Alt key instead.

- 3. Press power button.
- 4. Immediately press and hold Command-Option-P-R keys. **Important:** You must press this key combination before the gray screen appears.
- 5. Hold down keys until computer restarts, and you hear startup chime a second time.
- 6. Release keys.

For more information, refer to:

kBase #HT1242: Mac OS X: What's stored in PRAM kBase #HT1379: Resetting your Mac's PRAM and NVRAM



Starting Up in Safe Mode

Starting up into Safe Mode does several things that can help resolve software or directory issues that may exist on the startup volume. To start up in Safe Mode:

- 1. If computer is on, turn it off by choosing Shut Down from Apple () menu.
- 2. Press power button.
- 3. Immediately after you hear startup tone, press and hold Shift key. **Note:** The Shift key should be held as soon as possible after startup tone but not before.
- 4. Release Shift key when you see the screen with a gray Apple and progress indicator (looks like a spinning gear). Note that booting into Safe Mode will take longer than a normal startup. During startup, the words "Safe Boot" will appear on Mac OS X startup screen.
- 5. To leave Safe Mode, restart computer normally, without holding down any keys during startup.

For more information, refer to:

kBase #HT1564: Mac OS X: What is Safe Boot, Safe Mode? kBase #TS1884: Safe Boot takes longer than normal startup

Sleep Status Tips

This computer does not have a sleep LED. To troubleshoot without one,

- Connect a USB device that has a power-on or activity LED. As power is restored to the USB bus and the system wakes from sleep, the LED lights up.
- Press Caps Lock key multiple times to wake system from sleep.
- Open display and press an alphanumeric key to wake system from sleep.
- A system that has been asleep for an extended period can consume the remaining charge of the battery. Restore power to system with known-good power adapter, and check that MagSafe indicator light shows an in-progress battery charge. System boots from a hibernation file and starts from where it left off.
- Resetting SMC instantly shuts down some system side effects. If system is in sleep mode, it will reboot from a hibernation file. If system is booted to Mac OS during SMC reset, data from open applications can be lost. If system is already shut down, there will be no side effects. Look for MagSafe indicator light to momentarily go from off to green as SMC is reset and reestablishes communication with power adapter, then change from green to orange if battery needs a charge.



Apple Service Diagnostic (ASD)

Run Apple Service Diagnostic to determine if any of the thermal sensors are malfunctioning. When sensors fail, replace the corresponding part. See table below for correlation between error code and part.

Mac Resource Inspector (MRI)

MRI is a troubleshooting tool that reveals system errors and reports sensor readings that help you identify parts that need replacement. As you become familiar with the names and locations of system sensors, they will help you properly troubleshoot MRI and ASD reported errors.

Not all thermal sensors are on the logic board. Some are on the battery, I/O board, or trackpad. Without fully testing a system, do not assume the logic board requires replacement.

Important: Whenever you run MRI, use the power adapter, rather than battery only, to effectively verify battery charging circuitry.

These tables and the following thermal code map show the thermal and electrical sensors that MRI uses to check the computer's performance.

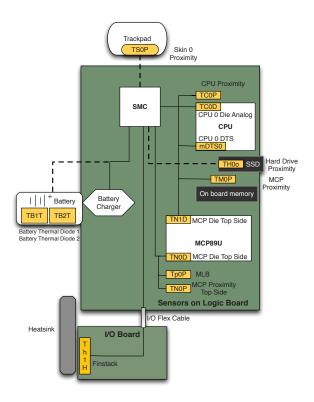
SMC	Location	General Description	MRI/ASD Name
Name			
TC0D	Logic board	CPU 0 Die	CPU 0 Die Analog
TC0P	Logic board	CPU 0 Proximity	CPU Proximity
mDTS0	Logic board	CPU Int Die	CPU 0 DTS
TN0D	Logic board	MCP 0 Die	MCP Die Top Side
TN1D	Logic board	MCP Int Die	MCP Die Top Side
TMOP	Logic board	SSD & RAM Proximity	MCP Proximity
Тр0Р	Logic board	MLB Thermal	MLB
TN0P	Logic board	MCP 0 Proximity	MCP Proximity Top Side
Th1H	I/O board	Heatsink Proximity	Fin Stack
Ts0P	Trackpad	Trackpad/Palmrest Thermal	Skin 0 Proximity
TB1T	Battery	Battery Thermal Diode 1	Battery Thermal Diode 1
TB2T	Battery	Battery Thermal Diode 2	Battery Thermal Diode 2
TH0o	SSD card	Hard Disk out-of-band	Hard Drive Proximity



Electrical	Location	General Description	MRI/ASD Name
Sensor			
VC0C	Logic board	CPU Vcore (Voltage)	CPU 0 Core
VN0C	Logic board	MCP Vcore (Voltage)	MCP Core 0
VPOR	Logic board	PBUS (Voltage)	PBus
PC0C	Logic board	CPU Vcore (Power)	CPU 0 VCore Loadside
ID0R	Logic board	DC-IN(AMON) (Current)	DC In
IB0R	Logic board	Battery(BMON) (Current)	Battery
IN0C	Logic board	MCP Vcore (Current)	MCP 0 Core
IN1C	Logic board	MCP memory (Current)	MCP 1 Memory
1c0R	Logic board	CPUVcore_VTT (Current)	Sensor Rail 0

Thermal Code Map

This map shows the general location of the thermal sensors (highlighted in gold) and their associated part within the computer housing.







LCD Display Pixel Anomalies

When displaying a single color over the screen area, the LCD panel might show one or more pixels that are not properly lit. To determine if the display has an acceptable number of pixel anomalies, follow the steps below:

- 1. Set the display image to one of the following colors: all-white, all-red, all-green, all-blue, or all-black display. Use the LCD Tester Diagnostic Utility to generate these patterns on the screen.
- 2. Using a jeweler's loupe, pocket microscope, or other magnifying device, identify and count each pixel anomaly:
 - Bright subpixel anomaly = subpixel that is always on
 - Dark subpixel anomaly = subpixel that is always off
- 3. The number of acceptable pixel anomalies for MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010) is:

Bright	Up to 3
Dark	Up to 5
Combination	Up to 7

4. If the number of subpixel anomalies exceeds the acceptable number shown above, replace the LCD assembly. Numbers outside the acceptable range would be:

Bright	4 or more	
Dark	6 or more	
Combination	8 or more	

5. If the number of subpixel anomalies is acceptable, explain to the customer that the pixel anomalies are within specifications, and no repair is necessary.

Important: Do not release the specifications to customers. Instead, inform them that a certain number of subpixel anomalies are considered acceptable, and these factors apply to all manufacturers using LCD technology—not just Apple products.

When speaking with customers, please use the following explanation:

Active-matrix LCD technology uses rows and columns of addressable locations (pixels) that render text and images on screen. Each pixel location has three separate subpixels (red, green, and blue) that allow the image to be rendered in full color. Each subpixel has a corresponding transistor responsible for turning the subpixel on or off.

There are typically millions of these subpixels on an LCD display. For example, the LCD panel used in the Apple Cinema HD display is made up of 2.3 million pixels and 6.9 million red, green, and blue subpixels. Occasionally, a transistor does not work perfectly, which may result in the affected subpixel being turned on (bright) or turned off (dark). With the millions of subpixels on a display, it is quite possible to have a low number of faulty transistors on an LCD. Therefore, a certain number of subpixel anomalies are considered acceptable. Rejecting all but perfect LCD panels would significantly increase the retail price for products using LCD displays. These factors apply to all manufacturers using LCD technology—not just Apple products.

Symptom Charts

Follow steps in the order indicated below. If an action resolves the issue, retest system to verify.

Note: A compilation of Quick Check tables is available at: http://service.info.apple.com/QRS/en/quickreference.pdf

Startup and Power

No Power / Dead Unit

Unlikely cause: display clamshell, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers

Quick Check

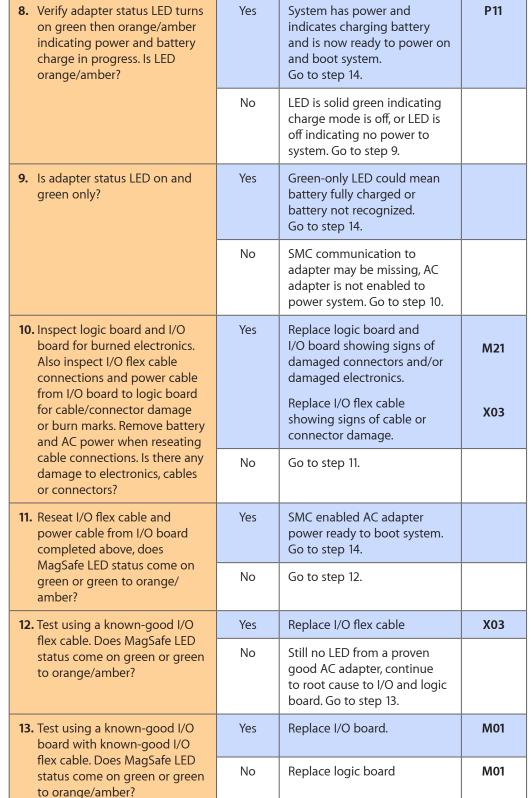
Symptom	Quick Check		
No Power / Dead Unit No power No image No startup chime No fan spin No light if Caps Lock pressed Non-operational	 Verify AC power presence with MagSafe LED indicating on or charge state. Verify battery as being partly charged, with orange/amber LED on MagSafe power connector. Reset SMC. If power is restored using steps above, run Notebook Battery and Adapter Diagnostic. 		

Deep Dive

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Isolate peripherals as cause. Disconnect all peripherals and external devices and verify unit starts.	Yes	Suspect peripherals as cause. Reconnect one at a time, verifying operation as each external device is reinstalled.	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Connect a known-good AC adapter, reset SMC and verify unit starts. SMC reset is best confirmed by MagSafe LED	Yes	Corrupt SMC state preventing power on. Issue resolved with SMC reset.	
going green then back to orange/amber if charge is needed. Can system power on after SMC reset?	No	Go to step 3.	

	Will system power up with battery only? Reseat and inspect battery connector for burn marks or damaged pins. If needed, substitute a knowngood battery to verify unit is able to power up from battery.	Yes	System can start up from a charged or known-good battery. User's battery possibly at fault or needs to be charged. Continue to verify user's battery then AC adapter use and battery charging. Go to step 4.	P11
		No	System will not power on using only known-good battery. Go to step 16.	
4.	User's battery may be run down, or not recognized. Verify user's battery in a known-good system is recognized and accepting a charge. Confirm	Yes	Battery is recognized, charging and health is good. Return to test user's computer with user's battery and AC adapter power. Go to step 6.	
	user's battery is not consumed nor defective. Allow user's battery to charge for several minutes, to at least 5%.	No	Replace user's battery for not charging (P10), not recognized (P11), or damaged or burned wires (P12). User to purchase a replacement battery if consumed (P18).	P10 P11 P12 P18
5.	nspect battery cable and onnection to logic board and eseat if necessary. Replace hattery and logic board if logic	Yes	Battery power restored. Return to test user's computer with user battery and AC adapter power. Go to step 6.	
	board connector is damaged or burned. Can the system power on from a charged battery?	No	Logic board is expected to power with battery only. Replace logic board if battery connector is damaged.	M20
			Replace battery if connector is damaged. Go to step 15 to verify power button.	P12
6.	6. Inspect MagSafe power adapter. Verify AC adapter is correct wattage, compatible with product and works on known-good computer.	Yes	Power adapter is good. Go to step 7.	
		No	Release stuck pin(s) or replace adapter due to wire damage, burned pins, or not working on a known-good system.	P14
7.	Inspect MagSafe port on	Yes	Go to step 8.	
	computer for physical damage, debris or metal fragments attracted to magnetic connector. Is MagSafe connector clean and free from defects?	No	Clean port assembly. Replace I/O board if necessary.	M21











14. MagSafe LED indicates power enabled for system. Will system power on when power-on key is pressed?	Yes	Power-on issue resolved, continue to boot system and verify battery and system operation.	
	No	No power on due to logic board, I/O board, I/O flex cable or keyboard power-on key via trackpad connections. Go to step 15.	
15. Inspect keyboard flex cable connection to trackpad, ensure cable is fully seated and locked and trackpad to logic	Yes	Power-on issue resolved. Clear PRAM and continue to verify operation.	
board connections are seated properly, reseat if necessary. Does power-on key boot system?	No	Go to step 16.	
16. Disconnect trackpad from logic board and jumpstart logic board power-on pads using a conductive metal flat blade screwdriver. Does system power on?	Yes	System will power on indicating problem exists in top case keyboard or keyboard/trackpad device circuit path is open. Go to step 19.	
	No	Problem with logic board, I/O board or I/O flex cable exists. Go to step 17.	
17. Test using a known-good I/O flex cable. Jumpstart logic board power-on pads to	Yes	Replace I/O flex cable.	X03
initiate power on. Does system power on?	No	Go to step 18.	
18. Test using a known-good I/O board with known-good I/O flex cable. Jumpstart logic	Yes	Replace I/O board.	M01
board power-on pads to initiate power on. Does system power on?	No	Replace logic board.	M01
19. Test using a known-good trackpad. Visually inspect keyboard flex cable connection looking for wrinkles in cable that might leave a disconnect. Does keyboard power-on key initiate a system power on and attempt to boot up?	Yes	Top case keyboard is good. Replace trackpad.	K01
	No	Replace top case.	K01

Won't Start Up

Unlikely cause: fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check	
Power but no start up No startup chime, some video activity, Apple logo, startup spinning gear Startup chime with possible beep tones Fan spin sound Caps Lock LED toggles when pressed Flashing question mark when booting from external drive	 Reset SMC. Verify startup process passes initial memory checks with no beep errors. Display activity is starting up. Reset PRAM. Verify starts up from user's SSD. Boot from original product OS installation media or connect known-good external bootable device and press Option(Alt) key during startup then select external startup device to bring up system for diagnostics. If flashing question mark appears with an external drive, press and hold Option (Alt) key at startup to check for a firmware password. Type password to start up from SSD drive, or refer to TS3554: MacBook Air (Late 2010): Recovering a lost firmware password. Verify presence and status of user's SSD. Use Disk Utility to repair drive and file permissions. 	

Deep Dive

Check	Result	Action	Code
Reset SMC and PRAM to set default startup device to	Yes	User's SSD bootable, issue resolved default settings.	
internal SSD.	No	Not starting up. Go to step 2.	
2. With sound enabled via PRAM reset above, is system indicating a memory error at startup with repeated beep tones, either 3 short beeps or a single long beep?	Yes	Defective memory. Replace logic board.	M07
	No	Continue with startup sequence verification. Go to step 3.	
3. Hold the Option(Alt) key during startup and verify there	Yes	System starts up from user's SSD. Issue resolved.	
is a bootable drive shown in Startup Manager. Choose user's SSD. Does start up from this drive work?	No	User's SSD not present or does not start up. Firmware password screen appears. Go to step 4.	





4. Type firmware password to start up from SSD drive, or refer to TS3554: MacBook Air	Yes	System starts up from user's SSD. Issue resolved.		
(Late 20 firmware	(Late 2010): Recovering a lost firmware password. Does startup work?	No	Go to step 5.	
installation is bootal present i	5. Insert original product OS installation media, which is bootable and should be present in Startup Manager.	Yes	Starts up from original product OS installation media, but user's SSD not bootable. Go to step 8.	
	em start up from product OS installation	No	Computer has no bootable devices. Test external startup devices, go to step 6.	
bootable network verify int	n a known-good OS on a USB drive or server to start up and ernal drive is available	Yes	System started up from external device and reports data regarding internal SSD. Go to step 7.	
Utility.	stem Profiler or Disk	No	No startup from any source. Replace logic board.	M02
original p media to	7. Use Disk Utility loaded from original product OS installation media to verify if SSD is	Yes	User's SSD available for inspections and repair. Go to step 9.	
	on device list. Is user's d in Disk Utility?	No	SSD not present, troubleshoot drive. Go to step 8.	
installing into unit	8. Try reseating SSD and/or installing a known-good SSD into unit. Is drive now listed in Disk Utility?	Yes	Reseat of SSD now has user's SSD visible in Disk Utility, go to step 9.	
DISK UTIII			Known-good SSD worked; suspect user's SSD OS is corrupt. Attempt OS restore on user's SSD. Go to step 9.	
		No	Known-good SSD used, still no drive present. Replace logic board.	M19
held dov Mode. W	9. Boot system with Shift key held down to boot into Safe Mode. Will system boot up	Yes	Go to <u>kBase #HT1199: Mac</u> OS X: How to troubleshoot a software issue	
from use	rs 55D?	No	Go to step 10.	
SSD and	Utility to repair user's repair permissions if DS found on drive. Is	Yes	OS on user's SSD repaired, issue resolved.	
	drive bootable after software	No	Drive not bootable, perhaps missing OS, go to step 11.	



11. Use Disk Utility to partition user's SSD with one GUID	Yes	User's SSD now starts up from new OS image, issue resolved.	
partition then restore Mac OS from original product OS installation media. Is drive bootable after OS install?	No	Replace SSD.	H02

Intermittent Shutdown

Unlikely cause: display clamshell, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, speakers

Troubleshooting Shutdown Causes

Always run the available Apple diagnostics to check for cause of the previous shutdown(s). Running ASD would also permit to isolate any abnormal value reading from a thermal, a voltage, or a current sensor, or from a fan speed meter.

Collect all available info from user on shut down occurrence details: periodicity, power state when issue happens, running applications, running time before shutdown.

Shutdown events could be categorized between four different types of causes.

1. User-related shut downs

A computer shut down event may be caused by user operation. Shuttting down the computer (by selecting the Shutdown menu, by keeping pressed the power button for at least 4 seconds, or by programming a timed shutdown in the Energy Saver preferences) should not be considered as a failure unless the power button or the magnetic sleep sensors are found to be defective, so the suggested steps for troubleshooting will be:

- to reset the SMC,
- to check Energy Saver preferences settings,
- to test top case button and magnetic sleep sensor operation and secure connection to logic board.

2. Activity-related system shut downs

- system could not succeed the standard shutdown process and had to force shutdown,
- an installed watchdog detected that an application did not respond within specified time (this watchdog can be enabled on Mac OS X Server Energy Saver preferences)

These shut downs may be linked to system settings, devices drivers, applications or operating system freezes, so the suggested steps for troubleshooting will be:

- to check the system logs and activity monitor utility for clues on the freezing process,
- · to check for available software and firmware updates for installed device drivers, applications, or operating system,
- to start the system from a known-good and up-to-date bootable drive for issue reproduction.

3. Power-related system shut downs

- External or battery power source was removed,
- Battery went empty while computer was on,
- Battery went empty while computer was asleep,

These shut downs are due to power management, poor connections or defective power sources so the suggested steps for troubleshooting will be:

- to reset SMC,
- to check secure AC cable, AC adapter and battery connection to logic board,
- · to verify the battery and power adapter health using the Notebook Battery and Adapter Diagnostic.

4. Hardware-related system shut downs

- one of the temperature sensors exceeded a specified temperature limit,
- one of the voltage sensors exceeded a specified voltage limit,
- one of the current sensors exceeded a specified current limit,

These shut downs are due to temperature, voltage, current, fan speed or other hardware-related sensor values getting out of range, so the suggested steps for troubleshooting will be:

- to check for all sensors connections and values using Apple Service Toolkit, Macintosh Repair Inspector, and other available Apple Service utilities,
- · to check for usage of Apple-branded battery and power adapter,
- to check for abnormal battery temperature,
- to check for fan operation,
- · to check for cleanliness of the heat sink fins and fan air flow,
- · to check for correct seating of the heatsink on logic board and presence of thermal transfer material.

Symptom	Quick Check	
 Intermittent shutdown Powers off during startup Powers off during use 	1. Collect details from user on shutdown occurrence and system configuration when it happens (on battery, when running for a while, frequency of shutdowns, running applications, shutdown repeatability). If shutdown can be easily reproduced, check next steps:	
	2. Verify battery charge and health status.	
	3. Check AC adapter MagSafe connector and connection with system.	
	4. Reset SMC and PRAM.	
	5. Start up with Shift key down for safe mode.	
	6. Start up from known-good bootable device.	
	7. Run ASD or MRI for sensors and thermal tests.	

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Activity related shutdowns: Reset SMC and PRAM and verify if shutdown issue is still present.	Yes	Check with known-good bootable drive. Go to step 2.	
	No	Shutdown cause was related to SMC or PRAM programmed shutdown settings or corruption, and was resolved by reverting them to default settings.	
2. Start up from known-good	Yes	Go to step 3.	
external bootable drive and verify if shutdown issue is still present.	No	Shutdown events do not occur on known-good OS. Reinstall Mac OS on user's SSD, update OS with latest version and check if any firmware update is available.	
3. Power-related shutdowns: Testing with a known-good AC adapter and battery, verify that shutdown issue can ONLY be reproduced with user's battery and AC adapter. Use MRI or NBAD to verify health of battery and AC adapter.	Yes	Intermittent power issue. Check user's AC cable for intermittent connection; check user's battery & AC adapter health. Replace suspect battery (P12) or AC adapter (P14) that leads to system shutdown.	P12 P14
	No	Issue also occurs with known- good battery and AC adapter. Go to step 4.	
4. Reset SMC and PRAM, then verify if shutdown symptoms no longer occur.	Yes	Shutdown cause was related to SMC or PRAM settings or corruption, and was resolved by reverting them to default settings.	
	No	Shutdown event still occurs. Go to step 5.	
5. Check system running on battery only. Use knowngood charged battery. Verify if shutdown/reset/sleep issues do not occur when knowngood battery is used without AC adapter.	Yes	Recharge user's battery and retest. Check for user's battery health in Apple System Profiler or run NBAD, and replace battery if its health is reported bad or consumed.	P09
	No	Symptoms unchanged. Go to step 6.	

6. Check with known-good AC adapter source only Remove battery and use known-good AC adapter.	Yes	Faulty user's AC adapter. Replace user's AC adapter if AC cable and duckhead were confirmed good.	P14
Verify if the shutdown/reset/ sleep issues do not occur with known-good AC adapter.	No	Symptoms unchanged. Go to step 7.	
7. Hardware-related shutdowns: Run ASD or MRI and verify if a sensor failure is reported.	Yes	-If a temperature or a fan sensor failure is reported, go to sensor troubleshooting. -If a voltage or a current sensor failure is reported in ASD or MRI w/known-good AC adapter and batteries, replace logic board.	M23
	No	Setup ASD to loop test suite for burn in tests and go to step 8. If no failure is found, return unit to user.	
8. Verify if a thermal sensor or fan failure is reported in ASD or MRI.	Yes	-If "fan not running" failure, check for fan cable seating and retest. If same failure after retest replace fan with known-good fan and retest. If issue does not occur with known-good fan, replace user's fan. -If an over temp failure reported, check for cause of over temp, like obstructed vent, dust in heatsink fin, clogged fan and retest. If still failing replace part where sensor is located (logic board, battery, or trackpad) according to the sensor location table . Go to step 9.	X22 M23 P17 K99
	No	Replace heatsink. Go to step 9.	X10
9. Isolate if issue solved Verify if shutdown/issue does	Yes	Issue resolved.	
not occur after part exchange.	No	Replace logic board with corresponding symptom: -if for thermal error cause -if for other cause	M18 M08

No Video/Bad Video

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
Power, but No Video	1. Reset SMC.		
Power No video	2. Reset PRAM to restore default audio setting (not muted) and to restore default display brightness.		
Fan spin soundCaps Lock light if key pressed	3. If no startup chime, verify using headphones.		
	4. Verify with external display.		
	Boot from original product OS install media to verify internal/external display.		

Check	Result	Action	Code
Define whether the issue is a bad image with backlight OR	Yes	Bad image quality. Go to step 5.	
no video issue. Verify whether some image even distorted is visible.	No	No image seen or no backlight. Go to step 2.	
2. Disconnect all peripherals, external devices, and display adapters if present and verify that video is displayed.	Yes	Suspect peripherals as cause. Reconnect one at a time, verifying unit operation at each stage.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Power-on unit, attempt to adjust brightness to maximum using brightness (F1/F2) keys and verify that video is displayed.	Yes	Video displayed; panel backlight was inadvertently turned off. If backlight returns to low check for stuck F1 key on keyboard.	
	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Reset SMC and verify that system video is displayed.	Yes	Corrupt SMC state preventing video.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Reset PRAM. If no action, use external keyboard with same sequence. Verify that system	Yes	Invalid or corrupt PRAM contents affecting video output.	
video is displayed.	No	Go to step 6.	

6. Connect known-good external display, press power button and close clamshell lid to force main screen startup on external display. Verify that video is correct when viewed on external display.	Yes	Video correct on external display. Research available firmware and software updates, retest. If returning with software already updated, go to step 7.	
	No	Replace logic board according symptom code: -no video -bad/distorted video	M03 M04
7. After verification with external display, is "Color LCD" listed in System Profiler? If not found, reseat EDP (Embedded	Yes	Go to step 8.	
DisplayPort) cable connection from clamshell to logic board and retest.	No	Go to step 10.	
8. Shutdown system and reboot while clearing PRAM. Has video	Yes	Issue resolved.	
returned to built-in LCD?	No	Go to step 9.	
9. MRI test can verify sleep sensor activation when a medium-sized magnet is placed over the sleep sensor on top case near tab key on left side of keyboard . MRI sensor reading is >1.0 if closed, or 0 if open. Does the sleep sensor appear to be stuck closed?	Yes	Sleep sensor appears to be stuck closed. Go to step 11.	
	No	Go to step 10.	
10. Check for backlight condition. Power on unit. Using a lowheat light source, verify if a faint image or Apple logo	Yes	Backlight but no video. Go to Blank/No Video, Unit Has Power (in Displays chapter).	
appears on startup. Does LCD have a working video backlight?	No	Go to <u>Backlight Issue / No</u> <u>Backlight</u> .	
11. Inspect logic baord cable and I/O board connectors then	Yes	Go to step 12.	
reseat I/O board flex cable. Does the sleep sensor appear to be stuck closed?	No	Sleep sensor appears to be working properly. Issue resolved.	
12. Substitute a known good I/O board flex cable. Does the	Yes	Go to step 13.	
sleep sensor appear to be stuck closed?	No	Replace I/O board flex cable.	X03



13. Substitute a known good I/O	Yes	Replace logic board.	M22
flex cable and I/O board. Does the sleep sensor appear to be stuck closed?	No	Replace I/O board.	M22

Battery Isn't Recognized or Won't Charge

Unlikely cause: display clamshell, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 Battery isn't recognized or won't charge AC adapter MagSafe LED indicator is not lit AC adapter MagSafe LED indicator does not change to orange/amber when battery is less than 95% charged 	 Check battery level and test AC power. Reset SMC by pressing the (left) Shift-Control-Option(Alt) keys along with the power button once. Test system with Notebook Battery and Adapter Diagnostic or Apple Service Toolkit and Macintosh Repair Inspector.

Check	Result	Action	Code
Does the MagSafe LED change from green to amber when connected to the computer?	Yes	Battery is recognized and charging. Go to step 6.	
	No	LED is green, Battery may be full or not recognized. Go to step 2.	
		LED was on momentarily then went out. Go to No Power / Dead Unit.	
2. Does battery status indicate a fully charged battery above 95%?	Yes	User's battery charge is at full charge; check battery health. Go to step 10.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Does battery status indicate the battery is not recognized?	Yes	Go to step 7 and tag battery as a possible P11 candidate.	(P11)
	No	Go to step 4.	



4. Does battery status indicate the battery is recognized but not charging with capacity less than 95%?	Yes	Go to step 7 and tag battery as a possible P10 candidate.	(P10)
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Does battery status indicate battery is charging and has	Yes	User's battery charging, check health. Go to step 10.	
a current percentage value greater than zero?	No	Battery status not charging. Go to step 7.	
6. Does battery status indicate a low battery with 0% while charging of battery?	Yes	Allow user's battery to charge to 5% before checking battery condition. (A rundown battery may take several minutes to reach 5%.) Go to step 10.	
	No	Go to step 7.	
7. Test with a known-good battery. Is battery recognized and charging?	Yes	Replace battery: -not charging -not recognized	P10 P11
	No	Go to step 8.	
8. Inspect user's battery cable and battery connector for bent pins, corrosion, or burned connections.	Yes	If pin or connector damage, replace battery. If battery connector damage	X03
		on logic board, replace logic board.	M20
	No	Go to step 9.	
9. Reseat battery cable at logic board connector, and retest. Is battery recognized and	Yes	Issue resolved by cable reseat. Check battery condition, go to step 10.	
charging?	No	Replace logic board.	M20
10. Open Apple System Profiler and click on the Power tab on the left. Is the battery over	Yes	Battery has been consumed, and user will need to purchase a replacement.	
1000 cycle counts?	No	Go to step 11.	
11. Is battery still covered by Limited Warranty or an AppleCare agreement?	Yes	Go to step 13.	
	No	Battery warranty expired. Go to step 12.	

12. Is the health of the battery "Good" according to System Profiler?	Yes	Battery is in good health and should continue to function until consumed. Do not replace battery.	
	No	Battery is consumed outside warranty coverage. User will need to purchase a replacement battery.	
13. For batteries still covered by warranty, is the health of the	Yes	Battery functioning normally. Go to step 14.	
battery "Good"?	No	Battery has premature capacity loss. Replace battery.	P08
14. With battery charge greater than 20% does battery support	Yes	User's battery is good.	
system operation without AC adapter connected?	No	Go to step 15.	
15. Test with a known-good battery. Does known-good battery support system operation without AC adapter connected?	Yes	Replace battery.	P12
	No	Replace logic board.	M20

Kernel Panic/System Crashes

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, fan, speakers

Symptom	Quick Check
Memory Issues/Kernel panic and	1. Reset SMC and PRAM.
freezesDisplay notice of system kernel	2. Remove external peripheral devices.
panic during start up and desktop use.	3. Verify memory configuration matches memory installed.
 System freeze during use. 	4. Start up with Shift key down for safe mode.
System freeze upon wake from	5. Start up from known-good bootable device.
sleep.	6. Check panic.log info for crash cause.
	7. Run AHT or MRI to test sensors and possible missing I/O device from system configuration.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Isolate peripherals as cause. Disconnect all peripherals, external devices, and display adapters if present.	Yes	Suspect peripherals as cause. Reconnect one at a time, verifying unit operation at each stage.	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Reset SMC and clear PRAM then verify that unit starts	Yes	Issue resolved with default startup settings.	
without panic issues.	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Boot in Safe Mode with Shift key down, and check for recent kernel panic data in panic log.	Yes	Kernel Panic is not a system I/O related device. Go to step 5.	
Open panic.log file on user's drive and check for affected interface that crashed. If unit still crashes during startup, you will need to remove SSD and install in a known-good system to access the file. Verify that kernel panic dependency is not with an I/O interface.	No	I/O device related crash, go to step 4.	
 4. Remove I/O device where possible to pinpoint faulty device: Disconnect camera cable from I/O board. Disconnect AirPort/Bluetooth antennas and AirPort/Bluetooth card from logic board. Disable SSD by booting from an external bootable drive or from MRI. If issue remains after testing I/O device, replace with known- 	Yes	System starts up when I/O device removed, replace affected I/O device or module containing it. If camera is crashing system, replace display clamshell. If AirPort/Bluetooth card presence is crashing system, replace AirPort/Bluetooth card. If SSD presence is crashing system, try with known-good SSD. If user's SSD is causing the crash, replace user's SSD.	L14 N13
good part(s) to confirm issue resolved.	No	Symptoms unchanged. Go to step 5.	



5. Attempt to start up with original product OS installation media, or from an external drive with product OS installed, and verify that system starts without kernel panic.	Yes	Kernel panics cease running known-good OS. Run ASD/Disk Utility to repair and test SSD. If repair attempts fail, erase & install OS. If restore fails, replace SSD.	H03
	No	Symptoms unchanged. Go to step 6.	
6. Disconnect display clamshell and test with known-good	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L14
display clamshell. Verify that system now starts up without kernel panic/freeze.	No	Go to step 7.	
7. Run ASD or MRI to check for fan and sensors test, and verify	Yes	Go to step 8.	
that ASD or MRI does not report any overtemp, failing sensor, or fan. Did MRI report a sensor failure that could be related to system hang/freeze?	No	No thermal fail detected. Replace logic board with matching symptom: - If hang or freeze - If kernel panic/system crash	M05 M06
8. Is reported sensor a thermal sensor failure?	Yes	Go to thermal troubleshooting.	
	No	Go to electrical troubleshooting.	



Battery Run Time Too Short

Symptom	Quick Check
Battery Run Time Too Short Battery runs out of power very quickly (less than two hours)	 Check if the battery is covered under a repair extension program. Refer to kBase #CP165: Notebook Computer Battery and Adapter Screening Process Verify no applications have runaway processes with the CPU. Refer to kBase #TS1473:"Runaway applications can shorten battery runtime Screen for short battery run time using kBase #HT1446: Apple Portables: Tips for maximizing your battery charge. If replaced for run time too short, regardless of warranty coverage, use symptom code P09 if replaced.

Won't Run on Power Adapter Alone

Unlikely cause: display clamshell, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Won't Run on Power Adapter Alone Runs on battery but not on AC	Check for dirty or stuck pins on the MagSafe connectors, both on the AC adapter and the computer.
adapter only.	2. Verify AC adapter is connected to known-good wall outlet.
	3. Verify power cord or plug is properly attached to AC adapter and MagSafe cable and connector are not damaged.
	4. Reset SMC by pressing the (left) Shift-Control-Option(Alt) keys along with the power button once.

Check	Result	Action	Code
With battery removed, will a known-good AC adapter start	Yes	Replace user's AC adapter.	P14
up and run the system and show MagSafe LED status?	No	Verify seating of I/O board cable to logic board. Go to step 2.	
2. Does a known-good power adapter's LED light up either	Yes	SMC on logic board senses AC adapter. Go to step 3.	
green or orange/amber?	No	Troubleshoot I/O board. Go to step 4.	
3. Does the unit run on known-	Yes	Issued resolved.	X03
good AC adapter alone?	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Reseat I/O board cable to logic board. Connect known-good AC adapter. Does MagSafe LED light up either green or orange/amber?	Yes	Reseating cable resolved issue.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Verify power restored using a known-good I/O board and a	Yes	Replace I/O board. Go to step 6.	
known-good AC adapter. Does MagSafe LED light up either green or orange/amber?	No	Replace logic board.	M01



6. Power on logic board and	Yes	Issue resolved.	
verify system boot. Did computer succesffully start up?	No	Replace logic board.	M01

Power Adapter Issue

Unlikely cause: display clamshell, logic board, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Power Adapter Issue No power No power LED Non-operational Stuck /broken pin MRI test indicates a failed adapter or an AC issue with a caution symbol	 Connect AC adapter's MagSafe connector to the computer. The LED on the connector should be green or orange/amber. Verify power cord or duckhead is firmly attached to AC adapter. Check that duckhead is not damaged. Verify AC power source is supplying AC power. Check for dirty or stuck pins on the MagSafe connectors, both on the adapter and the computer. Reset SMC by pressing the (left) Shift-Control-Option(Alt) keys along with the power button
	once.

Check	Result	Action	Code
 Connect user's AC adapter to user's computer and verify MagSafe LED is green or orange/amber. 	Yes	SMC on logic board senses AC power and enabled power delivery to system. Go to step 4.	
	No	No LED indicator of power. Go to step 2.	

2.	2. Reset SMC. Verify power source and AC adapter, cord/duckhead are good. Check for contaminated or stuck MagSafe pins. Does MagSafe LED now show green or orange/amber status?	Yes	SMC reset restored use of AC adapterReleased MagSafe stuck pin -Cleaned MagSafe connector -Replaced defective power cord/duckhead -Damaged power cord/ duckhead Go to step 4.	P15 P16 X03 P16
		No	No LED indicator of power. Go to step 3.	
3.	3. Test user's AC adapter with known-good system. Verify green or orange/amber LED	Yes	User's AC adapter is good. Verify again on user's system. Go to step 4.	
	status and power supplied can boot known-good system.	No	No LED indicator of power. Replace AC adapter.	P15
4.	4. Verify user's AC adapter can power user's computer. When	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	power button pressed, are there indicators of startup such as boot chime, fan spin or video display?	No	User's computer will not power on. Go to No Power / Dead Unit.	

Battery Leaking or Swollen

Symptom	Quick Check
 Battery Leaking or Swollen Trackpad cannot be clicked Battery cells swollen Battery cells leaking Bottom case cannot be reinstalled 	 Check if the battery is covered under a repair extension program. Refer to kBase #CP165: Notebook Computer Battery and Adapter Screening Process and use "Battery pack is visibly deformed" case under section 2E. Use symptom code P13.



Uncategorized Symptom

Symptom	Quick Check	
Uncategorized SymptomUnable to locate appropriate symptom code	Verify whether existing symptom code applies to the issue reported by the user. If not, document reported symptom and send feedback to smfeedback2@apple.com stating that a suitable symptom code could not be found.	

Display

Blank / No Video, Unit Has Power

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
Blank / No Video, Unit Has Power	1. Check brightness setting.		
No backlight	 Reset PRAM to restore brightness to default level. Connect known-good supported external display 		
	and see if an image is visible on external display.4. Boot from original product OS installation media .		

Check	Result	Action	Code
Restart system and verify if boot chime is present. Reset	Yes	Go to step 3.	
SMC if necessary for proper startup. Is LCD video present?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Connect known-good external	Yes	Go to step 3.	
display. Verify if external display shows video on system boot.	No	Go to No Video / Bad Video (in Startup & Power chapter).	
3. Determine if issue is backlight or image display: - Backlight with no video can be seen in Apple logo on rear of display, or as a soft glow behind a black or solid color Image with no backlight can be seen by shining a lowheat light source onto display during or after boot.	Yes	Image, but no backlight. Go to <u>Backlight Issue / No</u> <u>Backlight</u> .	
	No	Backlight, but no video. Go to step 4.	
4. Reseat EDP (Embedded DisplayPort) cable from	Yes	Issue resolved.	
clamshell to logic board. Is image now visible?	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Test with a known-good display clamshell. Is image now visible on built-in display?	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L03
	No	Replace logic board.	M03

Backlight Issue / No Backlight

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 Backlight Issue / No Backlight Display not illuminated Flashing, unstable or non uniform background lighting Poor backlight at some or all settings 	 Reset PRAM to restore brightness to default level. Check that brightness setting steps gradually from off to minimum, up to maximum setting.

Check	Result	Action	Code
Clear PRAM to restore default brightness setting. Reset SMC if	Yes	Issue resolved.	
necessary for proper startup. Is backlight present?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Connect known-good external display. Adjust brightness	Yes	Issue resolved.	
control to maximum setting. Is backlight now present?	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Determine if issue is backlight or image display: - Backlight with no video can be seen in Apple logo on rear of display, or as a soft glow	Yes	Backlight, but no video. Go to <u>Blank / No Video, Unit</u> <u>Has Power</u> .	
behind a black or solid color Image with no backlight can be seen by shining a low- heat light source onto display during or after boot.	No	Image, but no backlight. Go to step 4.	
4. Reseat EDP (Embedded DisplayPort) cable from clamshell to logic board. Is backlight now present on built-in display?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Test with a known-good	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L09
display clamshell. Is image now visible on built-in display?	No	Replace logic board.	M25

Noise / Unstable Flickering

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
Noise / Unstable FlickeringImage flickerAudible noise	Verify known-good source sound file not causing speaker distortion.		

Che	eck	Result	Action	Code
,	Verify if user's issue is due to video flickering coming from	Yes	Suspected flickering issue, go to step 2.	
	display.	No	Audible noise issue, go to step 5.	
	Verify display listed in the System Profiler's Graphics/	Yes	Go to step 3.	
	Displays device tree is not disappearing intermittently (refresh System Profiler to observe).	No	Display is disappearing intermittently from System Profiler. Go to Blank / No Video, Unit Has Power.	
	3. Inspect and reseat EDP (Embedded DisplayPort) cable from clamshell to logic board and camera cable to I/O board. Also test if brightness setting is a contributing factor. Has flickering stopped?	Yes	Loose cable connection. Issue resolved.	
		No	Go to step 4.	
	Substitute a known-good	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L06
	display clamshell. Has flickering stopped?	No	Replace logic board.	M04
	5. Verify source of noise is electrical as opposed to mechanical. Audio noise should not be a concern now	Yes	Noises that are not audible from the normal user position are considered acceptable. Return unit to user.	
:	that LCD components are all solid state devices including LED backlights.	No	Noise from another source. Go to Noise/Hum/Vibration.	

Display Anomalies

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
Display AnomaliesIncorrect/missing colorsDistorted/blurred image	Allow display to reach normal operating temperature for about 1 minute before evaluating front-of-screen performance.		
Pixel anomaliesVertical/horizontal linesNon-uniform brightness	2. Check display preferences for use of custom display profile. Return to default Color LCD and default resolution.		
Image flickerImage persistence	3. Check brightness setting.4. Check for software updates.		
	5. Clean display while checking for dust/debris.		

Deep Dive: General

Check	Result	Action	Code
Verify if user's issue is incorrect/ missing colors.	Yes	Go to <u>Deep Dive: Incorrect/</u> <u>Missing Colors.</u>	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Verify if user's issue is distorted/blurred image.	Yes	Go to <u>Deep Dive: Distorted/</u> <u>Blurred Image</u> .	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Verify if user's issue is bright or dark pixel anomalies.	Yes	Go to <u>Deep Dive: Pixel</u> <u>Anomalies</u> .	
	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Verify if user's issue is vertical or horizontal lines.	Yes	Go to <u>Deep Dive: Vertical/</u> <u>Horizontal Lines.</u>	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Verify if user's issue is non-uniform brightness.	Yes	Go to <u>Deep Dive: Non-</u> <u>Uniform Brightness</u> .	
	No	LCD functioning OK.	

Deep Dive: Incorrect/Missing Colors

Check		Result	Action	Code
	1. In System Profiler's Graphics/ Displays device tree, is display	Yes	Go to step 3.	
	ed as "Color LCD"?	No	Go to step 2.	
Diag for L	2. Run Clamshell Service Diagnostic utility and check for LCD panel presence. If not found, reseat EDP (Embedded	Yes	Go to step 3.	
Disp boar	playPort) cable to logic rd. Is display now listed in tem Profiler?	No	Go to step 8.	
Disp disp	3. Verify System Preferences: Displays: Color is valid for display being tested. Display profile should be set to "Color LCD"; user may have created an off-color calibration setting.	Yes	If display profile is valid and the colors are still incorrect or missing, go to step 4.	
LCD		No	Set System Preferences: Displays: Color to "Color LCD" and retest.	
	fy that the LCD is free of taminants.	Yes	Go to step 5.	
COITE	tarrillarits.	No	Clean LCD panel. Retest.	
	desktop pattern in System erences to 'Solid Gray Light'.	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	fy if incorrect/missing color e affects entire display.	No	Go to step 7.	
	up user's display side	Yes	Go to step 7.	L02
disp Verif	ide with a known-good play showing same image. fy if issue is noticeably se on the unit under test.	No	Small variations in color uniformity are normal and do not warrant replacement or repair.	
	7. Substitute a known-good display clamshell to test logic board video output. Is normal video restored?	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L02
		No	Replace logic board.	M04

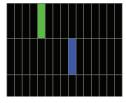


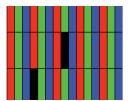




Check	Result	Action	Code
Sample image illustrates loss of EDP data signals to LCD or	Yes	Issue resolved.	
a defective LCD panel. Inspect & reseat EDP cable looking	No	Go to step 2.	
for damaged or bent pins. Is image restored to normal?		If logic board connector is damaged, replace logic board.	M24
2. Substitute a known-good display clamshell to test logic	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L04
board video output. Is normal video restored?	No	Replace logic board.	M04

Deep Dive: Pixel Anomalies





Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Determine if "defects" are dust/	Yes	Clean LCD.	
debris on surface of LCD panel.	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Determine if bright pixel defects exceed acceptable number. See kBase #HT1721:	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L08
About LCD display pixel anomalies	No	LCD meets bright pixel defect specifications. Go to step 3.	
3. Determine if dark pixel defects	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L08
exceed acceptable number. See kBase #HT1721: About LCD display pixel anomalies	No	LCD meets dark pixel defect specifications. Go to step 4.	
4. Determine if the combination	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L08
of bright/dark pixel defects exceed acceptable number. See kBase #HT1721: About LCD display pixel anomalies	No	Explain to user that LCD is within specifications. Do not replace display clamshell.	



Deep Dive: Vertical/Horizontal Lines





Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Horizontal lines may be related to a failing RAM. Verify if video issue only happens AFTER the	Yes	Issue only happens AFTER Apple logo and spinning gear appears. Go to step 2.	
Apple logo and spinning gear has appeared.	No	Issue happens since startup. Go to step 3.	
2. Start with shift key down (Safe Mode) to disable system	Yes	Go to step 3.	
extensions. Is normal video restored?	No	Go to step 4.	
3. System may have corrupt video drivers in OS. Boot from	Yes	Restore OS on internal drive. Issue resolved.	
known-good OS. Is normal video restored?	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Run Clamshell Service Diagnostic utility and check for LCD panel presence. If not found, reseat EDP (Embedded DisplayPort) cable to logic board. Is normal video restored?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Connect external compatible DisplayPort display (or DisplayPort adapter and display). Verify if correct video appears on external display.	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	No	Replace logic board.	M04
6. Substitute a known-good display clamshell. Is normal video restored?	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L05
	No	Replace logic board.	M04





Deep Dive: Non-Uniform Brightness

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Determine if brightness	Yes	Go to step 2.	
uniformity issue is visible after display has warmed up for about 1 minute.	No	Display backlight can take a minute to stabilize.	
2. Reseat EDP (Embedded DisplayPort) cable to logic board. Is normal brightness restored?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Determine if variation in uniformity appears excessive when compared to a knowngood similar unit.	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L07
	No	Explain to user that LCD appears to meet specifications.	

Defective Camera / Built-in iSight Not Operating Correctly

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 Defective Camera Camera not detected No green LED for camera Excessive blooming Poor white balance Poor focus Green image Image distortion 	 Verify computer has latest software updates. Verify camera lens is free of contaminants. Verify camera is present in System Profiler.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Launch System Profiler and confirm that "Built-in iSight" is listed in USB device tree.	Yes	Go to step 4.	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Inspect and reseat camera cable from clamshell to I/O board. Is iSight now listed in System Profiler?	Yes	Go to step 4.	
	No	Go to step 3.	

3. Reseat or try known-good I/O flex cable between I/O board and logic board. Inspect logic board, IO board, and I/O flex cable connectors for damaged pins. Is iSight now listed in System Profiler?	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Reseat camera cable to I/O board. Is iSight now listed in System Profiler?.	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Install known-good I/O board and connect cables. Is iSight now listed in System Profiler?	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	No	Go to step 7.	
6. Launch Photo Booth. Verify that camera's green LED is on and image appears normal.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 7.	
7. Substitute a known-good display clamshell. Is iSight camera operating properly?	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	X11
	No	Replace logic board.	

Cosmetic Defects

Symptom	Quick Check		
Cosmetic Defects Cracked LCD Scorched or melted LCD LCD impact damage	 Determine damage caused by user/technician environment, accidental damage, or abuse. Inform user/technician the failures are not covered by Apple warranties. Refer to http://www.apple.com/legal/warranty 		



Uncategorized Symptom

Symptom	Quick Check
Uncategorized SymptomUnable to locate appropriate symptom code	Verify whether existing symptom code applies to the issue reported by the user. If not, document reported symptom and send feedback to smfeedback2@apple.com stating that a suitable symptom code could not be found.

Mass Storage

Solid State Drive (SSD) Read/Write Issue

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check	
SSD Read/Write Issue Defective Formatting Issue Cannot save documents	 Boot from original product OS installation media. Verify S.M.A.R.T. status of internal SSD using Disk Utility. 	
Read/write error messageHang when accessing or saving data	 Repair Disk with Disk Utility. Erase SSD and reinstall Mac OS. 	

Check	Result	Action	Code
Start up from known-good original product OS installation	Yes	Go to step 2.	
media and launch Disk Utility. Can Disk Utility mount user's SSD? Reseat SSD if necessary.	No	Go to step 3.	
2. Did Disk Utility mount and repair user's SSD successfully?	Yes	Restart computer. Go to step 5.	
Reseat SSD if necessary.	No	Go to step 4.	
3. Substitute a known-good bootable SSD, does system start up to desktop?	Yes	Reinstall user's SSD. Go to step 4.	
	No	Replace logic board.	M19
4. Reinstall user's SSD card. Can	Yes	Go to step 2.	
Disk Utility partition & erase user's SSD?	No	Replace SSD.	H01
5. Restart computer.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 6.	H01
6. Partition, erase & install Mac OS on SSD. Did install complete	Yes	Issue resolved	
without error and start up successfully?	No	Replace SSD.	H01

Solid State Drive (SSD) Not Recognized/Not Mounting

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
SSD Not Recognized/Mount Drive No Boot Flashing question mark Boots to grey screen Boots to blue screen S.M.A.R.T. error MRI finds SSD not recognized	 Use a known-good mouse. Stuck mouse button will not allow boot. Boot from original product OS installation media. Verify S.M.A.R.T. status of internal SSD using Disk Utility. If flashing question mark appears with an external drive, press and hold Option (Alt) key at startup to check for a firmware password. Type password to start up from SSD drive, or refer to TS3554: MacBook Air (Late 2010): Recovering a lost firmware password. 		
	4. Repair Disk with Disk Utility.5. Erase SSD and reinstall Mac OS.		

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Start up from known-good original product OS installation media and launch Disk Utility. Is user's SSD available for Disk Utility to repair?	Yes	Go to step 2.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
2. Did Disk Utility mount and repair user's SSD successfully? Reseat SSD if necessary.	Yes	Restart computer. Go to step 5.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Substitute a known-good bootable SSD, does system start up to desktop?	Yes	Reinstall user's SSD. Go to step 4.	
	No	Replace logic board.	M19
4. Can Disk Utility mount and repair user's SSD?	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	No	Replace SSD. Go to step 6.	H01
5. Did user's SSD start up successfully?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Replace SSD. Go to step 6.	H01



6. Partition, erase & install Mac OS on SSD. Did install complete	Yes	Issue resolved	
without error and start up successfully?	No	Replace SSD.	H01



USB Optical Drive Read/Write Data Error

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone, top case

Symptom	Quick Check
 Symptom Optical Drive Read/Write Data Error Errors when reading optical media. Errors when writing optical media. Hang when accessing or preparing to write data. 	 Quick Check Test user's optical media in a similar known-good optical drive to rule out media issue. For write issues, test known-good optical media, that performs well in a similar known-good optical drive, in user's optical drive. Check both CD and DVD media. If only one type of media can be read or written this might indicate a laser issue. Check if user's USB optical drive functions with a known-good computer that supports a USB
	 a known-good computer that supports a USB optical drive. This would indicate users's optical drive is not causing the issue. 5. Check if a known-good USB optical drive will function with user's computer. This would indicate user's computer is not causing the issue. 6. If user's USB optical drive is not functioning, replace optical drive with code J03. If optical drive is damaged, use code J05.



USB Optical Drive Not Recognized/Mount

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone, top case

Symptom	Quick Check
Optical Drive Not Recognized/ Mount Discs inject and eject, but do not appear in Finder Discs auto-eject unexpectedly USB optical drive not recognized	 Check Finder Preferences: General and make sure "CD's, DVD's and iPods" is checked under "Show these items on the Desktop." Check if optical drive is listed in System Profiler USB device tree. Check if optical drive is recognized when connected to either left or right USB ports of user's computer. If one USB port works and the other doesn't, go to USB Port Does Not Recognize Devices symptom flow. Test user's USB optical drive with a known-good computer that supports a USB optical drive. This would indicate users's optical drive is not causing the issue. Test known-good USB optical drive with user's computer. This would indicate user's computer is not causing the issue. Check both CD and DVD media. If only one type of media is recognized, or if all discs auto-eject, this might indicate a laser issue. If user's USB optical drive is not functioning,
	replace optical drive.



SD Card Will Not Insert Into Slot

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 SD Card will not insert into slot SD card does not fully seat into the slot 	1. The SD memory card must be a 32 mm by 24 mm by 2.1 mm. You can also use thinner cards, such as MultiMediaCards (MMC).
	2. Clear any obstruction in the slot.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Check that a known-good SD card fits in slot.	Yes	Ask user to replace defective or out-of-spec SD card.	
	No	Loosen all logic board screws and insert known-good SD card again. Go to step 2.	
2. Does memory card now fit in SD slot?	Yes	Tighten back the logic board screws and go to step 3.	
	No	Replace logic board and retest.	M17
3. Does SD card now eject and insert without issue?	Yes	Issue resolved by logic board alignment.	
	No	Replace logic board.	M17



SD Card Not Recognized By System

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 SD Card not recognized by system Card does not show up on the desktop or in System Profiler 	1. Check correct drivers are installed for the user's SD card type. Standard SD memory cards are supported by Mac OS X, but other may require specific driver software to be used.
MRI reports SD not recognized	2. Verify with known good SD memory card if issue persists.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Does SD card insert correctly	Yes	Go to step 2.	
into slot?	No	Go to SD Card Will Not Insert Into Slot	
2. Does SD card show up on the	Yes	Go to step 3.	
desktop or in System Profiler?	No	Check that a known-good SD card can read and write correctly on system. If yes, redirect user to SD card vendor for faulty/unsupported card. If no, replace logic board for damaged SD card slot.	M17
3. Unlock user's SD card by	Yes	System is functional.	
moving the write-protect swich. Can SD card now be read/written on system?	No	Check that a known-good SD card can read and write correctly on system. If yes, redirect user to SD card vendor for faulty/unsupported card. If no, replace logic board for damaged SD card slot.	M17



Uncategorized Symptom

Symptom	Quick Check
Uncategorized SymptomUnable to locate appropriate symptom code	Verify whether existing symptom code applies to the issue reported by the user. If not, document reported symptom and send feedback to smfeedback2@apple.com stating that a suitable symptom code could not be found.

Communications

USB Ethernet Issue

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone, top case

Symptom	Quick Check
 USB Ethernet Issue No Ethernet device present Unable to access network resources Ethernet device shows no connection 	 Go to System Preferences: Network and verify if Ethernet device is recognized and if it has an assigned IP address. Check that USB Ethernet adapter, Ethernet cable, and Ethernet hub are securely connected and free of dust, debris or damage.
 Ethernet device unable to get an IP address Slow network performance 	3. Check if Ethernet adapter is recognized when connected to either left or right USB ports of user's computer. If one USB port works and the other doesn't, go to USB Port Does Not Recognize Devices symptom flow.
	4. Verify network functionality with a known-good system. Isolate firewall, MAC address filtering or hardware access control devices.
	5. Test user's USB Ethernet adapter with a knowngood computer that supports a USB Ethernet adapter.
	6. Test known-good USB Ethernet adapter with user's computer.
	7. Try a known-good Ethernet cable – CAT5 or better recommended for 100Mbps+ connections.
	8. Ensure distance from networking infrastructure is less than 300 feet / 105 meters.
	Check system logs. Isolate OS by starting up from original product OS installation media.
	10. If user's USB Ethernet adapter is not functioning, replace Ethernet adapter with code N19.



AirPort/Bluetooth: Defective Wireless Devices



Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, fan, LIO board, speakers, microphone, top case

Caution: When testing an AirPort card connection, wait at least 15 seconds after shutdown and battery removal before removing antennas or AirPort/Bluetooth card from the logic board. Waiting less than that could damage the AirPort/Bluetooth card.

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
AirPort or Bluetooth: Defective Wireless Devices Unable to join networks or pair devices Card not available or recognized Intermittent device or connection dropouts MRI reports AirPort or Bluetooth issue	 Open System Preferences and make sure AirPort or Bluetooth is turned on and (for AirPort) that a network is selected. Verify that correct OS is installed and all software and firmware updates have been run. Check that base station is not using unsupported connection and encryption protocols. Check for nearby interference sources such as microwave ovens or cordless phones. See kBase #HT1365: AirPort and Bluetooth: Potential sources of interference for wireless devices and networks Check the number of users trying to use AirPort in the area for possible network congestion. Isolate OS by booting from original product OS installation media. Attempt to connect to wireless network (AirPort) or pair with wireless input device (Bluetooth). Reset PRAM. 		

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Open System Profiler, check to see if AirPort and Bluetooth are recognized. Run Clamshell Service Diagnostic or MRI and check for all devices' presence.	Yes	(AirPort) Ensure MAC address filtering is not enabled on the base station. Go to step 2. (Bluetooth) Ensure target devices are set to discoverable.	
	No	AirPort and/or Bluetooth not recognized. Go to step 4.	

2. (AirPort) Put unit to sleep and then wake it up. Is AirPort still recognized?	Yes	AirPort recognized. Intermittent issue not replicated. Continue testing and get more info from user.	
	No	AirPort not recognized. Go to step 3.	
3. Reseat AirPort/Bluetooth card	Yes	Loose logic board connection.	N04
to logic board. Retest and verify if issue is resolved.	No	AirPort issue, go to step 4; Bluetooth issue, go to step 7.	
4. (AirPort) Verify antenna connections to AirPort card are not reversed or loose. Reseat antenna cable connections. Note: To minimize reassembly between troubleshooting steps, leave clutch barrel off, attach clamshell to top case using 1 clutch screw on each side, and connect an external display, keyboard and mouse.	Yes	Loose connections or crossed antenna.	N04
	No	If connectors are secure, antenna connections not reversed and show no signs of damage or wear, go to step 5.	
5. (AirPort) Try a known-good AirPort card. Retest then close & open display to exercise a sleep/wake cycle and verify if issue is resolved.	Yes	Replace AirPort card. Verify repair by testing after a sleepwake cycle.	N12
	No	Reinstall original AirPort card. Go to step 6.	
6. (AirPort) Try a known-good display clamshell if available. Retest then close & open display to exercise a sleep/wake cycle and verify if issue is resolved.	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L16
	No	Reinstall original display clamshell. Replace logic board.	M11
7. (Bluetooth) Enable Bluetooth and try a known-good AirPort/ Bluetooth card. Retest and	Yes	Replace AirPort/Bluetooth card.	N15
verify if issue is resolved.	No	Go to step 8.	
8. (Bluetooth) Try a known-good	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L16
display clamshell. Retest and verify if issue is resolved.	No	Replace logic board.	M11

No/Poor Wireless Signal

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, fan, LIO board, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check			
 No/Poor Wireless Signal Unable to find networks Intermittent connection dropouts Slow transfer speeds 	 Check for nearby interference sources such as microwave ovens and cordless phones. See kBase #HT1365: AirPort and Bluetooth: Potential sources of interference for wireless devices and networks Check that computer is within base station range; try moving closer to base station. Base station checks: Base station is not set to low-power transmission mode Base station is not using unsupported connection and encryption protocols Check for possible Wi-Fi channel overlap (nearby base stations using adjacent channel) Isolate OS by booting from original product OS installation media. Attempt to connect to base station. 			

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Open System Profiler and check to see if AirPort Extreme card is recognized under Network: AirPort.	Yes	Make sure all AirPort software and firmware updates have been applied. Ensure base station is not using MAC address filtering or creating a hidden network.	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Verify AirPort card antenna connections and reseat if loose or reversed. Is issue resolved?	Yes	Issue resolved by antenna reseat.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Try a known-good AirPort/ Bluetooth card. Is issue resolved?	Yes	Replace AirPort/Bluetooth card.	N15
	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Try a known-good display clamshell. Is issue resolved?	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L16
	No	Replace logic board.	M11



AirPort Card: Kernel Panic

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, fan, LIO board, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 AirPort Card: Kernel Panic Kernel panic on boot Kernel panic or freezing while attempting to connect to wireless networks Kernel panic while transferring data on wireless networks. 	 Isolate OS by booting from original product OS installation media. Attempt to connect to wireless network. Use Software Update to make sure all AirPort software and firmware updates have been applied.

Check	Result	Action	Code
Ensure MAC address filtering is not enabled on the base	Yes	Software issue.	
station. Is kernel panic resolved?	No	Go to <u>AirPort/Bluetooth:</u> <u>Defective Wireless Devices.</u>	

Wireless Performance Issue / Slow Connection

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, fan, LIO board, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
Wireless Performance Issue / Slow Connection • Slow or stalled data transfers • Intermittent connection dropouts	 Check for nearby interference sources such as microwave ovens or cordless phones. See kBase #HT1365: "AirPort and Bluetooth: Potential sources of interference for wireless devices and networks") (AirPort) Check the number of users trying to use AirPort in the area for possible network congestion. Move computer closer to base station. (Bluetooth) Move devices closer together. Check wireless network performance with a known-good computer. (AirPort) Wireless base station checks: a. Base station is not set to low-power transmission mode. b. Base station is not set to a slower protocol mode (802.11b). c. Check for possible Wi-Fi channel overlap (nearby base stations using adjacent channel). Isolate OS by booting from original product OS installation media. Attempt to connect to base station (AirPort) or pair with wireless keyboard (Bluetooth) Use Software Update to make sure all AirPort and Bluetooth software and firmware updates have been applied. 		

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Inspect AirPort and Bluetooth	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L14
antenna cables. Are cables damaged?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Turn off Bluetooth. Refer to kBase #TS1809: MacBook Air: Optimizing AirPort performance while using Bluetooth Is issue resolved?	Yes	Possible AirPort interference from Bluetooth card. Change AirPort base station channel.	N06
	No	Go to AirPort/Bluetooth: Defective Wireless Devices.	

Bluetooth Wireless Input Device Loses Connection

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, fan, LIO board, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Wireless Input Device Loses Connection Bluetooth keyboard, mouse or trackpad loses connection	 Check Bluetooth wireless input device has fully charged batteries. Verify computer has latest software updates. Use Bluetooth Service Diagnostic to verify Bluetooth channels and wireless input device functionality.

Check	Result	Action	Code
System Profiler should list Bluetooth radio device under	Yes	Go to step 2.	
system hardware. Is Bluetooth device available?	No	Go to step 5.	
Verify System Preferences has a Bluetooth control panel. Ensure Bluetooth is on and	Yes	Choose known-good device and establish a connection. Go to step 3.	
device is discoverable. Are there any devices listed in pairing window?	No	Go to step 5.	
3. Ensure a known-good Bluetooth device is on, in close range and in discoverable mode. Is computer pairing with known-good device?	Yes	Pairing verified, connect with user's device, go to step 4.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
4. Is computer pairing with user's Bluetooth device?	Yes	Connection established, continue testing for connection loss, go to step 7.	
	No	Check for software updates for both computer & device.	K07
5. Run MRI or Clamshell Service Diagnostic utility and check for all devices' presence. If not found, reseat AirPort/Bluetooth card on logic board. Is the Bluetooth radio present, on and pairing with a known- good device?	Yes	Issue resolved.	N04
	No	Go to step 6.	



6. Install and test a known-good AirPort/Bluetooth card. Is the Bluetooth radio present, on	Yes	Replace AirPort/Bluetooth card.	N18
and pairing with a known- good device?	No	Replace logic board.	M11
7. Use Bluetooth Service Diagnostic to actively test a known-good Bluetooth device and determine if there is a disconnect. Do not allow computer to sleep during this test. Is link lost during test?	Yes	Check for software update, 2.4 GHz interference or device low battery. Go to step 8.	
	No	Known-good device passed, test with user's Bluetooth device.	
8. Boot from original product OS installation media and test Bluetooth device to see if wireless still disconnects.	Yes	Bluetooth disconnection appears to be hardware-related. Go to step 9.	
	No	Restore user's OS.	
9. Try known-good AirPort/ Bluetooth card. Is issue resolved?	Yes	Replace AirPort/Bluetooth card.	N15
	No	Go to step 10.	
10. Try known-good display clamshell. Is issue resolved?	Yes	Replace display clamshell.	L16
	No	Replace logic board.	M11

Bluetooth Wireless Input Device Doesn't Pair

Unlikely cause: battery, power adapter, SSD, fan, LIO board, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
Wireless Input Device Doesn't Pair	 Check System Preferences: Bluetooth is turned on and discoverable. 		
System does not recognize Bluetooth input device	2. Check Bluetooth device has fully charged batteries.		
	3. Ensure computer has the latest software updates.		
	4. If Bluetooth devices pairs with no issues at service location, probe about potential interference issue at user's site.		

Ch	neck	Result	Action	Code
 System Profiler should list Bluetooth radio device under system hardware. Is Bluetooth 	Yes	Bluetooth radio present, verify Bluetooth preference settings, go to step 2.		
	device available?	No	Go to step 5.	
2.	Verify System Preferences has a Bluetooth control panel. Ensure Bluetooth is on and	Yes	Choose known-good device and establish a connection. Go to step 3.	
	device is discoverable. Are there any devices listed in pairing window?	No	Go to step 5.	
3.	3. Ensure a known-good Bluetooth device is on, in close range and discoverable mode, Is system pairing with known- good device?	Yes	Pairing verified, connect with user's device, go to step 4.	
		No	Go to step 5.	
4.	Is Bluetooth pairing with user's Bluetooth device?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	Bluetooth device?	No	Check for software updates.	
5.	5. Run MRI or Clamshell Service Diagnostic utility and check for all devices' presence. If	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	not found, reseat AirPort/ Bluetooth card to logic board. Is the Bluetooth radio present, on and pairing with a known- good device?	No	Go to step 6.	



6. Install and test a known-good AirPort/Bluetooth card. Is the Bluetooth radio present, on and pairing with a known-good device?	Yes	Replace AirPort/Bluetooth card.	N16
	No	Replace logic board. Go to step 7.	M11
7. With the logic board replacement, is the Bluetooth now pairing?	Yes	Issue resolved with logic board replacement.	
	No	Replace display clamshell.	L16

Uncategorized Symptom

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check	
Uncategorized SymptomUnable to locate appropriate symptom code	Verify whether existing symptom code applies to the issue reported by the user. If not, document reported symptom and send feedback to smfeedback2@apple.com stating that a suitable symptom code could not be found.	

Input/Output Devices

USB Port Does Not Recognize Devices

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
USB Port does not recognize devices USB wired keyboard or mouse not recognized USB flash drive not recognized MRI reported a USB issue	 Check for software updates. Use System Profiler to verify computer recognizes USB bus. Test port with known-good Apple USB keyboard or USB mouse. Verify any USB hubs have sufficient power.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Reset SMC and PRAM. Is USB	Yes	Issue resolved.	
device recognized?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Is USB device receiving power from USB port? Note: first device to need >500ma will	Yes	Go to step 4.	
get 1000ma, all others are limited to ≤500ma.	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Does issue pertain to left USB	Yes	Go to step 5.	
port only?	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Is the latest Mac-compatible	Yes	Replace logic board.	M15
USB software driver for this USB device installed?	No	Obtain Mac-compatible USB driver.	
5. Left USB uses a flex cable from logic board to I/O board. Reseat I/O flex cable and/or test with known-good I/O flex cable. Is left USB restored?	Yes	Reseat cable restored USB. Replace flex cable if needed.	X03
	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Install known-good I/O board	Yes	Replace I/O board.	M15
and test if USB is restored.	No	Replace logic board.	M15

Built-in Keyboard Does Not Work Properly

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
Built-in Keyboard Does Not Work Properly Keystrokes not recognized Keyboard locks up	 In System Preferences: International: Input Menu, enable Keyboard Viewer. Select Show Keyboard Viewer from Input Menu in menu bar. Test keyboard. 		
Displayed characters don't	2. Confirm correct keyboard layout is selected.		
match what is typed	3. Check for software or firmware updates.		
	4. Press Caps Lock to see if light comes on, which would indicate at least a partial connection to logic board.		

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. If specific keys are not working, confirm if they are physically broken.	Yes	Refer to <u>kBase #HT4002:</u> <u>MacBook/MacBook Pro:</u> <u>Black Keycap Replacement.</u> Replace affected key(s).	
		If keycap replacement is not available, replace top case.	K01
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Is keyboard visible in System Profiler > USB? It should	Yes	Go to step 6.	
be listed as "Apple Internal Keyboard / Trackpad"	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Reseat keyboard flex cable to trackpad, and IPD flex	Yes	Issue resolved.	
cable to trackpad and logic board. Verify that cables are fully seated and locked into connectors. Is issue resolved?	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Try known-good IPD flex cable. Is issue resolved?	Yes	Replace IPD flex cable.	X03
is issue resolved!	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Try known-good trackpad and	Yes	Replace trackpad.	
known-good IPD flex cable. Is issue resolved?	No	Replace logic board.	



6. Reseat keyboard flex cable to	Yes	Issue resolved.	
trackpad. Is issue resolved?	No	Replace top case.	K01

Keyboard: Specific Keys Don't Work

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
 Specific Keys Don't Work Keycap broken Key switch mechanism broken Sticky key Key pressed not recognized Liquid spill indicator activated 	 Determine if key damage caused by user/technician environment, accidental damage, or abuse. Inform user/technician the failures are not covered by Apple warranties. Refer to http://www.apple.com/legal/warranty Inspect keycap to remove debris trapped under it. If the keycap is loose, check if clasp and scissor mechanism are still intact and reattach it. 		
	5. Refer to kBase #HT4002: MacBook/MacBook Pro: Black Keycap Replacement. If a keycap kit is available for this model, order kit and replace affected key(s). If a kit is not available, replace complete top case (code K17).		

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Single key problems are typically key scissor or single switch related. Multiple keys related by row or column are related by shortin or open scan signals to keyboard controller.	Yes	Go to step 3.	
Shorts can occur with liquid spills. Opens can occur with flex cable connection to trackpad. Are multiple keys involved?	No	Go to step 2.	



2. Single key repair. Inspect key switch by removing keycap and scissor set. Does key dome and switch work when pressed?	Yes	Replace keycap and/or scissor set.	
	No	Replace top case.	K01
3. Inspect liquid contact indicators for activated sensors on top case, trackpad and logic board. Are there are any activated sensors?	Yes	Not covered by warranty.	
	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Is key issue affecting a specific row or column of keys?	Yes	Go to step 5.	
	No	All keys are nonfunctional. Go to <u>Built-in Keyboard Does</u> <u>Not Work Properly</u> to ensure trackpad controller is not part of the issue.	
5. Inspect and reseat keyboard flex cable to trackpad to determine if cable contact can be restored to bring back missing row or column. Did reseat fix multiple key issue?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Replace top case.	K01

Built-in Trackpad Does Not Work

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
 Built-in Trackpad Does Not Work Cursor does not move Clicking does not work Multi-touch does not work MRI lists trackpad as not recognized Keyboard and trackpad both not working 	 Check for environmental factors such as humidity, hand lotion or jewelry. Check if user might be touching the trackpad simultaneously with both hands. (Two-hand touch is not like two-finger touch.) Clean the trackpad surface (with computer powered off) using a clean, dry, lint-free cloth. Make sure all software and firmware updates have been applied. Verify if trackpad is continuously listed on USB in Apple System Profiler. 		

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Can you see the trackpad	Yes	Go to step 5.	
continuously listed on USB in Apple System Profiler?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Does trackpad or IPD flex cable connector on trackpad look damaged? Also inspect keyboard flex cable to trackpad connector for damage.	Yes	Replace trackpad according to symptom found: - No trackpad response - Trackpad cursor not tracking properly - Trackpad button issues - Damaged trackpad - Damaged keyboard flex cable connector Go to step 6.	K02 K12 K13 K16 K11
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Reseat IPD flex cable to logic board and trackpad. Verify that IPD flex cable is in good	Yes	Reseating cable resolved issue.	
condition (no delamination or torn cable ends, no missing or cracked tracks). Does trackpad work now?	No	Replace IPD flex cable. Go to step 4.	X03
4. Is IPD flex cable connector on	Yes	Replace logic board.	M24
logic board damaged?	No	Go to step 5.	
5. In System Preferences: Universal Access, turn off special Keyboard and Mouse & Trackpad settings. Set for normal use, enable and test multi-touch features. Does trackpad work now?	Yes	Settings issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Does trackpad click properly?	Yes	All trackpad issues resolved.	
Verify trackpad alignment.	No	Go to step 7.	
7. Does a known-good trackpad work?	Yes	Replace trackpad according to symptom found. - No trackpad response - Trackpad cursor not tracking properly - Trackpad button issues - Damaged trackpad	K02 K12 K13 K16
	No	Replace logic board.	M16

Built-in Keyboard Is Not Recognized

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Built-in Keyboard Is Not Recognized • Keystrokes not recognized	 Reset SMC. Press Caps Lock. If the Caps Lock light comes on that indicates at least a partial connection to the logic board.
	3. In System Preferences: International: Input Menu, enable Keyboard Viewer. Select Show Keyboard Viewer from the Input Menu in the menu bar. Test the keyboard.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. In Apple System Profiler is "Apple Internal Keyboard/	Yes	Go to step 3.	
Trackpad" listed under USB hardware devices?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Reset SMC and verify if Apple Internal Keyboard/Trackpad is	Yes	Go to step 3.	
now seen in the USB devices list of Apple System Profiler.	No	Replace logic board.	M15
3. Reseat IPD flex cable to logic board and trackpad. Verify that IPD flex cable is in good condition (no delamination or torn cable ends, no missing or cracked tracks). Does keyboard function properly now?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Replace IPD flex cable. Go to step 4.	Х03
4. Verify that flex cable is fully inserted into connectors on logic board and trackpad, that connectors are not damaged, and that connector locks are closed. Does keyboard function properly now?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	If damaged connector on trackpad, replace trackpad. Otherwise, replace top case. Go to step 5.	K04 K11
5. Verify that all keys are	Yes	Issue resolved.	
functional using ASD or Keyboard Viewer.	No	Replace logic board.	M15

Built-in Trackpad Does Not Track Properly

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
Built-in Trackpad Does Not Track Properly Cursor movement is random,	1. Check for environmental factors such as humidity, hand lotion or jewelry. Check if user is touching the trackpad simultaneously with both hands.		
uneven, or jumpy. Cursor hangs or stalls along path.	 Clean the trackpad surface (with the computer off) using a clean, dry, lint free cloth. Make sure all software and firmware updates have 		
	been applied.4. If the issue occurs when system is running from the power adapter, use a grounded power cord with the power adapter.		

Check	Result	Action	Code
Can you see the trackpad continuously listed under USB	Yes	Trackpad communicating to system. Go to step 5.	
in Apple System Profiler?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Is the trackpad damaged?	Yes	Replace trackpad. Go to step 6.	K04
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Reseat IPD flex cable at	Yes	Reseating cable resolved issue.	
trackpad and logic board. Does trackpad work now?	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Is IPD flex cable connector on trackpad or logic board damaged?	Yes	Replace the affected part: - trackpad - logic board	K02 M24
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. In System Preferences: Universal Access, turn off special Keyboard and Mouse & Trackpad settings. Does trackpad work now?	Yes	Settings issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 6.	

6. Are trackpad flexure grounding clips touching trackpad contact surfaces?	Yes	Go to step 7.	
	No	Replace grounding clips (or trackpad)	
7. Does a known-good trackpad work?	Yes	Replace trackpad according to symptom found. - No trackpad response - Trackpad cursor not tracking properly - Trackpad button issues	K02 K12 K13
	No	Replace logic board.	M16

Built-in Speaker Has No Audio

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check			
Built-in Speaker Has No Audio Can't hear any audio from	Make sure all software updates have been applied.			
within the machine.	2. Check in System Preferences: Sound: Output that sound output is set to "Internal Speakers".			
	3. Use the F12 volume key to set the sound to maximum.			
	4. Reset PRAM.			

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Check System Preferences: Sound: Output and verify that no external speakers, "Digital Out," or headphones are being reported connected when there is none present.	Yes	Audio-out port is not damaged. Go to step 3.	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. With known-good headphone or speakers, plug in the audio output jack for several cycles. Verify that you get audio through external headphones/ speakers when connected.	Yes	Go to step 3.	
	No	Go to step 4.	

3. Remove headphones from audio output jack. Verify that	Yes	Issue resolved.	
you now get audio through internal speakers.	No	Go to step 4.	
4. With headhpones removed, does System Profiler report "digital audio out" for output?	Yes	Replace logic board.	M09
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. With audio out set to internal speakers, is audio coming from one or both speakers?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Are speakers or speaker cables damaged?	Yes	Replace affected speaker(s).	X08
	No	Replace logic board.	M09

Internal Speaker Has Distorted Sound

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Internal Speaker Has Distorted Sound • Distorted audio	 Reset PRAM. Adjust sound output and level in System Preferences: Sound: Output, and use the Balance to locate left or right speaker distortion source. Compare the same sound and same settings against another unit to make sure the sound is actually distorting.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Comparing internal speakers with headphones, is the distortion on both headphones and speakers?	Yes	Audio source or gain issue. Reset PRAM, adjust sound level in System Preferences: Sound: Output, and retest with known-good audio source and external speakers. Go to step 5.	
	No	Internal speaker issue. Go to step 2.	

2. Use the Sound Output system preference to test the left and right speakers. Are both speakers free of distortion, sounding clear and loud?	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Adjust volume to test full range of volume settings. Go to step 3.	
3. Is affected speaker cable	Yes	Go to step 4.	
properly inserted and free from damage?	No	Reseat speaker cable or replace damaged speaker. Go to step 5.	X09
4. Is affected speaker membrane	Yes	Go to step 5.	
free from dust or debris, and speaker membrane is not deformed/damaged?	No	Clean any dust or debris. Go to step 5. If membrane is damaged, replace the bad speaker(s).	X09
5. Verify that speaker enclosure is not damaged, correctly installed in system, and does not create unneeded vibration when sound is played.	Yes	Speaker housing and installation is good. Go to step 6.	
	No	Properly install or replace affected speaker. Go to step 6.	
6. Verify that internal speakers	Yes	Issue resolved.	X09
no longer produce distorted sound.	No	Replace logic board.	M09

External Display Port Has No Audio

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 External Display Port Has No Audio Built-in Intel Hi Def Audio Controller missing from system profiler: Audio HDMI - Display Port not listed under Intel HDA in system profiler. No sound for external monitor using HDMI adapter 	 Make sure all software updates have been applied and user is not booted from an earlier version of OS. Verify with system profiler that built-in shows there is an Intel Hi Def Audio controller present. Exercise sound out to external monitor via HDMI adapter.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Confirm Intel Hi Def Audio (HDA) Controller is recognized in system profiler Audio (Built In). Is Intel HDA present with	Yes	Go to step 2.	
internal microphone listed as the audio device?	No	Go to No Audio From Any Source	
2. HDMI Display Port for audio	Yes	Issue resolved	
out to external monitor is an automatic OS configuration listed in Sound: Output in system preference with connection to a HDMI compatible monitor. Is sound from system heard on external monitor?	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Inspect external display port on logic board for connector damage; then test with a	Yes	Replace HDMI adapter. Replace logic board with damaged connector.	X03 M24
known-good HDMI adapter. Does external monitor play movie or iTunes audio?	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Inspect I/O flex cable, logic board and I/O board connectors while reseating	Yes	Issue resolved by reseating I/O flex cable	X03
I/O flex cable and testing with known good HDMI adapter. Does external monitor play movie or iTunes audio?	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Install and test a known good I/O flex cable and known good HDMI adapter. Does external	Yes	Replace defective I/O flex cable	Х03
monitor play movie or iTunes audio?	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Install and test a known	Yes	Replace defective I/O board	M09
good I/O Board with known good I/O flex cable and HDMI adapter. Does external monitor play movie or iTunes audio?	No	Replace logic board	M09

Internal Microphone Has No Audio

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Internal Microphone Has No Audio Built-in Intel Hi Def Audio Controller missing from system profiler: Audio Internal microphone not listed under Intel HDA in system profiler. No sound recording level using system preferences: Sound: Input: Built in Internal Mic with Input Volume greater than 50%	 Make sure all software updates have been applied and user is not booted from an earlier version of OS. Verify with system profiler that built-in shows there is an Intel Hi Def Audio controller present. Exercise microphone input sound level using system preferences, selecting input from internal microphone.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Confirm Intel Hi Def Audio (HDA) Controller is recognized in system profiler Audio (Built In). Is Intel HDA present with	Yes	Go to step 2.	
internal microphone listed as the audio device?	No	Go to No Audio From Any Source	
2. Selecting internal microphone as input device in system preferences and adjusting input level to a usable level greater than 50%, does microphone show recording levels with speech or palm rest tapping?	Yes	Issue resolved, sound recording levels indicate microphone provides sound input.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Inspect internal microphone cable connection on I/O Board. Look for broken microphone	Yes	Replace microphone. Replace I/O board.	X03 M24
leads or broken connector latch. Are there loose or broken wire connector or connections to microphone?	No	Go to step 4.	



4. Connect a known-good internal microphone to I/O Board and test audio in with system preferences. Is microphone use restored using the known-good microphone?	Yes	Replace internal microphone.	Х03	
	No	Go to step 5.		
connectors while reseating	5. Inspect I/O flex cable, logic board, and I/O board connectors while reseating I/O	Yes	Issue resolved by reseating I/O flex cable.	
flex cable and testing known good microphone assembly. Is microphone use restored using the known good microphone?	No	Go to step 6.		
I/O flex cable and known	6. Install and test a known-good I/O flex cable and known-good	Yes	Replace defective I/O flex cable.	X03
microphone. Is micropho use restored using the kr good I/O flex cable and k good microphone?	nown	No	Go to step 7.	
7. Install and test a known good I/O board with kno	The state of the s	Yes	Replace defective I/O board.	M09
good I/O flex cable and microphone. Is micropho use restored using the kr good I/O board, flex cabl microphone?	nown	No	Replace logic board.	M09

External Microphone Has No Audio

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
External Microphone Has No Audio • Built-in Intel Hi Def Audio	 Make sure all software updates have been applied and user is not booted from an earlier version of OS.
Controller missing from system profiler: Audio External microphone not listed under Intel HDA in system profiler. No sound recording level using	 Verify with system profiler that built-in shows there is an Intel Hi Def Audio controller present. Exercise microphone input sound level using system preferences, selecting input from external microphone plugged into headphone jack.
system preferences: Sound: Input: Built in External Mic with Input Volume greater than 50%	

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Confirm Intel Hi Def Audio (HDA) Controller is recognized in system profiler Audio (Built In). Is Intel HDA present with internal microphone listed as the audio device?	Yes	Go to step 2.	
	No	Go to No Audio From Any Source	
2. Selecting external microphone as input device in system preferences and adjusting input level to a usable level greater than 50%, does microphone show recording levels with speech or headset microphone tapping?	Yes	Issue resolved, sound recording levels indicate microphone provides sound input.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Inspect headset microphone cable and full insertion into headphone jack. Are there	Yes	Replace microphone headset assembly.	X03
pinched or broken wire connections to microphone/ switch?	No	Go to step 4.	

4. Connect a known good iPhone style microphone/ switch headset and test audio	Yes	Replace headset assembly	X03	
r	in with system preferences. Is microphone use restored using the known good mic-headset assembly?	No	Go to step 5.	
a N	Use the known good headset and inspect I/O flex cable, MLB and I/O Board connectors	Yes	Issue resolved by reseating I/O flex cable.	
while reseating I/O flex cable and testing known good microphone assembly. Is microphone use restored using the known good mic-headset assembly?	No	Go to step 6.		
I,	5. Install and test a known good I/O flex cable and known	Yes	Replace defective I/O flex cable.	X03
r t	good mic-headset assembly. Is microphone use restored using the known good I/O flex cable and known good mic-headset assembly?	No	Go to step 7.	
	7. Install and test a known good I/O Board with known good I/O flex cable and microphone. Is microphone use restored using the known good I/O Board, flex cable and micheadset assembly?	Yes	Replace defective I/O board.	M09
l, l: L		No	Replace logic board.	M09

No Audio from Any Source

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
No Audio from Any Source • Missing Built in Intel Hi Def Audio Controller in system	Make sure all software updates have been applied and user is not booted from an earlier version of OS.
profiler: Audio • Lost audio devices:	2. Verify with system profiler that built-in shows there is an Intel Hi Def Audio controller present.
 internal microphone speaker headphone external headset 	3. Exercise some audio source to headphone or iPhone headset.
microphone & controls • HDMI audio via external display port	

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. No audio from internal microphone, built in speakers, line in, headphone jack (ext mic with controls) or external display port to monitor is a good indicator Hi Def Audio (HDA) controller is not seen by logic board. Using system profiler, is Intel HDA controller present under Audio (Built In)?	Yes	Go to step 5.	
	No	Go to step 2	
2. Inspect I/O flex cable and logic board/ I/O Board connections for damage and reset connections at both ends of flex cable. Is there any damage found on connector or cable?	Yes	Replace damaged I/O flex cable. Replace damaged logic board Replace damaged I/O Board	X03 M09 M09
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Install and test a known good I/O flex cable? Is Intel HDA controller now present for	Yes	Replace I/O flex cable.	Х03
Audio (Built In) in system profiler?	No	Go to step 4.	



4. Install and test a known good I/O Board using known good I/O flex cable. Is Intel HDA controller now present for Audio (Built In) in system profiler?	Yes	Replace I/O board.	M09
	No	Replace logic board.	M09
5. Is audio not working for headphone or built in speakers?	Yes	Go to <u>Built in Speaker Has No</u> <u>Audio</u>	
	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Is audio not working for internal microphone?	Yes	Go to <u>Internal Microphone</u> <u>Has No Audio</u>	
	No	Go to step 7.	
7. Is audio not working for external microphone and	Yes	Go to External Microphone Has No Audio	
sound control?	No	Go to step 8.	
8. Is audio not working for external display port and HDMI cable	Yes	Go to External Display Port Has No Audio Out	
	No	All possible audio channels are verified with steps above. Contact Apple with feed back should you still have an audio concern.	



Uncategorized Symptom

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Uncategorized SymptomUnable to locate appropriate symptom code	Verify whether existing symptom code applies to the issue reported by the customer. If not, document reported symptom and send feedback to smfeedback2@apple.com stating that a suitable symptom code could not be found.

Mechanical/Enclosure

Noise / Hum / Vibration

Unlikely cause: display clamshell, battery, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 Noise / Hum / Vibration Computer or AC adapter emits a noise or vibration. 	 Verify and reproduce the source of the noise from the computer or AC adapter with the user. If the AC adapter is the source of the noise disconnect and try a known-good AC adapter (a small amount of hum or vibration is normal with AC adapters).

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Does use of a known-good AC	Yes	Replace AC adapter.	P04
adapter eliminate the noise/ vibration?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Verify if noise is heard through	Yes	Go to step 3.	
built-in speakers and/or headphones?	No	Go to step 4.	
3. Disconnect any peripheral devices and cables attached to the unit. Did the noise	Yes	Check for possible ground loop. Verify all devices use a grounded AC cord.	
disappear?	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Locate source of the noise. Is the noise from the audio circuit? Adjust volume and mute audio, test with headphones, to determine source. Is noise audio-related?	Yes	Two possible reasons: -amplified power switching -audio feedback or two audio sources or outputs enabled	
	No	Go to step 5.	

5. Is the noise coming from the fan?	Yes	The fan generally runs in a slow mode, but may accelerated when intensive processing is required (calculation, 3D gaming, or screen saver animation). If still beyond expected sound level, check for mechanical interference with fan (foam, bracket, shield) before replacing a noisy fan.	X23
	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Noise may be related to interference from other electrical devices operating near the computer, or on the same AC power source. Verify if noise is gone when operating	Yes	Perhaps operating the unit with a surge suppressor will eliminate or reduce the noise. Change location of use or limit use of other device that is inducing the noise.	
in a different location on a different AC circuit.	No	Replace logic board.	M99

Burnt Smell / Odor

Unlikely cause: bottom case, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 Burnt Smell / Odor Computer or AC adapter emits an odor or smell of smoke. 	 Disconnect battery and AC adapter from computer. Attempt to identify the source of the odor. Visual clues are component damage like capacitor chip popped or burn marks. Check battery cells.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Has the source of the odor	Yes	Replace the affected part.	P08
been identified?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Are any burn marks visible on pinched cables or components?	Yes	An improperly seated cable or damaged cable can blow logic board components. Make sure you identify cause before replacing affected part.	P08
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Liquid spills can short power, cause component failure, and burn out electronics. Refer to Liquid Contact Indicators. Are any sensors	Yes	For more information, refer to kBase #HT3400: About liquid contact indicators (LCI) on portable and desktop computers	
triggered red?	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Is the computer operating normally?	Yes	This could be related to normal operation. Also check for accidental damage. See kBase #CP161: Determining and Quoting Accidental Damage	
	No	Refer to most-related troubleshooting section. If after inspecting the unit you feel there is a possible safety issue, please notify Apple.	

Power Button Stuck

Unlikely cause: clamshell, battery, power adapter, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, fan, speakers, microphone

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Power Button Stuck System will not power on System sounds boot ROM unlock tone during startup System automatically starts up repeatedly	 Diagnose stuck power button with SMC keyboard reset sequence. Check for issue occurrence on battery and on AC power. If issue occurs when computer is running on battery only, check battery using Battery Diagnostic Utility.

Ch	eck	Result	Action	Code
1. Reset SMC by pressing Shift- Control-Option(Alt) along with power button. MagSafe LED can verify SMC reset.	Yes	SMC reset successful and multiple press and release of power button works to show power button not stuck.		
	Momentary stop of battery charging will indicate SMC reset, orange/amber LED will go green momentarily then return to orange/amber.	No	SMC reset not working, suggests power button is open circuit or stuck down. Go to step 2.	
2.	If you press Shift-Control- Option(Alt) keys does the SMC	Yes	Try to repair stuck power button or replace top case.	X14
	reset even without pressing the power button? This would indicate a stuck power button.	No	Go to step 3.	
3.	3. Disconnect battery and AC power for 30 seconds to	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	perform a manual SMC reset. Apply AC power. Does power button work when pressed?	No	Power button stuck or open. Go to step 4.	
4.	4. Inspect, align and reseat IPD flex cable and keyboard flex	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	cable. Does power button now work correctly?	No	Go to step 5.	
5.	5. Use conductive tool to touch power-on pads on logic board.	Yes	Replace top case.	X14
	Does system power on when shorting power-on pads?	No	Go to No Power / Dead Unit.	

System Runs Hot

Unlikely cause: clamshell, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 System Runs Hot System feels very warm Fan not working Fan running at high speed 	 Verify computer is operating on a flat, hard surface and vents are not blocked. Verify if computer temperature is comparable to a known-good similar system. See kBase #HT1778: Apple Portables: Operating Temperature Check if computer has any runaway applications. See kBase #TS1473: Runaway applications can shorten battery runtime Reset SMC. Inspect fan performance. Run MRI and review thermal sensor test.

Check	Result	Action	Code
Fans are typically on at minimum speed. Perform SMC	Yes	Go to step 3.	
reset or remove all power for 5 minutes and reboot. Is fan spinning?	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Reseat fan connection to logic board or test a known-good	Yes	Go to step 3.	
fan. Is fan now spinning?	No	Replace fan. If issue persists, replace logic board.	X99 M18
3. Does MRI test indicate an error with thermal sensors?	Yes	Go to thermal troubleshooting.	
	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Is heatsink installed properly	Yes	Go to step 5.	
with no damage to heat fins or bend in heat pipe?	No	Replace heatsink. Retest.	X10
5. Inspect heatsink. Is thermal grease possibly missing or improperly installed during	Yes	Replace thermal grease. If issue persists, replace heatsink.	X10
previous repair?	No	Replace logic board.	M23

Mechanical/Physical Damage

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
 Mechanical/Physical Damage Broken glass Broken hinge Stripped screw/head Stripped screw boss Dent or scratch to chassis 	 Determine damage caused by user/technician environment, accidental damage, or abuse. Inform user/technician the failures are not covered by Apple warranties. Refer to http://www.apple.com/legal/warranty

Uncategorized Symptom

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
Uncategorized SymptomUnable to locate appropriate symptom code	Verify whether existing symptom code applies to the issue reported by the user. If not, document reported symptom and send feedback to smfeedback2@apple.com stating that a suitable symptom code could not be found.



Sensors

Thermal Monitoring Errors

Unlikely cause: clamshell, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check		
 Thermal Monitoring Errors Fan on full speed Thermal monitoring leading to reduced CPU performance or system shutdown. MRI reported thermal sensor 	 Validate thermal characteristics of system. Is there a thermal concern of a runaway CPU application that might be activating fan at full speed? Reset SMC. SMC monitors thermal sensors and controls CPU performance and system cooling based upon sensor readings. 		
 error Battery internal thermal sensor error Battery not connected may activate fan on full speed due to missing thermal sensors. 	 3. Verify cooling fan is operational. The fan should be running at all times, 2000 RPM minimum. Fan on full speed can be thermal limit or a sensor cannot read error. 4. Run MRI and review sensors flagged as erred. Reminder: Thermal sensors external to logic board are in the battery, top case and display. 		

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Reset SMC. Start up system on OS 10.6+ and characterize thermal concerns. If after	Yes	Fan is on near full speed. Go to step 2.	
warming up, does system show signs of thermal stress with fan running at excessive speed? Fan is always spinning. 2000 RPM is a minimum speed; excessive speed is above 4500 RPM.	No	Fan is normal at 2000 RPM or fan may not be spinning at all. Go to step 12.	



2. Is system exhibiting a valid thermal concern? (Warm air flowing from fan or warm top/bottom case)	Yes	Appears to be a system under stress, working to cool off while running OS applications. Go to step 3.	
	No	Fan is running fast for a system that does not appear to be overheating. Thermal monitoring may not be working correctly. Go to step 6.	
3. Inspect CPU processes using Activity Monitor to determine if specific application is in runaway mode: pushing CPU usage to the limit. Is there a CPU or GPU related application that is producing abnormal %CPU processing and heating system?	Yes	Quit offending application to determine if root cause. Delete application system preference or restore application start from application default settings and program code.	
	No	CPU process running normally. Thermal concern appears to be hardware related. Go to step 4.	
4. Verify sensor reading using a recent reading of thermal results from MRI. Is temperature approaching or over range limit, flagged red or yellow?	Yes	Device related to the thermal sensor above or near limit needs troubleshooting to determine fault. Go to step 5.	
	No	Thermal stress noted running OS is not seen exceeding MRI thermal monitoring with EFI version of MRI. Restore OS on system as hardware appears to be operating correctly.	
5. Inspect heatsink air vents, fan airflow, and heatsink thermal interface between CPU/GPU and heatsink if necessary to determine if cooling processes are working properly. Is heatsink or thermal interface part of the problem of thermal sensor(s) at or above thermal limit?	Yes	Replace heatsink and use proper amount of thermal grease.	X10
	No	Replace logic board.	M18



6.	6. Does MRI report a thermal sensor error for Palmrest (TsOP) or Battery Pack (TB1T or TB2T)? These thermal sensors are physically away from logic board. Ensure battery and trackpad are connected to system during MRI testing. SMC will spin fan with missing sensor(s). MRI will label them as "can't read."	Yes	Reseat trackpad cable or replace trackpad if Palmrest sensor continues to fail. Reseat battery to logic board connector or replace battery should internal thermal sensor continue to fail.	X10 P19
		No	Go to step 7.	
7.	7. Does MRI report a thermal sensor error for missing or abnormal reading for Heatsink area (Th1H) sensor? This thermal sensor is on I/O board. If missing, I/O board or I/O flex cable may have an open connection or damaged device. Reseat I/O flex cable while inspecting for cable or connector damage (on both logic board and I/O board).	Yes	Troubleshoot connections to thermal sensor near heatsink (Th1H) in I/O board. Go to step 8.	
		No	Another thermal sensor exists. Go to step 10.	
bo by rep cal	8. Is thermal sensor on I/O board near heatsink restored by reseating I/O flex cable or replacing with a known-good cable? (Th1H sensor on I/O board, aka Heatsink Proximity sensor or Finstack Proximity sensor)	Yes	Reseating I/O flex cable restored connection–issue resolved. Replace cable if known-good cable restored sensor connection.	X03
		No	Defective sensor or open connection to sensor. Go to step 9.	
9. Substitute a known-good flex cable and known-good I/O board to verify known-good parts will restore heatsink proximity sensor. Is this sensor now present and a value above ambient temperature?		Yes	Replace I/O board.	M18
	No	Replace logic board.	M18	



10. Does MRI report a thermal	Yes	Go to step 11	
sensor error "HardDisk out-of-band" for missing or abnormal reading for this SSD specific thermal sensor (TH0o)? This thermal sensor is built into SSD. If missing, we may have an open connection or damaged device. Reseat SSD while inspecting for connector damage on both logic board and SSD.	No	Go to step 12	
11. Test using a known good SSD.	Yes	Replace logic board.	M23
Is SSD thermal sensor (Th0o) missing or over limit with known good SSD?	No	Replace SSD due to defective thermal sensor or device overheating.	M23
12. Does MRI report one or more thermal sensor(s) missing or can't read for logic board related thermal sensors? - CPU (TCOD, TCOP, mDTSO) - GPU, (TN1D, TNOP, TNOD) - logic board (TpOP) These thermal sensors are physically on logic board or internal to CPU and GPU.	Yes	Replace logic board for missing and failed thermal sensor(s).	M23
	No	Go to step 13.	
13. Inspect heatsink air vents, fan airflow, and heatsink thermal interface between CPU/GPU and heatsink if necessary to determine if logic board cooling processes are working properly. Is heatsink or thermal interface part of the problem of thermal sensor(s) at or above thermal limit?	Yes	Replace heatsink and use proper amount of thermal grease.	X10
	No	Replace logic board.	M18
14. Is MRI reporting fan speed slow (less than 2000) RPM or stuck at 0? Inspect fan for foreign material, fan housing damage, and fan cable connection to logic board.	Yes	Replace fan if damaged or connector and cable are broken. Go to step 15.	X22
	No	Fan appears to operate in normal range. Check repair by reviewing MRI thermal sensors. Go to step 6.	



15. Substitute a known-good fan and verify fan is spinning	Yes	Replace fan.	X22
at 2000 RPM. Is logic board spinning a known-good fan at 2000 RPM or slightly higher? Again inspect fan for foreign material, fan housing damage, and fan cable connection to logic board.	No	Replace logic board.	M18

Electrical Monitoring Errors

Unlikely cause: clamshell, SSD, AirPort/Bluetooth, speakers, microphone, top case

Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check	
 Electrical Monitoring Errors MRI or ASD reports an electrical sensor error with value out of range. MRI or ASD reports VPOR out of range due to test being performed on a battery only that is near empty. 	 Reset SMC. SMC monitors thermal sensors and controls CPU performance and core voltage settings based upon environmental evaluation. Ensure battery capacity is at least 33% if MRI must run on battery only. Always use product AC adapter to verify battery charge circuity with MRI. Always have a battery connected to system when testing MRI to verify battery charging circuits and battery internal thermal sensors. 	

Deep Dive

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Reset SMC. Verify if MRI or ASD still reports a thermal or electrical sensor error. Is error result a thermal sensor error?	Yes	Go to Thermal Sensor Error troubleshooting steps.	
	No	If SMC reset resolved error, issue resolved else go to step 2.	



2. Running MRI on battery only that is near empty may lead to internal voltages reaching lower limits. VPOR sensor may trigger a low voltage reading should battery be low and no adapter is supporting test. Is VPOR voltage sensor your only error being reported and adapter was not used during test?	Yes	Run MRI again with AC adapter connected.	
	No	VPOR and/or other electrical sensors are failing while testing with adapter support the test. Go to step 3.	
3. Retest using a known good I/O board, known good I/O flex cable and known good AC adapter. Is electrical sensor	Yes	Isolate potential battery induced error as root cause or logic board as root cause for sensor error. Go to step 5.	
error still present? Sensors VC0C, VN0C, VP0R, PC0C, IN0C, IN1C and Ic0R are MLB related sensors. IB0R may be related to battery and ID0R may be related to I/O board.	No	Isolate I/O board or I/O flexcable as cause for sensor error. Go to step 4.	
4. Reinstall user I/O flex cable mating it to known good I/O board and retest MRI. Has electrical sensor error(s) returned?	Yes	Replace I/O flex cable.	Х03
	No	Replace user's defective I/O board.	M23
5. Retest using a known good battery. Do any electrical sensor error remain?	Yes	Replace logic board.	M23
	No	Replace battery.	P19



Take Apart

MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010)



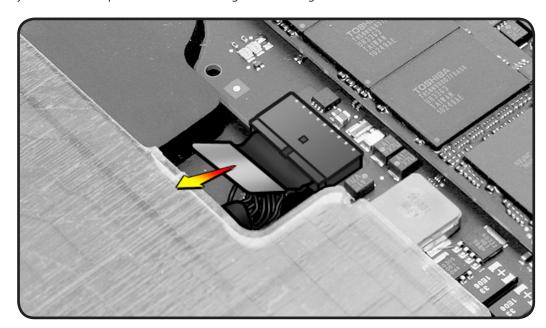
General Information

Connector Types on Logic Board

On the logic board are seven types on connectors, each requiring special handling. Make sure you read these tips before disconnecting and installing the connectors.

Battery Connector

- Pull tab on battery to disconnect.
- Use fingers to slide cable into connector.

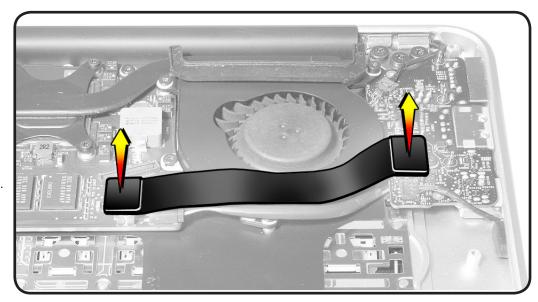


Low-Profile Solid **Platform Flex**

- Remove and insert I/O flex cable connector vertically. The connectors are susceptible to bent pins if inserted improperly.
- Keep connector level to board and press evenly to install cable.

Example:

I/O flex cable





limitonitonito

/---/---/---/

Vertical Insertion (JST)

- Use black stick under cable to remove.
- Keep connector level to board when disconnecting and reconnecting.
- · Press evenly when reconnecting or connector can be tipped up and not fully seated.



Examples:

- right speaker
- left speaker
- microphone

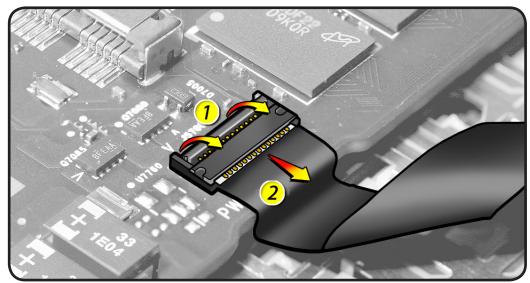
Locking Lever

- Flip up lever 90 degrees for cable removal.
- Slide connector into receptacle on same horizontal plane as logic board.
- Lock down lever after inserting cable.

Examples:

- fan
- keyboard input cable (IPD)
- trackpad flex cable

Important: Push IPD flex cable all the way into connector to prevent "no power" symptoms.





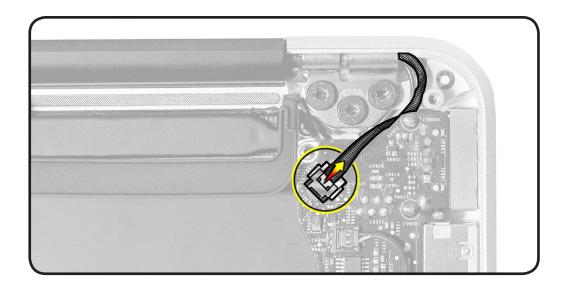
Thin, Multi-Pin **Horizontal Insert**

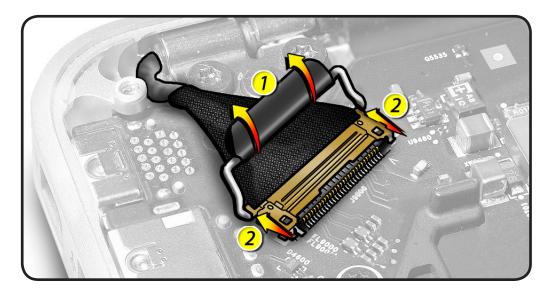
- · Use black stick on alternating sides to evenly disconnect cable.
- · Slide connector into receptacle on same horizontal plane as board.

Examples shown:

- camera cable
- Display cable (EDP)

Note: Flip over lock bar before disconnecting EDP cable, but do not use bar as a handle. When cable is fully installed, flip lock bar over leads to secure cable in place.



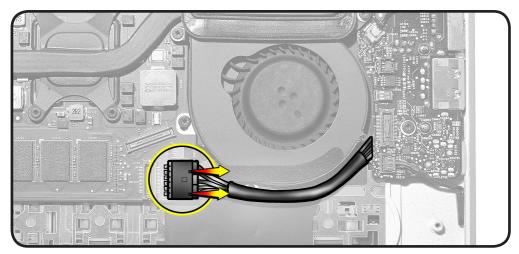


Horizontal Install

- Pull connector, not cable to remove.
- Slide connector into receptacle on same horizontal plane as board.

Example shown:

• I/O power cable





Tools

Caution: To prevent scratches or other cosmetic damage to the computer housing, use a soft cloth as a protective layer when removing and installing the external screws.

The following tools are required to service a MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010):

- Clean, soft, lint-free cloth
- ESD-safe workstation, including an ESD mat and wrist or heel strap
- ESD bags (for storing ESD-sensitive parts while removed from unit)
- Pentalobe screwdriver and protective battery cover (Apple kit #076-1372 or cover only, 922-9735)
- Phillips #000 screwdriver, magnetized
- Torx T5 screwdriver, magnetized
- Torx T8 screwdriver, magnetized
- Large tri-lobe #0 screwdriver (Apple part #922-8991)
- Black stick (nylon probe, Apple part #922-5065) or other nonconductive nylon or plastic flat-blade tool
- EMI-safe plastic or nylon tweezers for installing flex cables (optional)
- Thermal grease syringe (Apple part #922-7144)
- Alcohol wipes
- Kapton tape
- Pencil, to mark microphone alignment
- Magnifying glass, for reading serial number etched on bottom case
- Digital volt meter (troubleshooting)

If available, a torque driver that measures in Kgf/cm is recommended for replacing the battery screws.

For more information about tools, refer to:

kBase #HT3452: Hand Tools for Desktop and Portable Repairs

For more information about ESD, refer to:

kBase #HT3451: Electrostatic Discharge Precautions and Myths **AppleCare Service Training: ESD Precautions**

In addition, the following software programs are required for troubleshooting:

- Apple Service Diagnostic (ASD) version 3S142 or later
- Apple Hardware Test (AHT) version 3A204 or later
- Notebook Battery and Adapter Diagnostic (NBAD)



Reassembly Steps

When no replacement steps listed, replace parts in exact reverse order of Removal procedure.

Note About Images in This Guide

Because a pre-production model was used for most images in this guide, you may notice small differences in appearance between the image pictured and the computer you are servicing. However, although appearance may differ, steps and sequence are the same unless noted.

Screw Sizes

All screw sizes shown are approximate and represent the total length of the screw.



Bottom Case

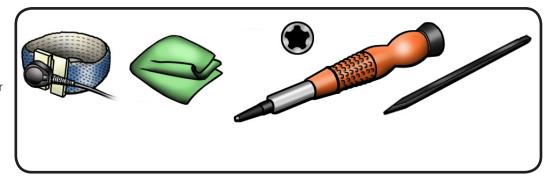
First Steps

- Shut down computer.
- Unplug all cables.
- Put on ESD strap.
- Place computer face down on a clean, flat surface.



Tools

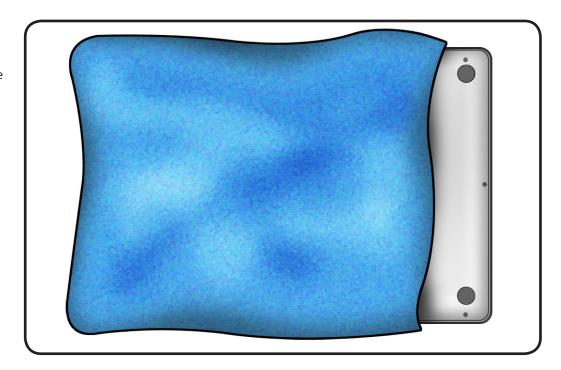
- ESD wrist strap
- · Clean, soft, lint-free cloth
- Pentalobe screwdriver (part of kit, 076-1372)
- Black stick





Removal

Caution: To prevent scratches, use a protective cloth when working with metal tools



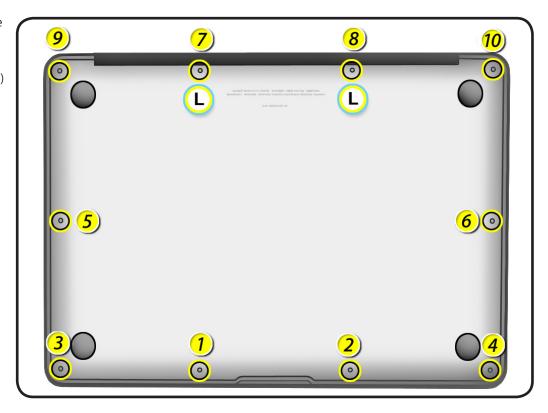


Remove 10 Pentalobe security screws: (L=long) (2 L) 922-9659 (9 mm)



(8) 922-9685 (2.48 mm)

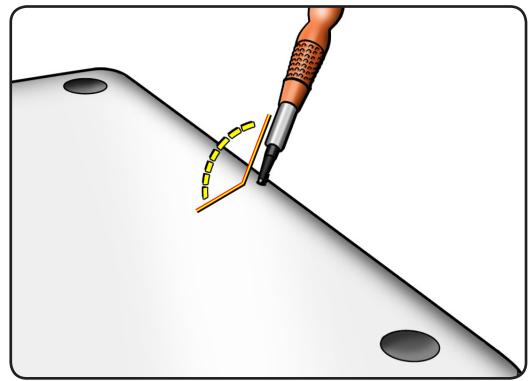




Important: All screws must be removed and installed at an angle.

Reassembly Note:

Install screws in order shown above. If sequence is not followed, bottom case might wobble when placed on level surface.

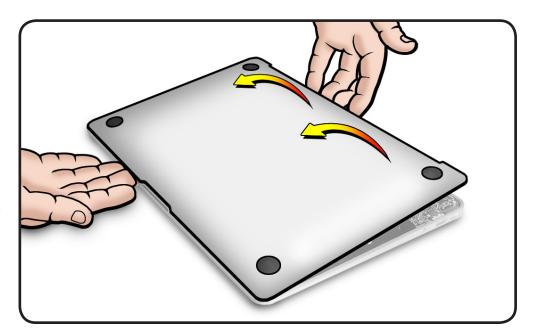




2 Lift from top edge and remove bottom case.



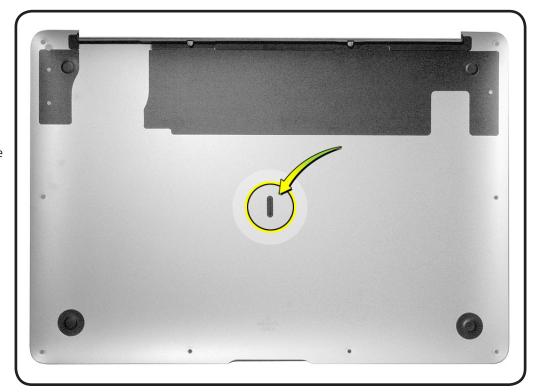
Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case if performing any other procedures.





Replacement

- **1** Make sure bottom case interior is clean and free of debris.
- 2 Install bottom case from the front, and press lightly to ensure internal clip "snaps" onto battery.
- **3** Confirm all screw holes align before installing screws.





Battery

First Steps

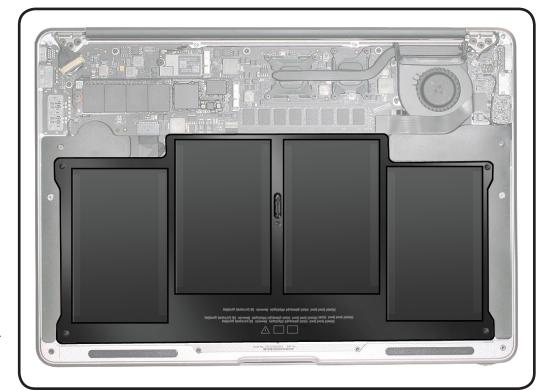
Remove:

· Bottom case



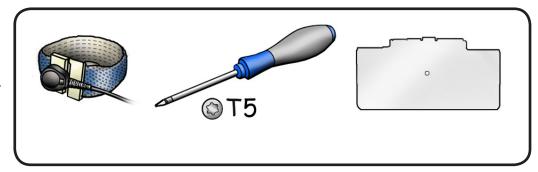
Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



Tools

- ESD wrist strap
- Protective battery cover, 922-9735 or 076-1372 (kit)
- Torx T5 screwdriver, magnetized





Removal

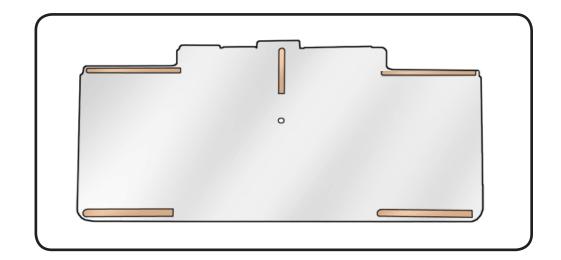


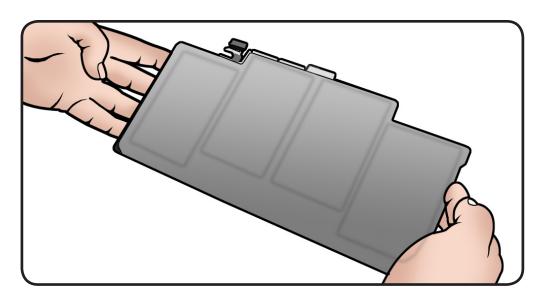
Warning:

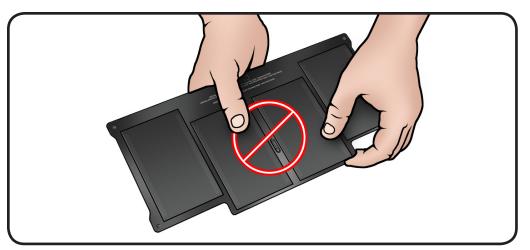
The battery contains several exposed, soft battery packs. Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal

Important:

- · Keep battery cover on battery at all times when battery is out of the computer.
- Handle battery with utmost care.
- Do not drop, stack, puncture, press, squeeze, crush, flex, twist or torque, or apply unnecessary pressure to a battery, as this may result in damage
- Hold battery by edges only, with two hands at all times.
- If setting battery aside, make sure surface is clean—free of dust, dirt, screws, etc.
- Do not puncture, press, or squeeze battery.
- · If battery is dropped, replace it even if no damage is visible.





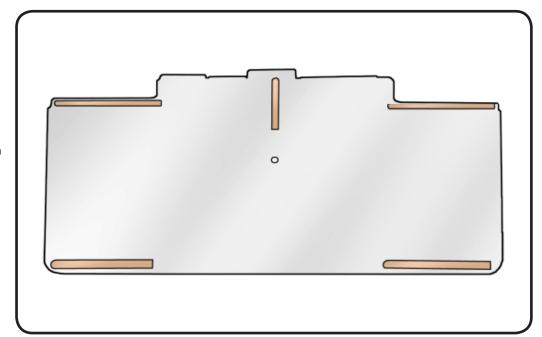




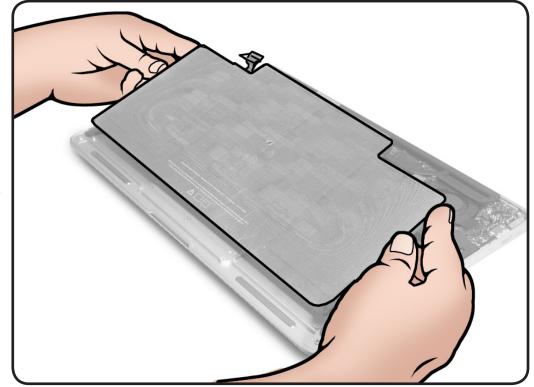
Remove adhesive strips from clean battery cover.



Warning: Do not perform this procedure without a battery cover.



- **2** Place battery cover onto battery. Use tabs (hooks) along top of battery cover to align cover to battery.
- **3** Gently secure cover by running your finger over the parts of the cover that have adhesive.

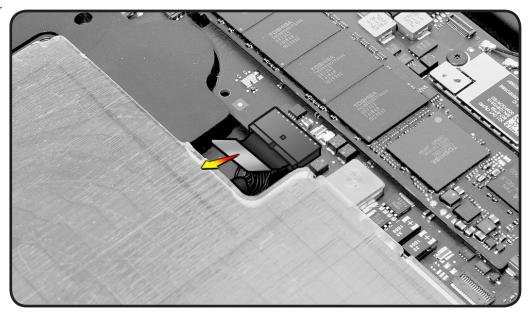




Pull battery connector tab toward battery to disconnect it from logic board.

Important:

Disconnect the battery whenever performing repairs. No need to remove the battery unless it blocks the module being repaired.

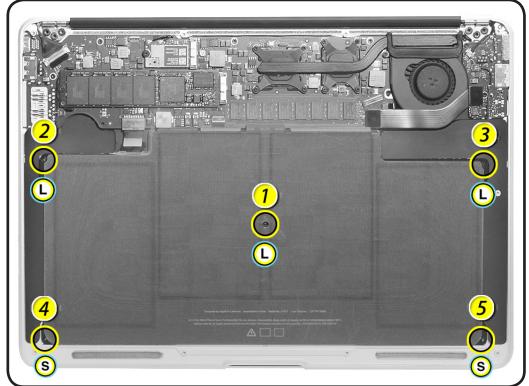


- **5** Keeping screwdriver perpendicular to avoid battery damage, remove 5 Torx T5 screws; 3 long (L) and 2 short (S).
 - (3) 922-9654 (6.3 mm)



(2) 922-9655 (2.4 mm) front



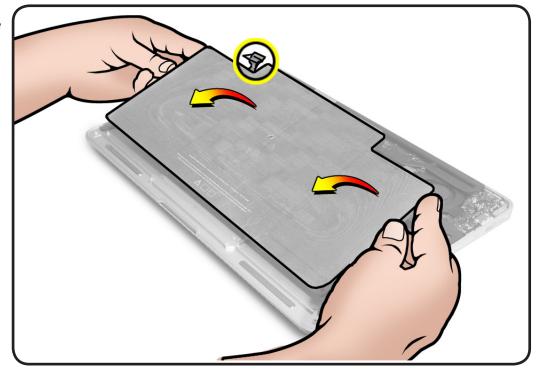




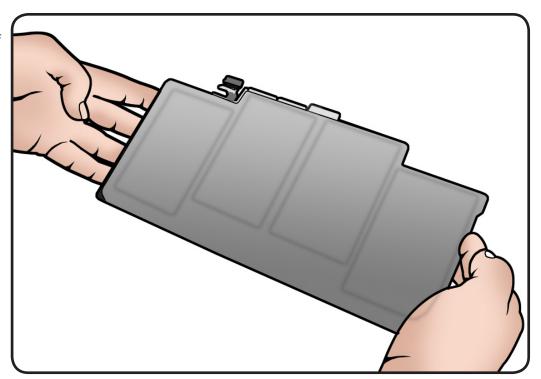
6 Handle battery by the edges.

> Using battery cable, tilt covered battery out of system.





- **7** Place covered battery (with cover up) on a clean surface—free of dust, dirt, screws, etc.
- **8** If packaging battery for return, keep battery cover installed.

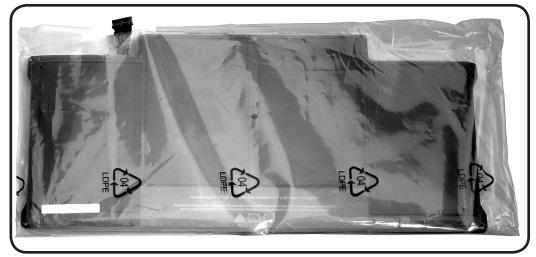


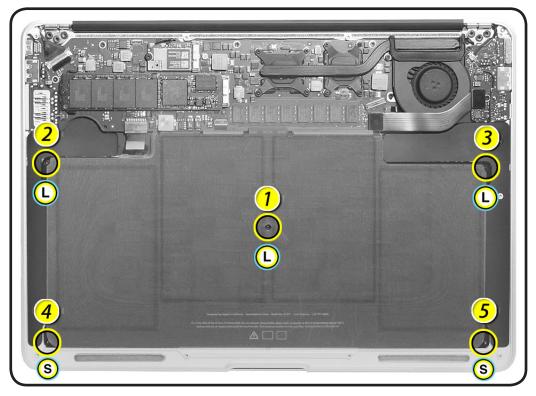


Replacement

- 1 If installing new battery, unwrap it and make sure it has a battery cover. Do NOT use it if it does not have a cover contact Technical Service Provider Support for further directions.
- **2** Before installing the battery, check that top case is clean free of screws or other foreign material in the battery area.
- **3** Use two hands to place covered battery into top case.
- Install 5 screws in order shown (longest screw at center and rear, shortest screws in front). **Note:** Use a torque driver, if available, to tighten screws to 1.8 ± 0.18 Kgf-cm. If no torque driver is available, install screws finger tight.

Important: Handle screwdriver perpendicular to the battery cover to prevent damage to the battery.



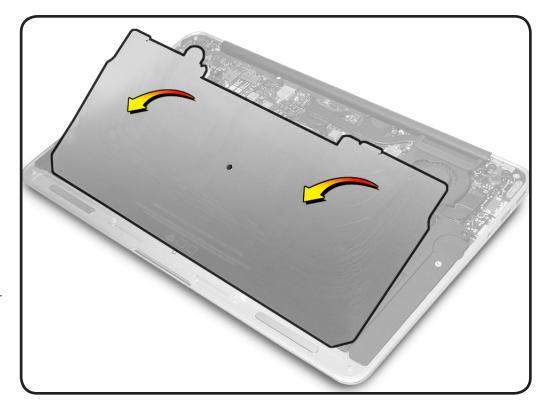




- If performing other repairs, be sure to leave battery cable disconnected. Otherwise, connect battery cable to logic board.
- **6** Before installing bottom case, peel off battery cover.

Note: A clean battery cover can be reused for another repair if it is free of dust, dirt, etc.

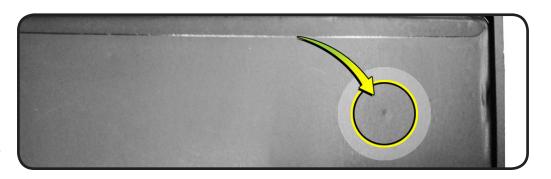
Visually evaluate battery for damage.



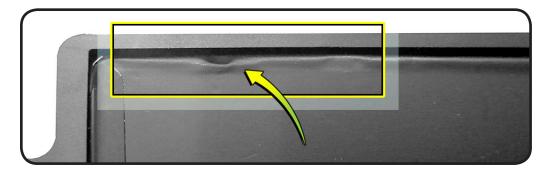
Evaluating Battery Damage

Use battery if

• Minor dents (up to 8 dents if 0.4 mm deep or less; up to 5 if 1.5 mm deep or less; up to 3 if 2.0 mm deep or less)



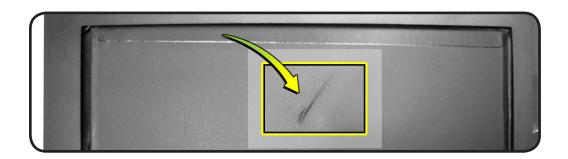
Minor cell pack deformity (up to 2.0 mm total area)



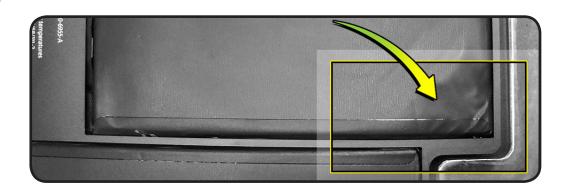


Return battery if

• Scratches



Swollen or wrinkled cell pack





Packing the Battery

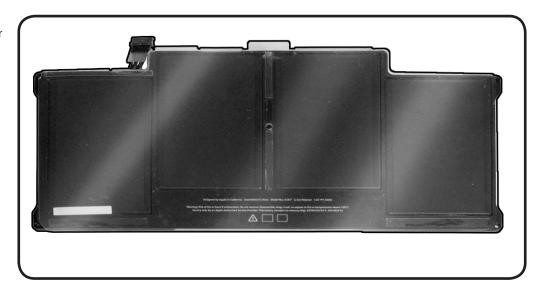
IMPORTANT: Do not discard battery packaging!

Both the inner and outer cardboard boxes used to ship a KGB battery must be used when returning a KBB battery. Follow the packing procedure below.

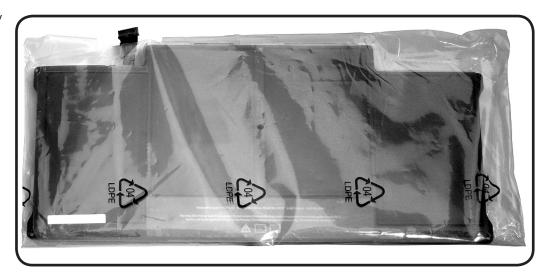
If either box has been damaged or lost, order a replacement service package. The service package includes both the inner and outer cardboard boxes and an ESD bag. Reuse the battery cover that was included with the KGB battery or, if a new cover is needed, order part #922-9736.

Part Number	Description	
606-0090	SVC, PKG, BATTERY, MB AIR 13-INCH	
606-0091	SVC, PKG, BATTERY, MB AIR 11-INCH	

Place protective cover on battery.



Place covered battery inside ESD bag.

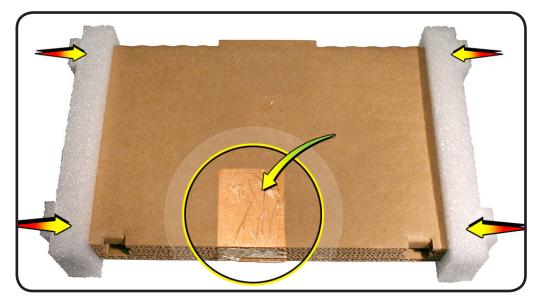




3 Carefully place covered and wrapped battery in cardboard packing material.



4 Close inner box. Attach foam end pieces on box and tape the box closed. **Note**: The packing MUST be taped closed. Any tape will work.





- Carefully place taped box into shipping box.
- **6** Close box and return battery using normal shipping procedures.

Note: As with shipping any battery, IATA compliance is a must: HT3378: **Air Shipment Regulations for** Lithium-Based Batteries.





Right Speaker

First Steps

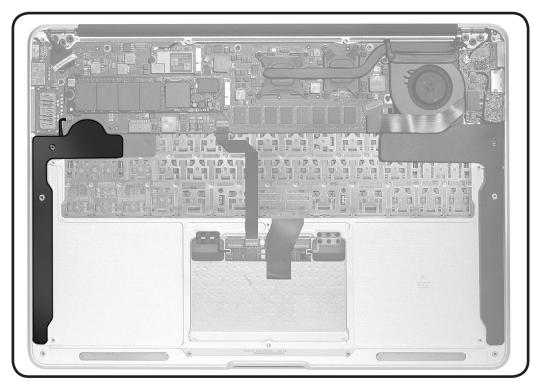
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery



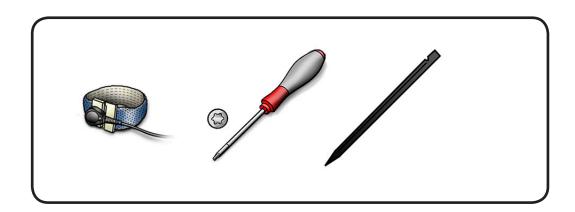
Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



Tools

- ESD wrist strap
- Black stick
- Torx #5 screwdriver, magnetized

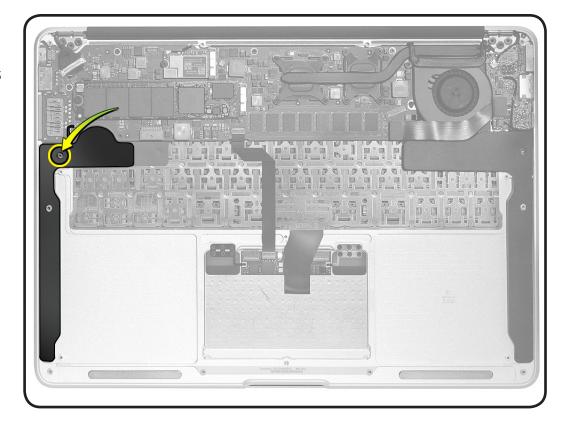




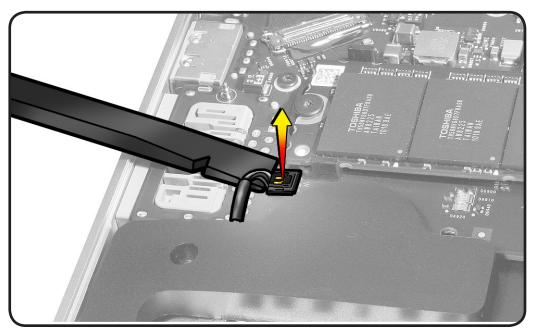
Removal

1 Remove one Torx #5 screw: 922-9660 (2.7 mm)



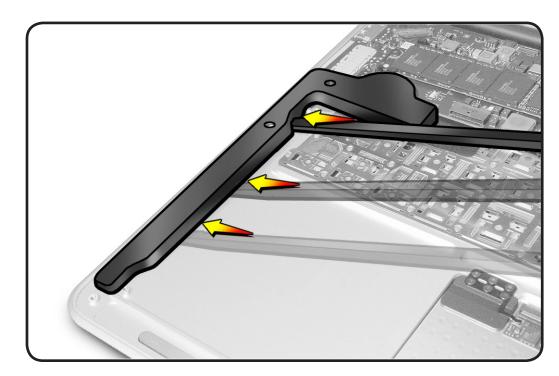


2 Use black stick to disconnect vertical insertion cable from logic board.





3 Use black stick to pry very high bond (VHB) adhesive securing speaker to top case.



Replacement

- **1** Make sure top case is free of residual VHB adhesive if installing new speaker.
- **2** Peel adhesive backing off speaker body and install speaker into top case.
- **3** Apply some pressure to make sure speaker adheres to top case.
- 4 Connect cable and replace screw.



Left Speaker

First Steps

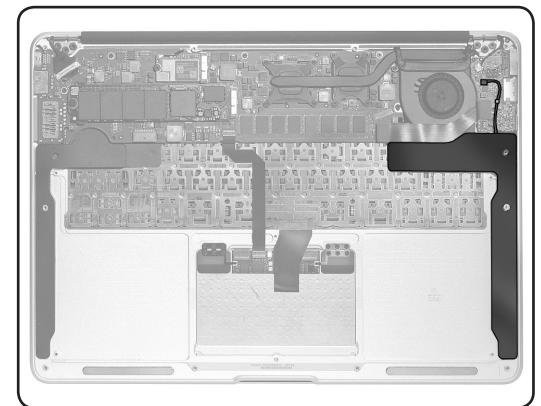
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery



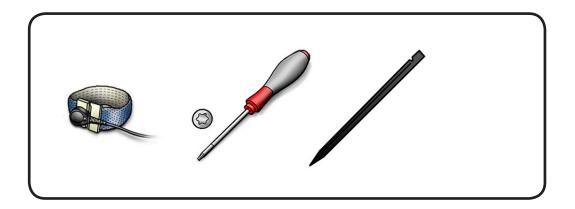
Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



Tools

- ESD wrist strap
- Black stick
- Torx #5 screwdriver, magnetized

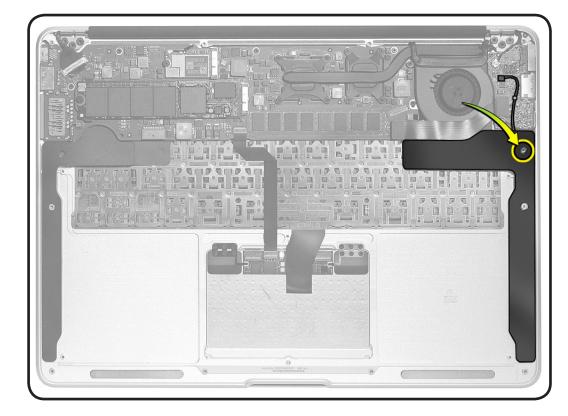




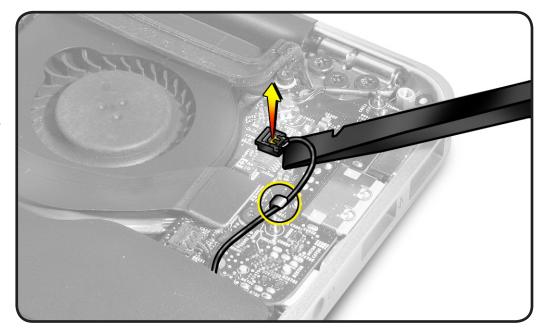
Removal

1 Remove one Torx #5 screw: 922-9660 (2.7 mm)



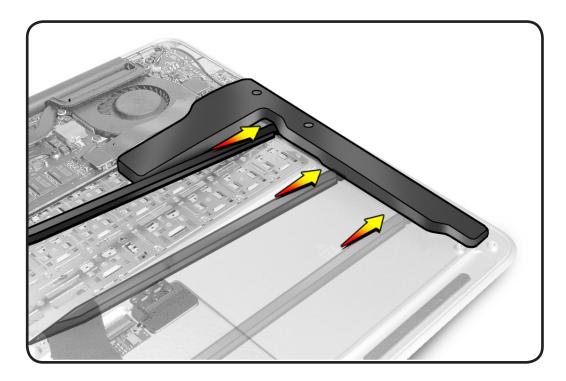


- **2** Use black stick to disconnect vertical insertion cable from I/O board.
- **3** Release speaker cable from clip.





4 Use black stick to pry very high bond (VHB) adhesive securing speaker to top case.



Replacement

- 1 Make sure top case is free of residual VHB adhesive if installing new speaker.
- **2** Peel adhesive backing off speaker body and install speaker into top case.
- **3** Apply some pressure to make sure speaker adheres to top case.
- 4 Route cable under retaining clip, connect cable I/O board, replace screw.



Solid State Drive (SSD) Card

First Steps

Remove

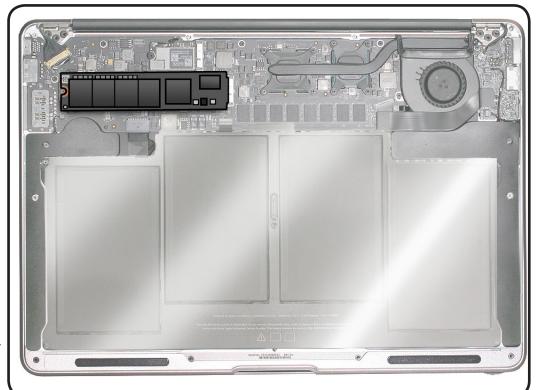
· Bottom case



Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case.

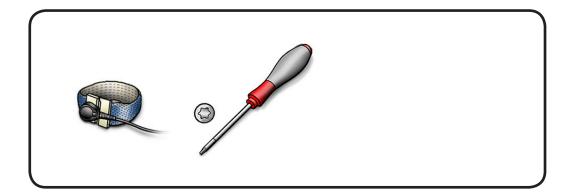
Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.

Caution: Make sure data is backed up before removing solid state drive.



Tools

- · ESD wrist strap
- Torx #5 screwdriver, magnetized

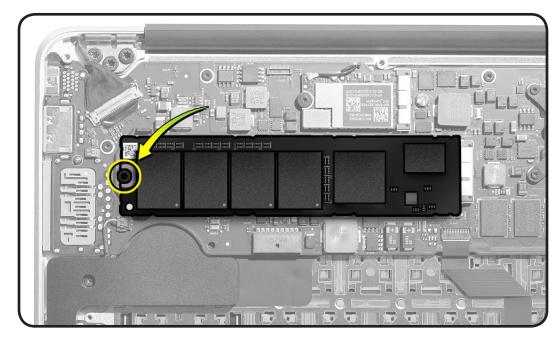




Removal

Remove one Torx #5 screw 922-9651 (2.85 mm)

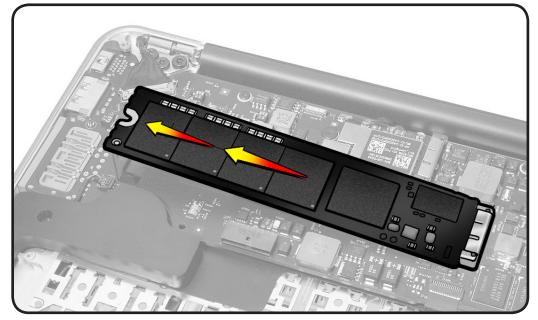




2 Tilt up SSD card at a slight angle (< 3 degrees) and gently pull it to disconnect it from logic board.

Reassembly Note:

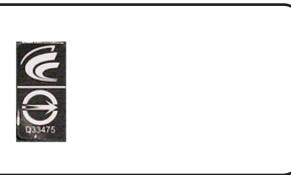
Push SSD card securely into slot confirming that it is seated properly.



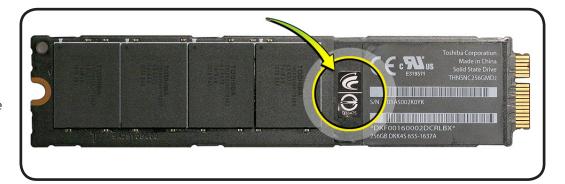


Replacement

1 Locate the compliance label on the SSD card.



2 Peel off the label before installing the SSD card in the computer.





Reinstalling Software that Came with the Computer

Use software install media that came with the computer to reinstall Mac OS X and any bundled applications. A new storage device may have the operating system installed on it. If not, or if you want to use another version, refer to http://support.apple.com/kb/HT3910.

Important: Apple recommends backing up data on the storage device before restoring software. You should back up essential files before installing Mac OS X and other applications. Apple is not responsible for any lost data.

Installing Mac OS X

To install Mac OS X, follow these steps:

- Back up essential files.
- Make sure power adapter is connected and plugged in to a powered wall outlet.
- Insert Mac OS X Install media that came with the computer.
- Double-click "Install Mac OS X".
- 5. Follow onscreen instructions.

Note: To restore computer to original factory settings, click Options in the "Select a Destination" pane of the Installer, and then select "Install." You will see a message reminding you to use the Applications Install media to reinstall bundled applications that came with the computer.

- When the installation is complete, click Restart.
- Follow prompts in Setup Assistant to set up the user account.

Installing Applications

If you reinstall Mac OS X and select the "Install" option, you must reinstall bundled applications that came with the computer, such as the iLife applications.

To install applications that came with the computer, follow these steps:

- Make sure power adapter is connected and plugged in to a powered wall outlet.
- Insert the Applications Install media that came with the computer.
- Double-click "Install Bundled Software".
- 4. Follow onscreen instructions.
- 5. When installation is complete, click Close.



AirPort/Bluetooth Card

First Steps

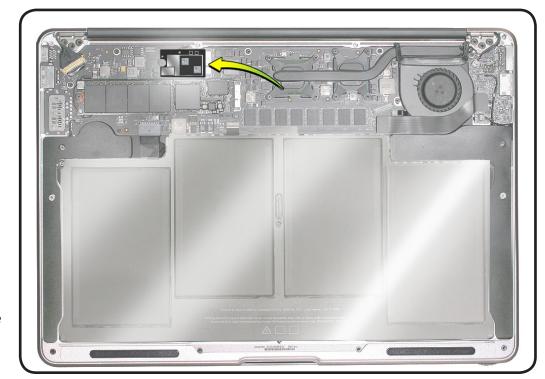
Remove

· Bottom case



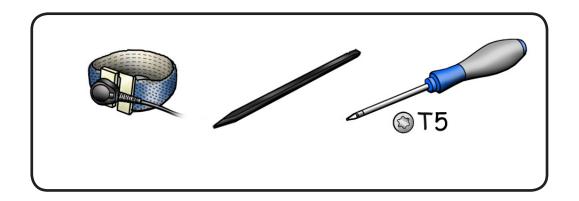
Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure



Tools

- ESD wrist strap
- Black stick
- Torx #5 screwdriver, magnetized



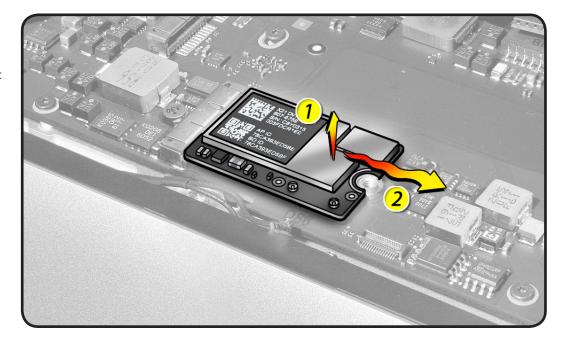


- 1 To disconnect the antenna cables,
- avoid stress on cable
- gently pop connector head straight up
- **2** Place the flat end of a black stick under the connector head. Then slightly press down
- screw.





4 With your fingers, slightly lift card (< 3 degrees), and pull card to disconnect it from logic board connector.

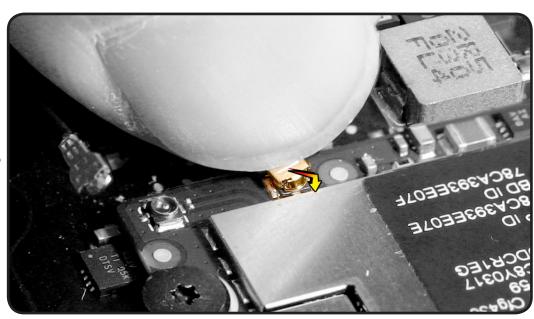




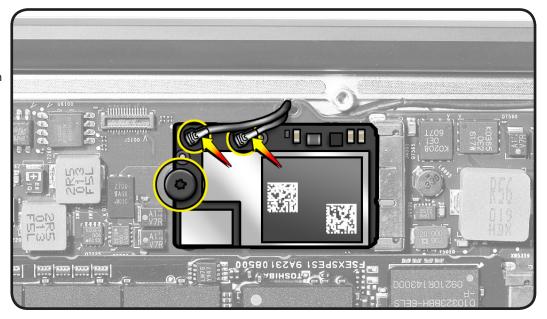
Replacement

Caution: Using too much force to reseat antenna cables can distort connector or connector rim.

- 1 Carefully connect antenna cables by sliding the antenna head over connector You will feel it when the head seats to the connector. Then press straight down to snap it into place.
- 2 Replace screw.



Important: Make sure the cables are properly routed through the cutout in the board.





I/O Flex Cable

First Steps

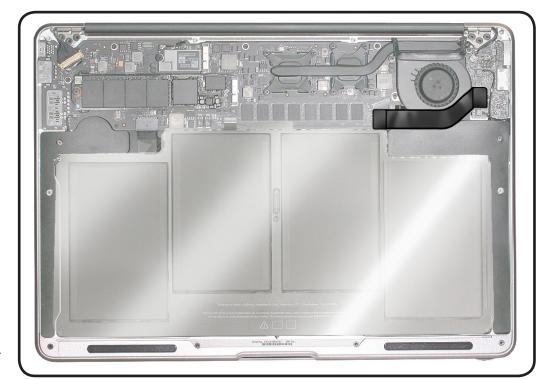
Remove

• Bottom case

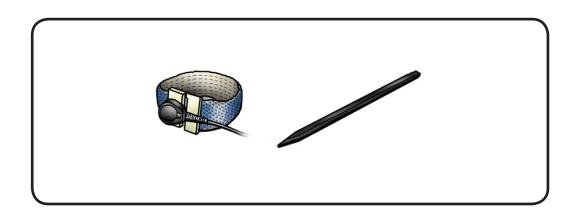


Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



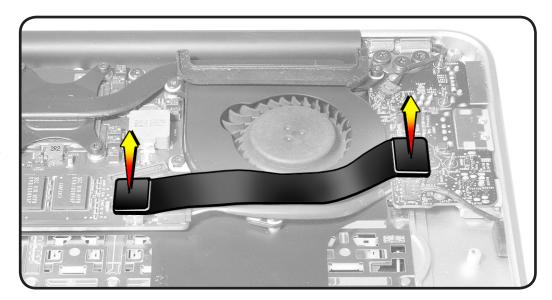
- · ESD wrist strap
- Black stick



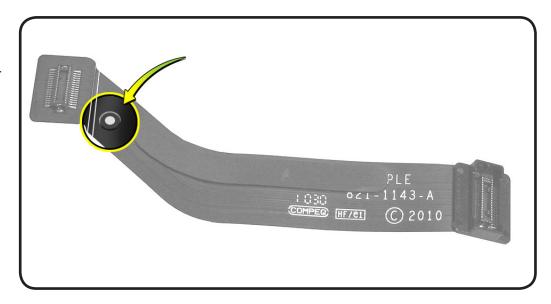


1 Remove cable in straight vertical motion from connectors.

Replacement Note: Check for pin deformation on the logic or I/O board connectors before inserting cable. Press firmly on each end of the cable to securely attach the connector to the boards.



Note: The I/O cable has a liquid contact indicator on the underside of the cable.





Fan

First Steps

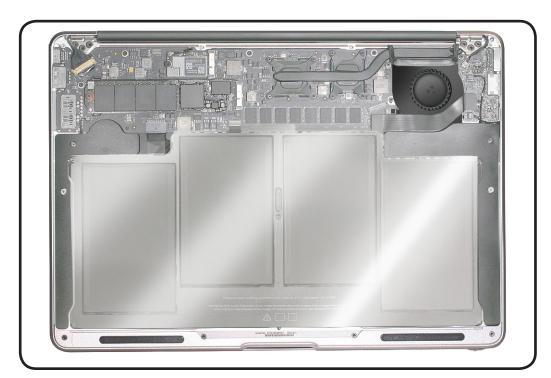
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery
- I/O flex cable

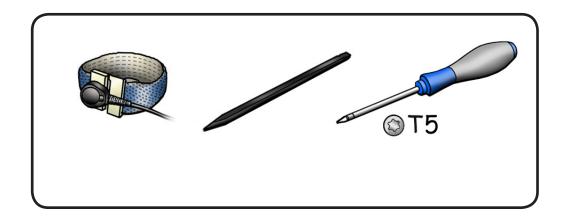


Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



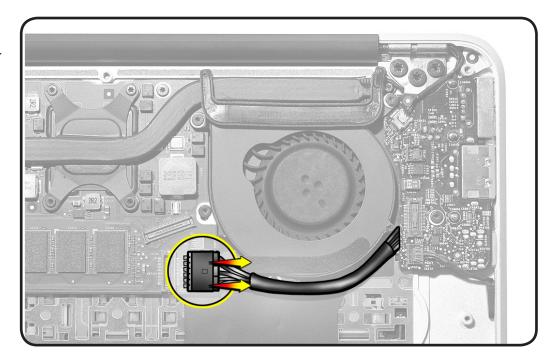
- ESD wrist strap
- Black stick
- Torx T5 screwdriver, magnetized





1 Disconnect I/O board cable from logic board.

> **Replacement Note:** If by chance the I/O board was removed, install it prior to replacing the fan.



2 Remove three Torx #5 screws. Note: each screw is a different size.

> 922-9660 (2.7 mm, short, top left)

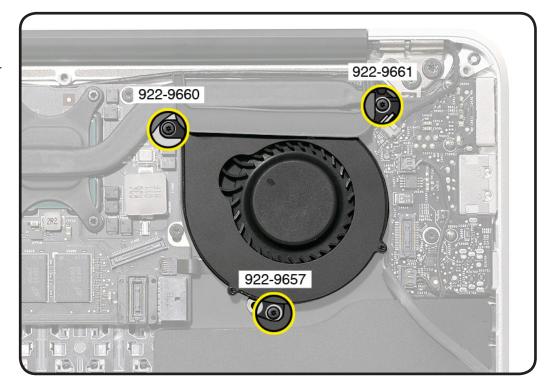


922-9661 (3.6 mm, long, top right)



922-9657 (3.6 mm, medium, bottom)

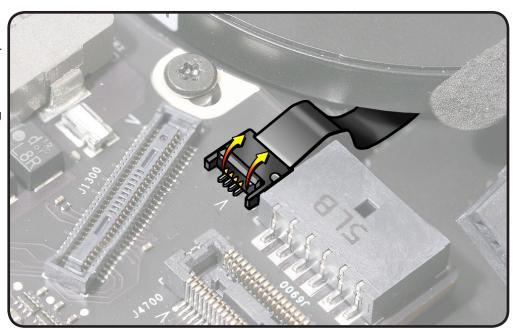






3 On the logic board, lift locking lever and carefully disconnect flexible fan cable.

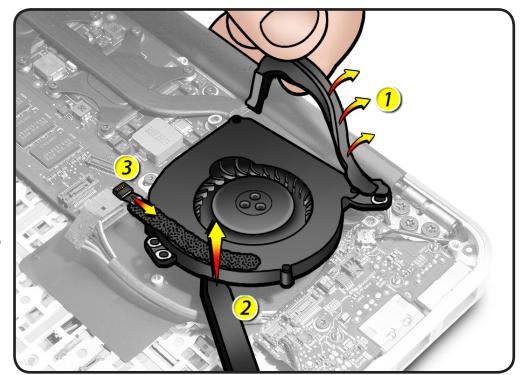
> Replacement Note: Insert cable before titling fan into top case. Check that locking lever is flipped down to secure flexible cable.



4 Lift thermal gasket (1), pry fan up (2), and gently pull flexible fan cable out of connector (3).



- 1 Insert tiny fan flex cable into connector, close locking lever.
- **2** Replace 3 fan screws.
- **3** Check rubber gasket is flat and adheres to top of fan.





Microphone

First Steps

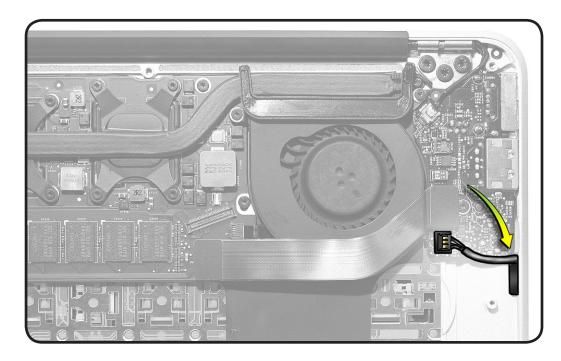
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery
- Left speaker

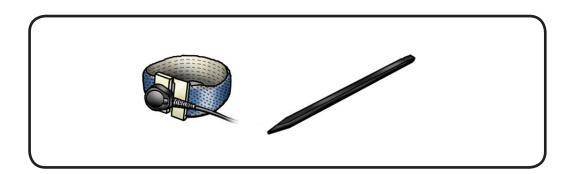


Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.

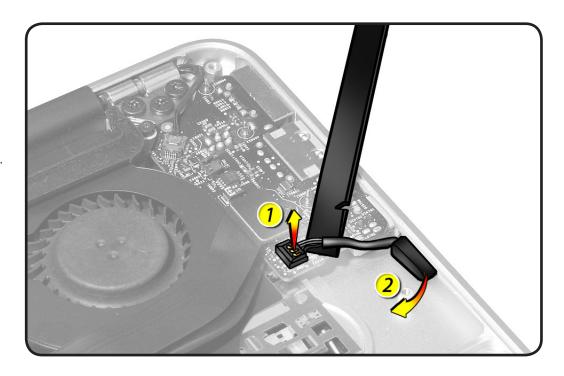


- ESD wrist strap
- Black stick
- Pencil





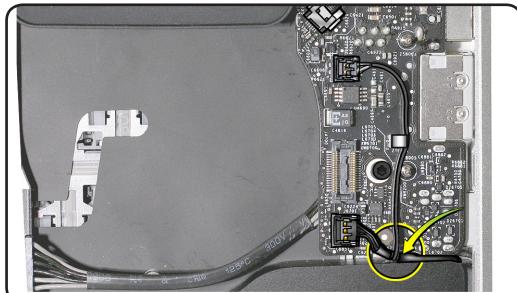
- **1** With a pencil, trace around edge of microphone. Use pencil mark for installation alignment.
- **2** Use black stick to disconnect microphone cable from I/O board.
- **3** With sharp end of black stick, carefully pry microphone from top housing.
- **4** Clean any very high bond (VHB) adhesive on top case, and replace with a new microphone.





Replacement

- 1 Peel off adhesive on new microphone.
- **2** Align microphone with pencil mark on top case. Apply light pressure to the gasket to set the very high bond (VHB) adhesive.
- **3** Microphone cable should align with bottom of I/O board.
- **4** Route microphone cable **under** left speaker cable and into notch on I/O board as shown.





Input/Output (I/O) Board

First Steps

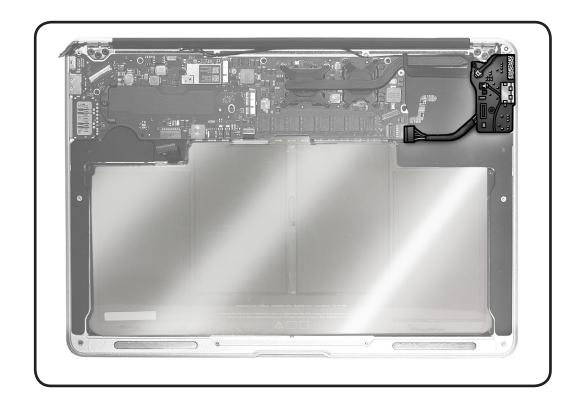
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery
- I/O flex cable
- Fan

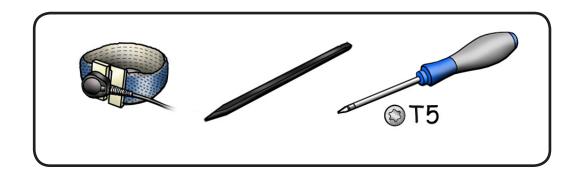


Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



- ESD wrist strap
- Black stick
- Torx T5 screwdriver, magnetized

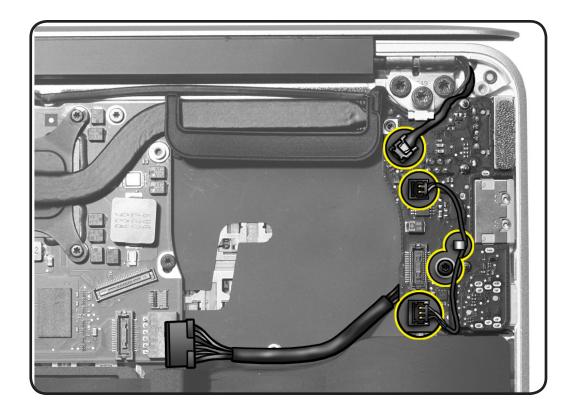




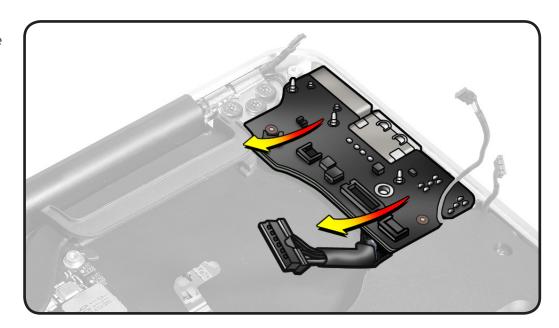
- **1** Disconnect the following items listed from top to bottom:
- Camera cable
- Left speaker cable/ clip
- Torx #5 screw: 922-9656 (3.62 mm)



Microphone cable



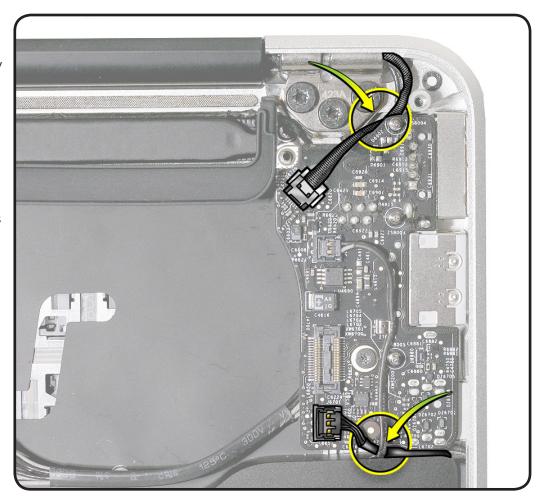
2 Tilt slightly and move I/O board away from ports and out of top case.





Replacement

- 1 Tip I/O board into top case, and push it firmly firmly against top case wall to secure ports.
- **2** Check that camera cable (at top) and microphone cable (at bottom) are tucked under the I/O board as shown.





Input Device (IPD) Flex Cable

First Steps

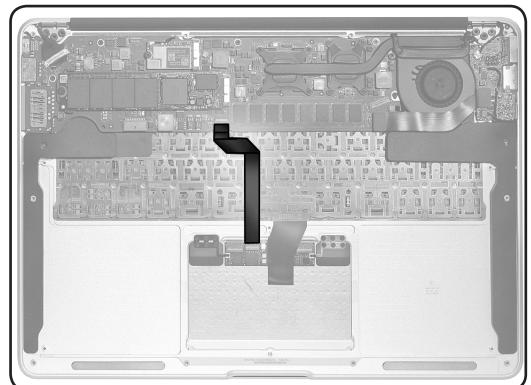
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery

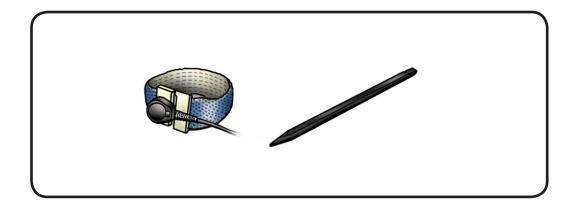


Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.

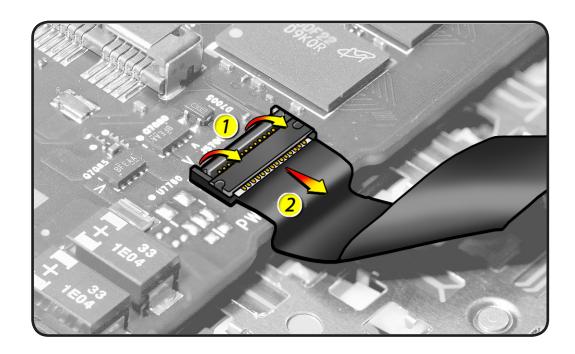


- ESD wrist strap
- Black stick





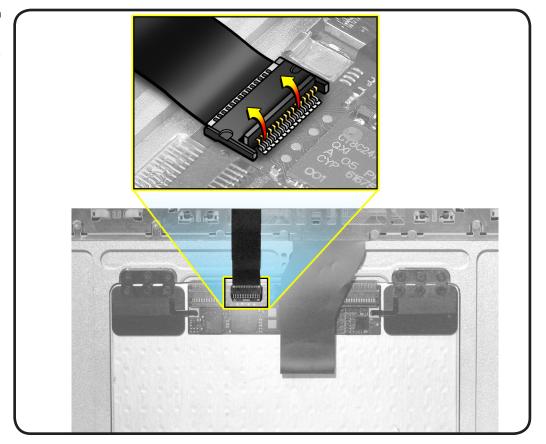
1 Disconnect cable from locking lever connector at logic board.



2 Disconnect cable from locking lever connector at trackpad.

Replacement Note:

when installing new cable, peel off adhesive backing on back of cable. Press gently to adhere cable to top case.





Heatsink Thermal Module

First Steps

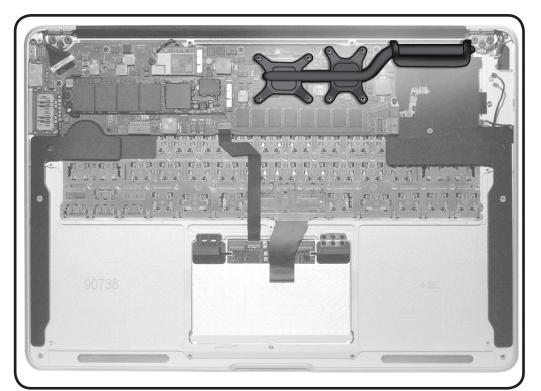
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery
- I/O flex cable
- Fan
- I/O board

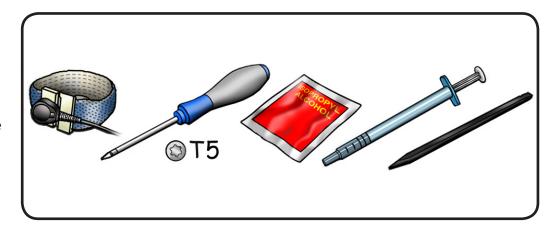


Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



- ESD wrist strap
- Torx T5 screwdriver, magnetized
- Alcohol pads
- Thermal grease syringe (922-7144)
- Black stick







Caution: Do not grasp the heatsink arm.

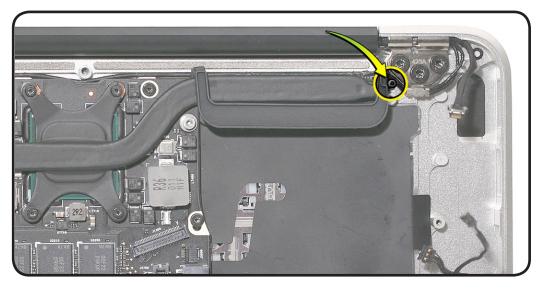
1 Remove 1 Torx #5 screw in the top right corner of heatsink.: (1) 922-9655 (mm)



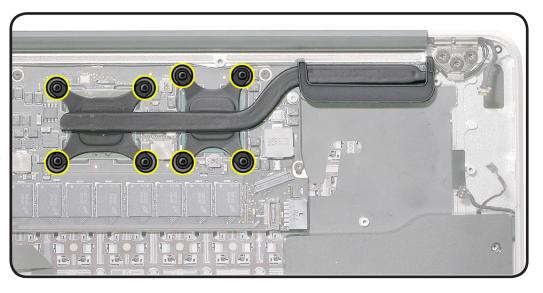
- 2 Note: Thermal rubber gasket stays with heatsink. Take note how gasket wraps around heatsink and attaches to logic board before removing heatsink.
- **3** Remove 8 Torx #5 screws.
 - (8) 922-9653 (mm)



4 Keeping heatsink parallel to logic board, gently wiggle heatsink to loosen bond on logic board and lift heatsink off logic board.

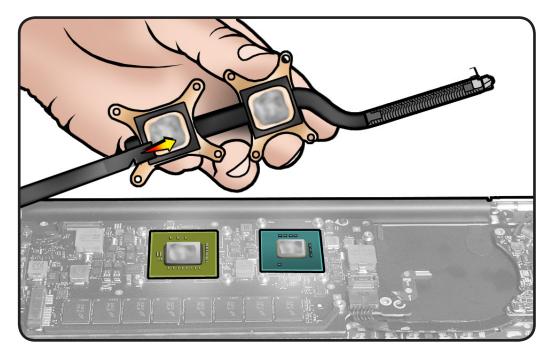




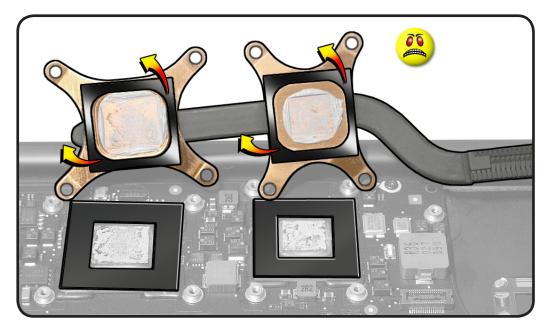




5 Scrape off thermal grease, and use alcohol pad to clean thermal pads and chips.



6 If heatsink has mylar frames, use a black stick to remove the mylar.



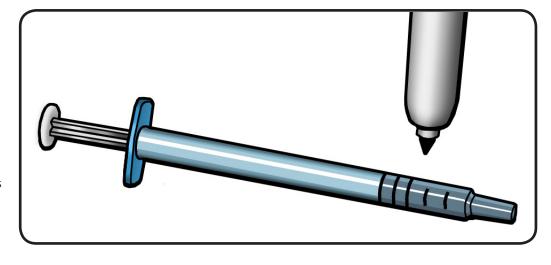


Replacement

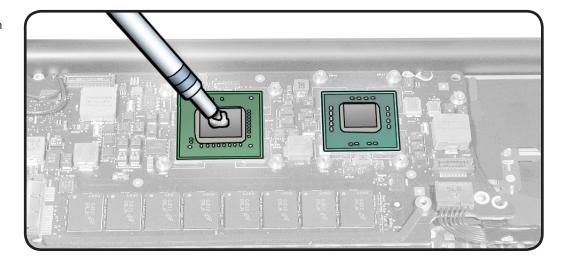
1 Use a pen to mark the syringe in thirds.

Caution: Syringe (922-7144) contains enough thermal grease for 3 chips. Because this computer has only 2 chips, use only 2/3 of syringe contents.





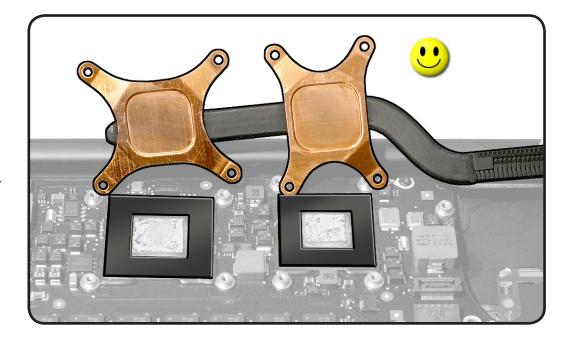
2 Inject 1/3 of grease on each chip.



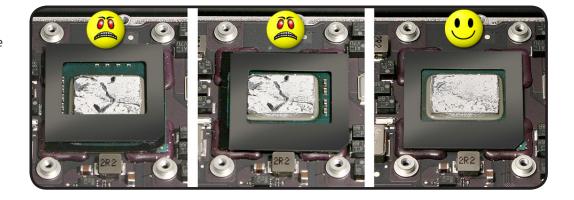


3 If logic board does not have mylar frames, install them over the MCP (Media Core Processor) and CPU chips.

> Note: Mylar frames are included with replacement heatsink. (076-1375).



4 Make sure mylar frame is centered over chip and covers the tiny capacitors. Do not press too hard or the capacitors may be damaged.

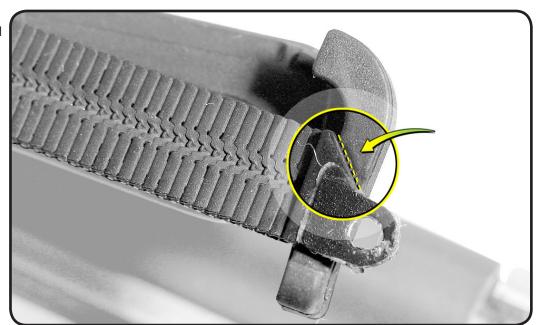


5 Assemble thermal rubber gasket onto heatsink.

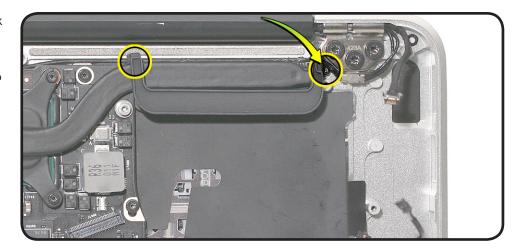




6 Align edge of heatsink with indent on thermal gasket (shown by the dotted line, on the underside of the thermal gasket).

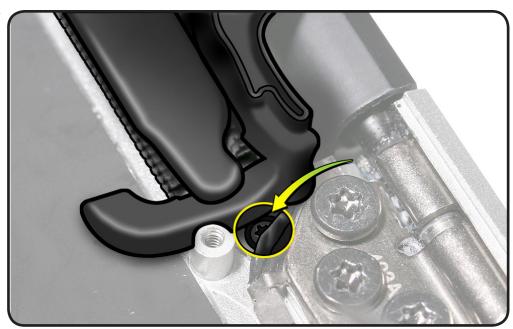


- **7** Carefully turn heatsink and thermal gasket over.
- Align gasket nub into hole on logic board.
- Align heatsink screw to screw hole in top case.

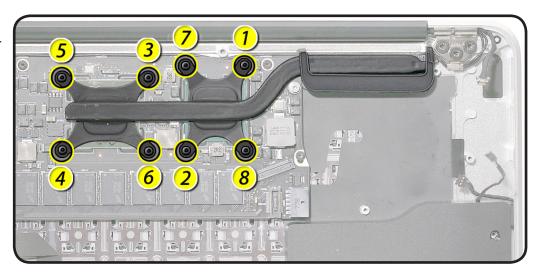




8 Tighten heatsink screw once thermal gasket is seated properly.



9 Replace remaining screws in order shown. Install screws 1/2 way first; then tighten in order shown.





Logic Board

First Steps

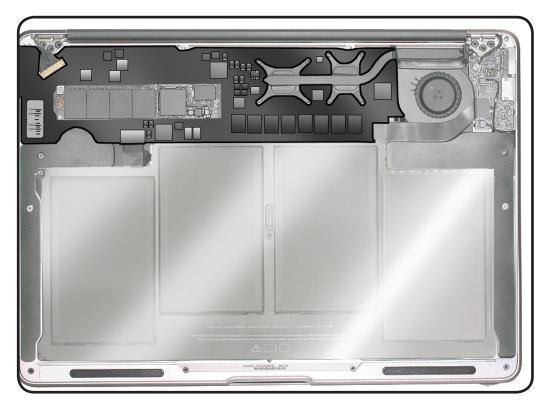
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery
- I/O flex cable
- Fan

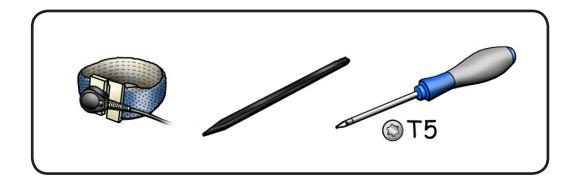


Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



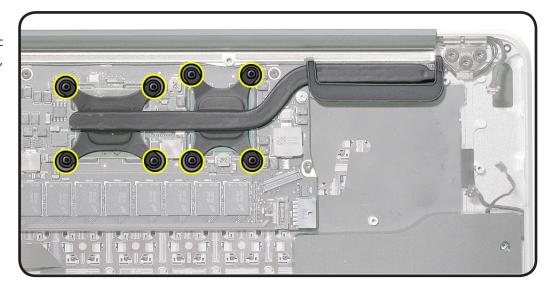
- ESD wrist strap
- Torx T5 screwdriver, magnetized
- · Black stick



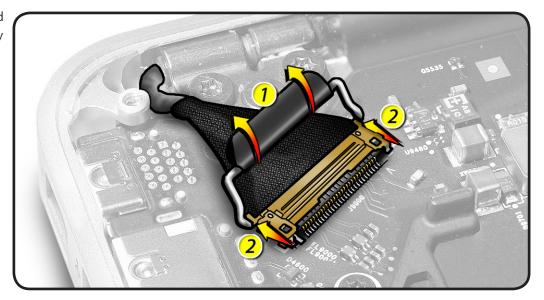


1 Note: If replacing logic board with a new one, transfer **Heatsink** while the logic board is in the top case to avoid flexing the board.

> If reinstalling same logic board, do not remove AirPort/ Bluetooth card and heatsink.



2 Flip up locking bar and pull embedded display port (EDP) cable—not bar—to disconnect cable.

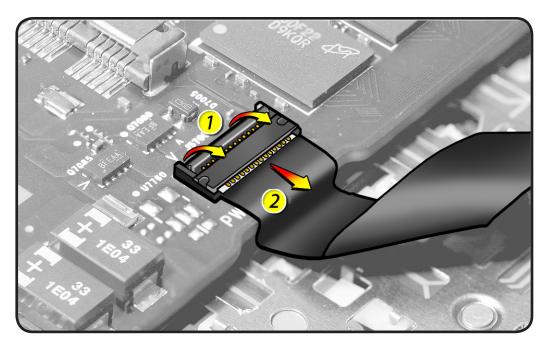




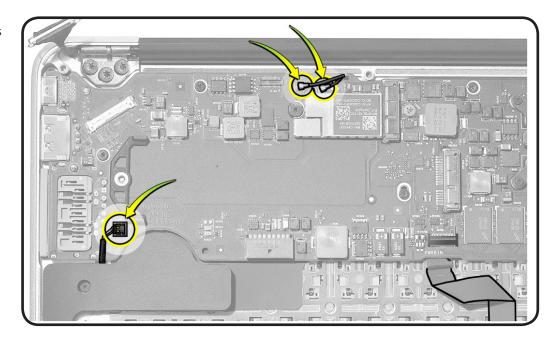
3 On the lower edge of logic board, use a black stick to flip locking lever up, toward keyboard.

> Gently remove input device flex cable from logic board connector.

Note: When returning logic board to Apple, leave fan and input device locking levers in the "flipped-up" or open position. Closed locking levers could damage connector pins.

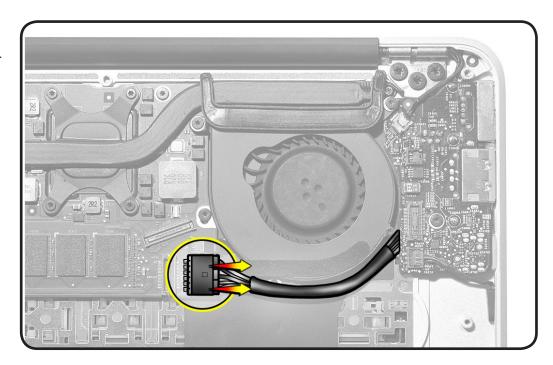


4 Disconnect 2 antennas and right speaker cable.





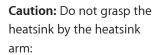
5 Disconnect I/O flex cable from logic board.

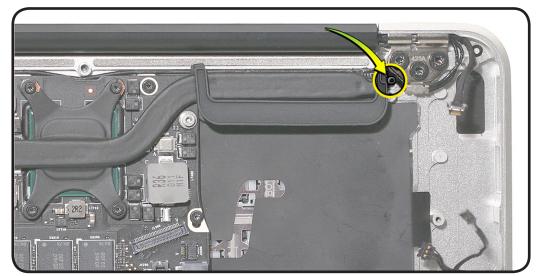


6 Remove 1 Torx #5 screw in the top right corner of heatsink.: (1) 922-9655 (2.4 mm)





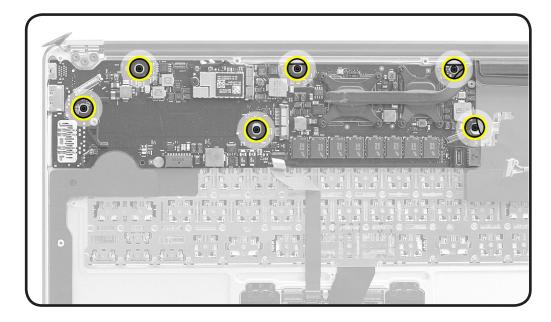






7 Remove 6 Torx T5 logic screws: (6) 922-9656 (6.3 mm)



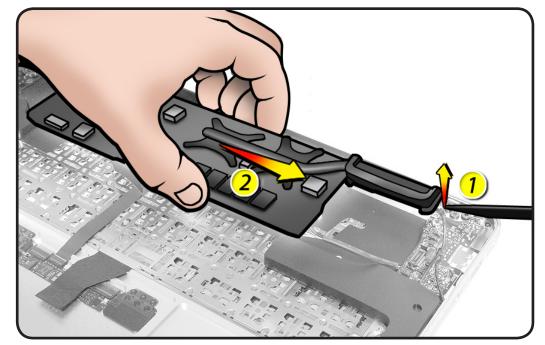


8 Carefully free heatsink arm (#1) from top case, then carefully tilt, slightly lift, and remove board (#2) from ports on top case.

Replacement Note:

If replacing logic board with a new one transfer:

- SSD drive
- AirPort/Bluetooth card
- heatsink and rubber gasket



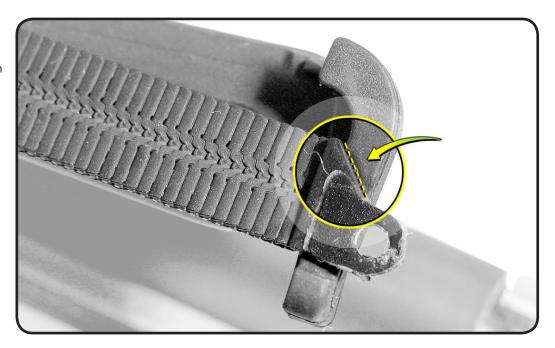


Replacement

1 Assemble thermal rubber gasket onto heatsink.

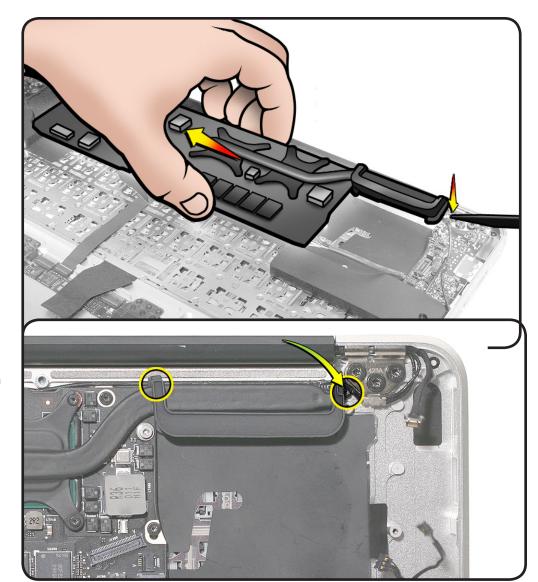


2 On underside of heatsink pipe, align edge of heatsink with indent (line) on thermal gasket.

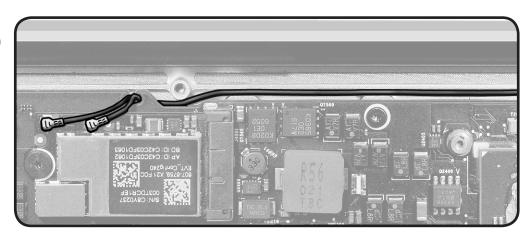




3 Note: First insert the mini DisplayPort connector into the opening in the top case, then, lower the board into place.

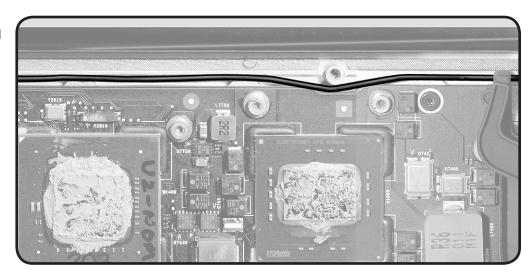


- **4** Carefully flip heatsink and thermal gasket over.
- Align gasket nub (on left in graphic) into hole on logic board.
- Align heatsink screw to screw hole in top case.
- Route antenna around screw and hinge
- **5** Make sure antennas are connected and routed into notch on logic board.

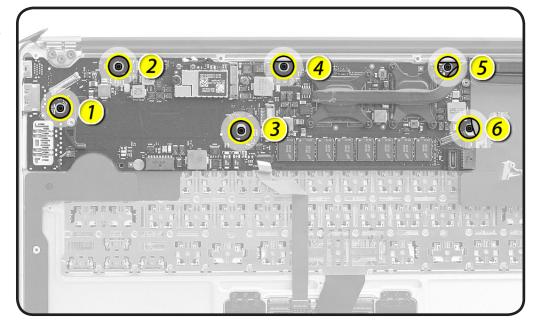




6 Continue tucking antennas into channel along top edge of logic board

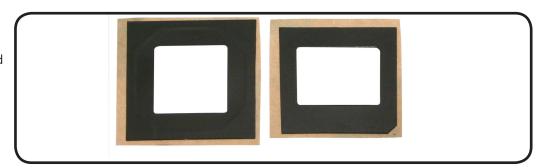


- **7** Replace 6 logic board screws in order shown.
- **8** Connect the following cables::
- Mini DisplayPort
- input device
- speaker
- fan
- I/O board

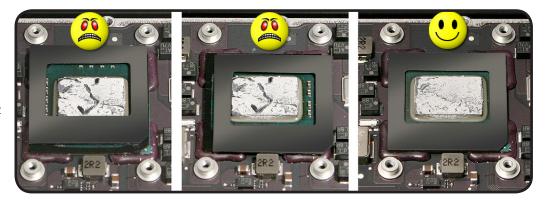




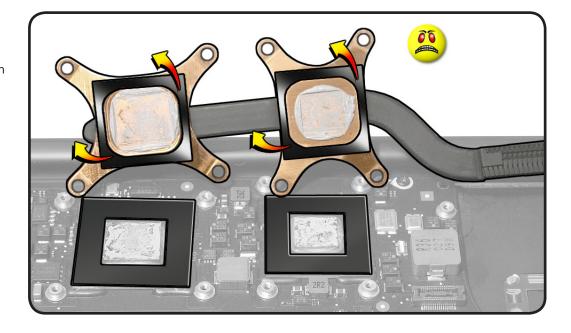
9 If replacing logic board with a new one, verify replacement logic board has mylar frames on MCP (Media Core Processor) and CPU chips.



10 If you need to install them, make sure mylar frame is centered over chip and covers the tiny capacitors. Do not press too hard or the capacitors may be damaged.

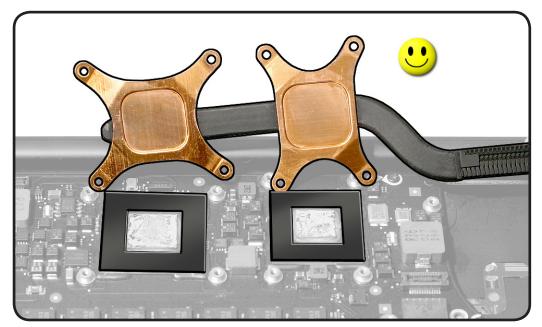


11 If mylar frames are on heatsink, use a black stick to remove the mylar.





12 Clean heatsinks, apply thermal grease to the 2 chips and replace heatsink.





Trackpad

First Steps

Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery

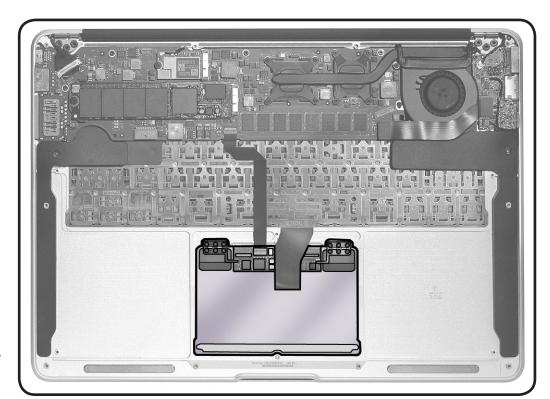


Important: Always attach the protective battery cover immediately after removing the bottom cover, before beginning battery removal.

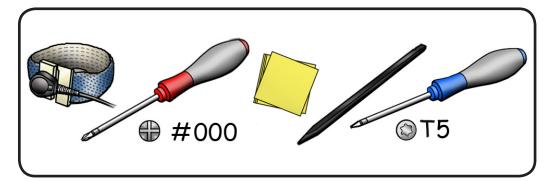
Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.

Note: Trackpad kit 922-9637 includes:

- trackpad
- 2 metal flexures
- 6 flexure screws
- 1 set screw



- ESD wrist strap
- Sticky (Post-it) notes
- Black stick
- Phillips #000 screwdriver, magnetized
- Torx T5 screwdriver

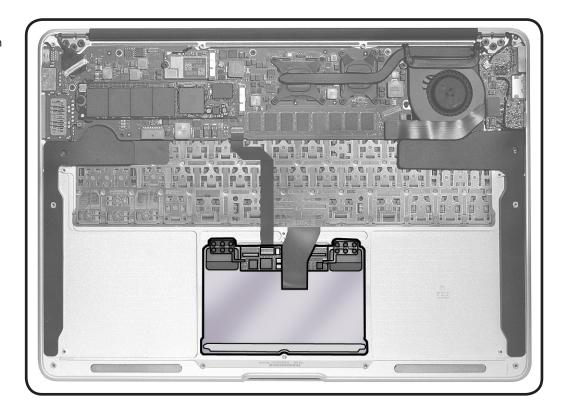




1 Place protective cloth over glass display.

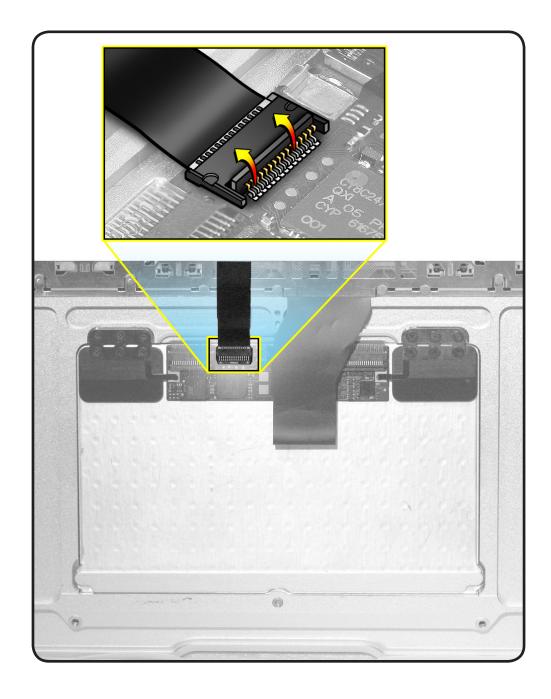


2 Close top case and orient computer with trackpad facing you.



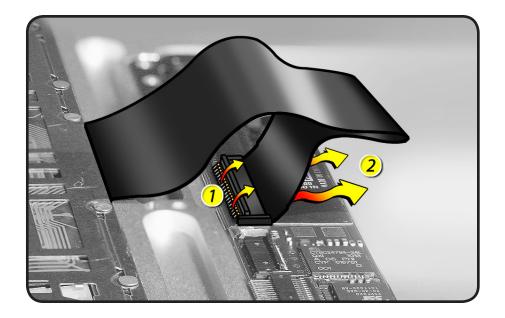


- **3** Disconnect flexible input device cable from trackpad.
- Use a black stick to flip locking lever toward keyboard.
- Pull cable toward keyboard to disconnect.





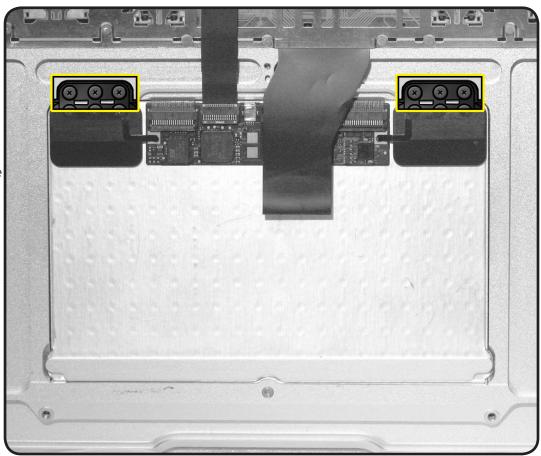
- Carefully loop the flex keyboard cable as shown to access locking lever connector.
- Use a black stick to flip locking lever toward trackpad.
- Wiggle cable out of connector, pulling toward trackpad to disconnect.



- **5** Remove 6 Phillips #000 screws from flexures (3 on top row of flexures).
- 922-9658



Note: If installing a new trackpad, dispose of old screws, they lose their ability to hold securely if reused. Use new screws included with trackpad kit.

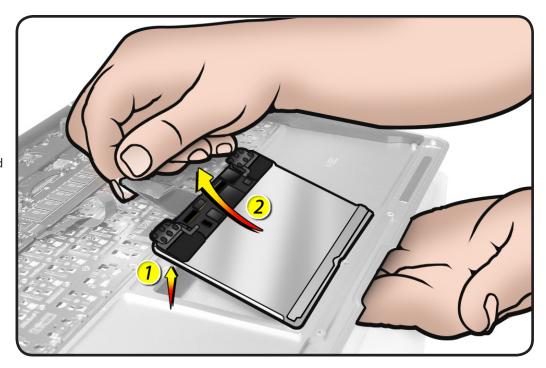




6 Lift top case slightly and slide hand under trackpad. Push trackpad up and out of top case at a 30 degree angle.

> Slide trackpad towards the keyboard until bottom lip of trackpad clears the top case.

Important: Handle trackpad with care to avoid scratches on the trackpad.





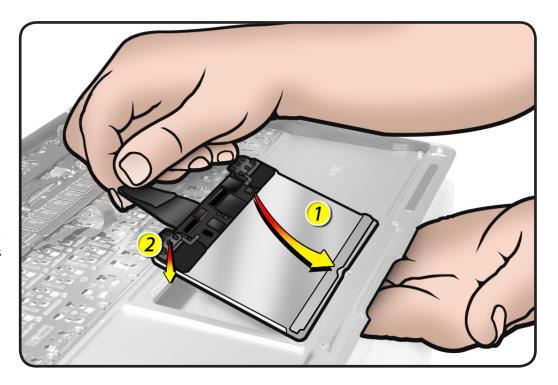
Replacement

Hold trackpad flex cable out of the way as you lower trackpad into top case.



Caution: Be extremely careful not to scratch the lower front edge of trackpad against the front edge on the top case, where there is a protrusion on the top case for the set screw. Scratches on the silver trackpad will create black spots when viewed from the user side the trackpad.

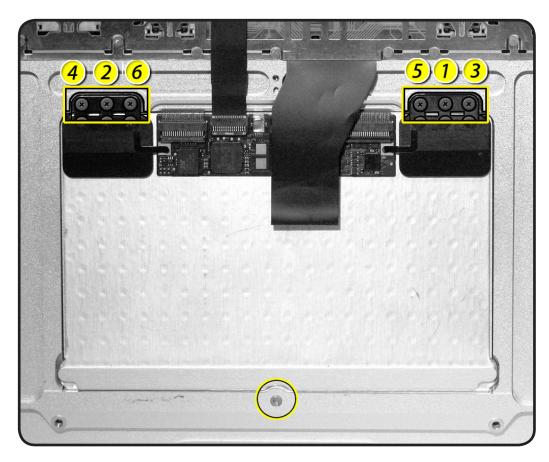
2 Carefully slide the trackpad forward, into top case, until the trackpad seats inside the opening.



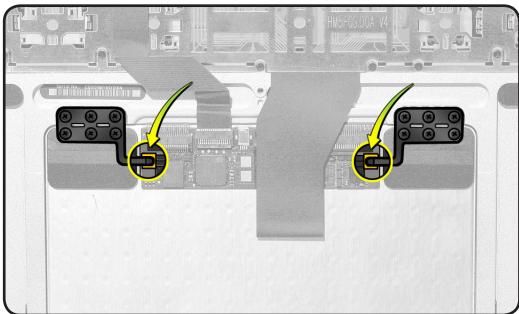


Insert 6 small screws into flexures, loosely tighten in the order shown.

> Note: If installing a new trackpad, dispose of old screws, they lose their ability to hold securely if reused. Use new screws included with trackpad kit.

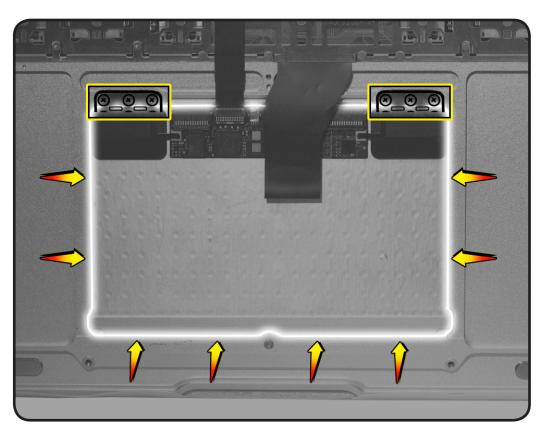


Make sure flexure arms are making contact with copper grounding pads before tightening screws.



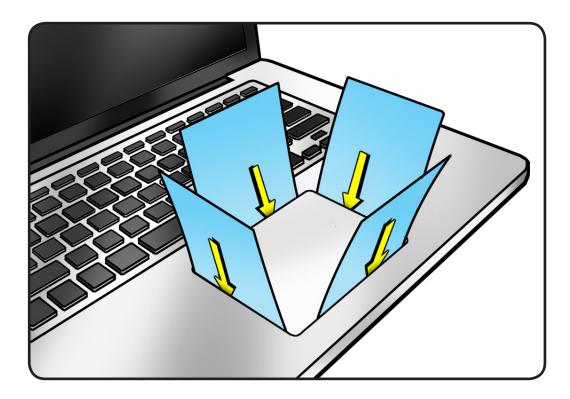


- Check for even trackpad alignment, at top, bottom, and sides by holding top case up to light. Look for even gaps.
- **6** With even gaps verified, tighten 2 center screws first, followed by final 4 screws.

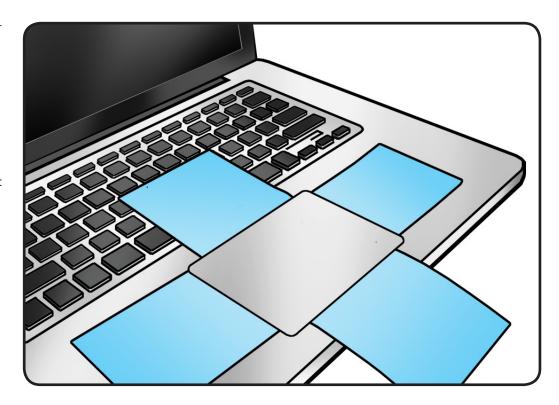




7 If necessary, on the palm rest, insert one sticky (Post-It) note into gap on each of the four sides of trackpad.

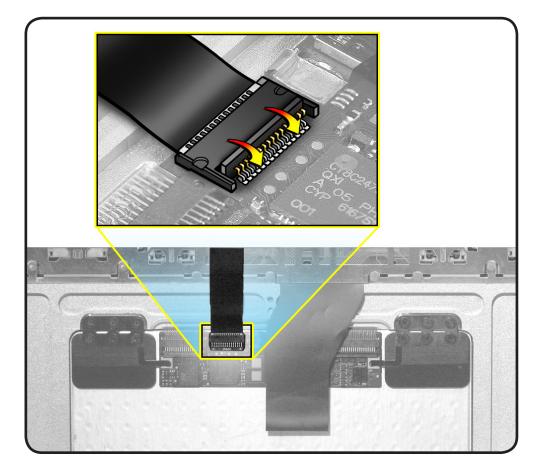


- **8** Fold sticky notes over so that top case can be laid flat.
- From the keyboard side of top case, feel if bottom edge of trackpad is flush with top case, if not, adjust set screw.



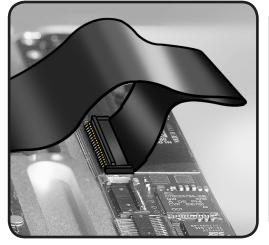


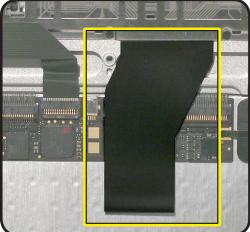
- **10** Securely connect IPD cable to trackpad.
- Use a black stick to flip locking lever toward trackpad.



11 Securely connect keyboard flex cable to trackpad. Flip locking lever toward logic board.

> **Important** The keyboard flex cable MUST lay flat against the trackpad. The very high bond (VHB) adhesive holds the bend in the cable. If the VHB or cable are compromised, trackpad alignment issues may occur, which may require top case replacement. Keyboard flex cable is part of the top case.



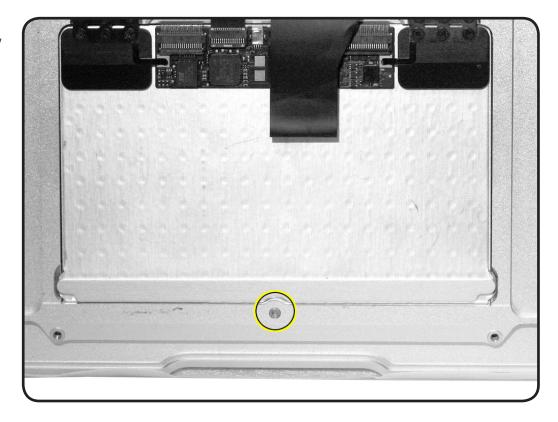




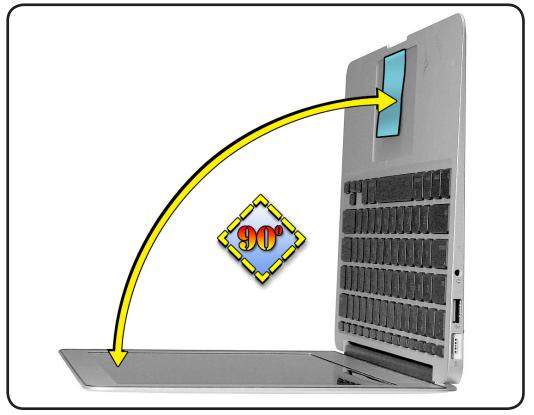
12 If you are installing the trackpad in a new top case, loosely install T5 set screw and go to next step. 922-9732 (1.47 mm)



Important: If you are installing the trackpad in the existing top case, do not adjust the set screw, but check trackpad for normal clicking motion and reassemble the computer.



13 Place top case vertically, and align 1 sticky note to bottom edge of trackpad.



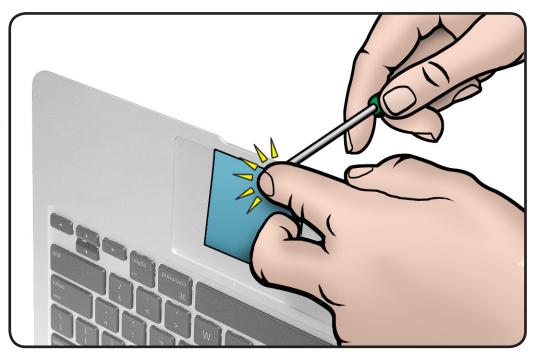


14 With one hand on edge of sticky note and the other hand slowly adjusting the set screw, tighten screw just until sticky note on trackpad feels flush with top case.

Important:

Overtightening set screw can damage trackpad.

15 Remove sticky note and check trackpad for normal clicking motion.





Display Module

First Steps

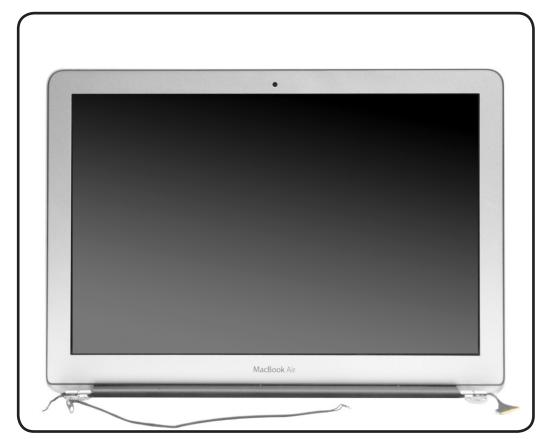
Remove:

- Bottom case
- Battery
- I/O flex cable
- Fan



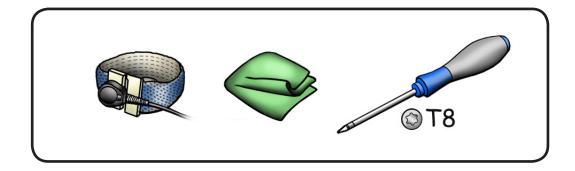
Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



Tools

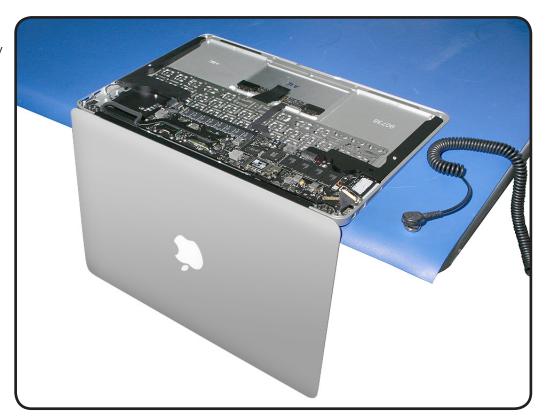
- · ESD wrist strap
- · Clean, soft, lint-free cloth
- Torx T8 screwdriver, magnetized



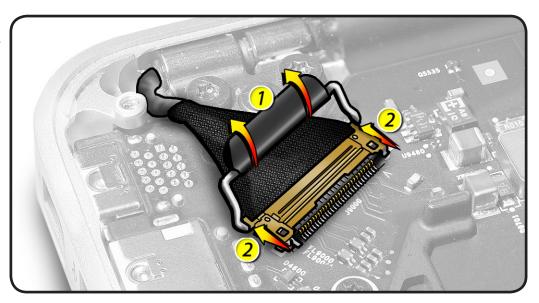


Removal

1 Place display (open to 90 degrees) so it safely hangs over a clean, padded table edge.

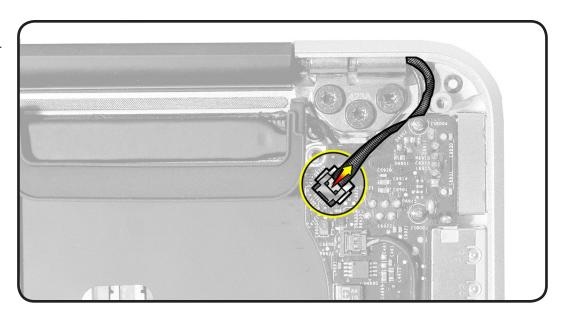


- **2** Disconnect display cable from logic board.
- (1) Gently flip metal bale to unlock connector.
- (2) Use black stick or fingernail to disconnect display cable.

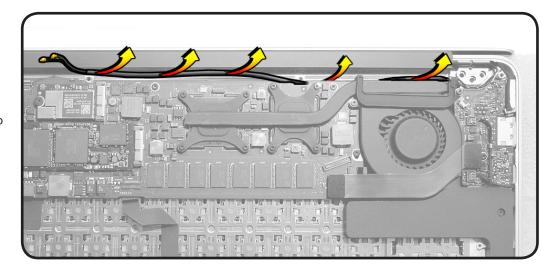




3 Disconnect camera cable from I/O board.



4 Disconnect antennas and gently pry antenna cable from channel on top case. Take note of antenna routing around the top right corner of the fan and display hinge.

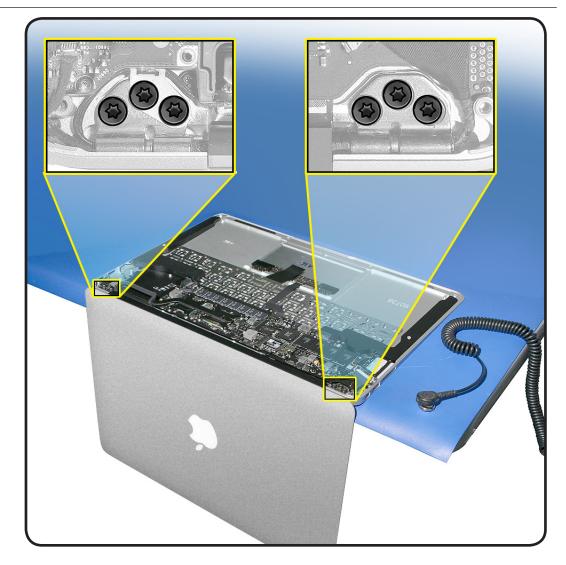




5 Remove 6 Torx T8 screws (3 at each clutch).

922-9652 (4.3 mm)

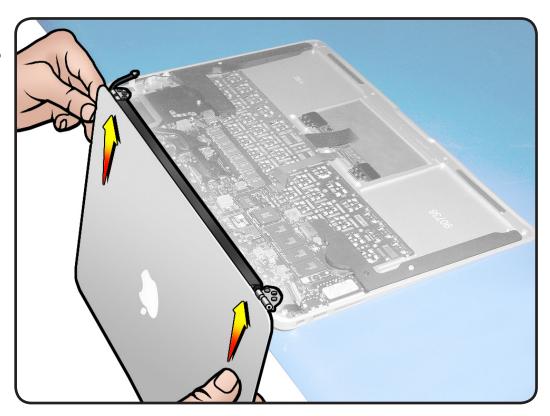




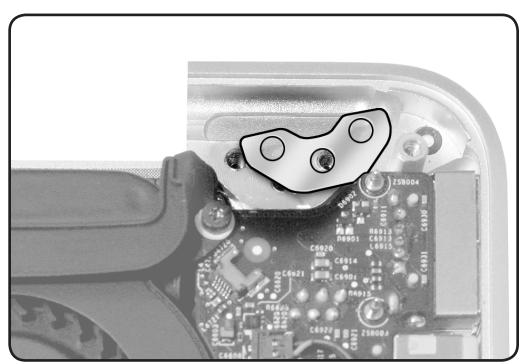


6 While supporting assembly, separate display module from top case..

> As you lift the display, look for a metal shim under each clutch (922-9649). See next step.



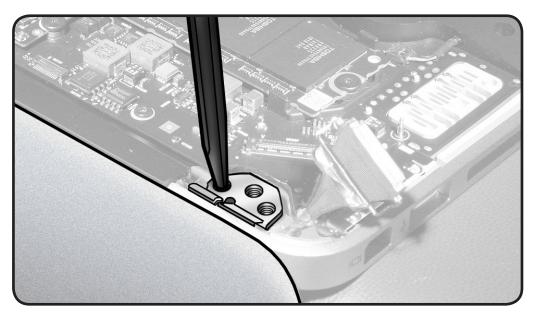
7 Reserve metal shim at each clutch.





Replacement

1 Place shim under clutch and align screw holes with black stick..

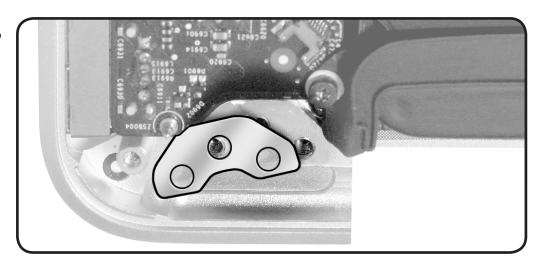


2 Loosely install middle screw.



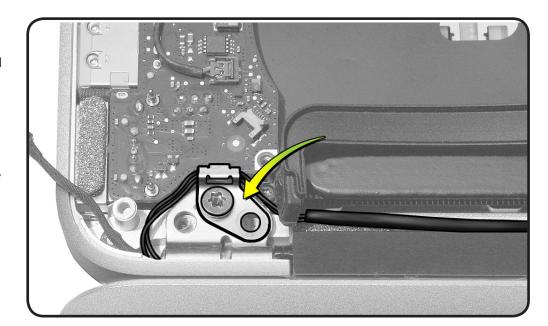


3 On the other clutch hinge, place shim onto top case. Align screw holes.

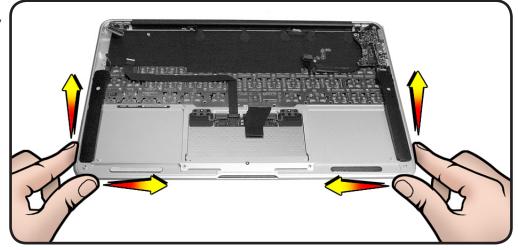


- **4** Place display clutch hinge on top of loose shim (step 3).
- **5** Place antenna ground clip on top of clutch. Loosely install middle screw.

Note: Incorrect placement of ground clip could cause cable damage.

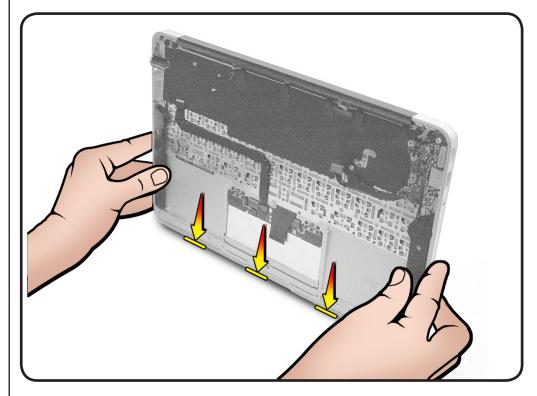


6 Adjust the alignment by touch.

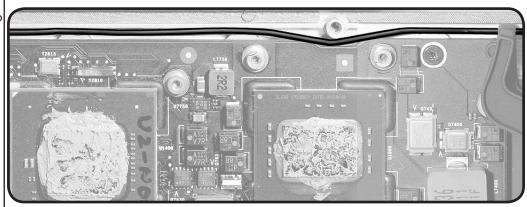




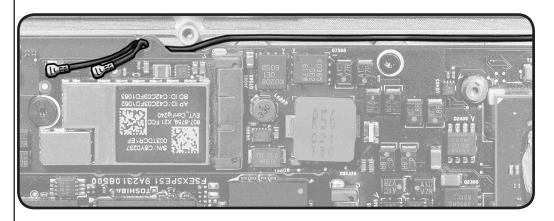
- Stand up the system on a clean, flat surface to level the front-to-rear clutch alignment.
- **8** Tighten remaining T8 clutch hinge screws.



Route antenna cable into channel on top case. Continue routing antenna to the left, tucking it into channel



10Connect antennas to AirPort/Bluetooth card.





Display Clutch Cover

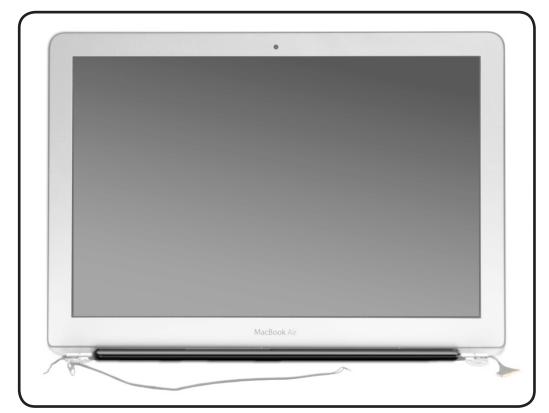
First Steps

- Bottom case
- Battery
- I/O flex cable
- Fan
- Display assembly



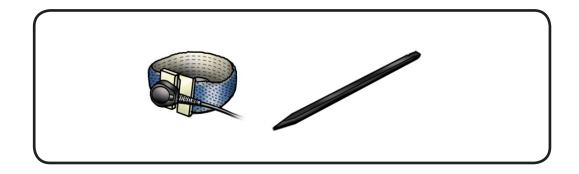
Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.



Tools

- ESD wrist strap
- Clean, soft, lint-free cloth
- Black stick

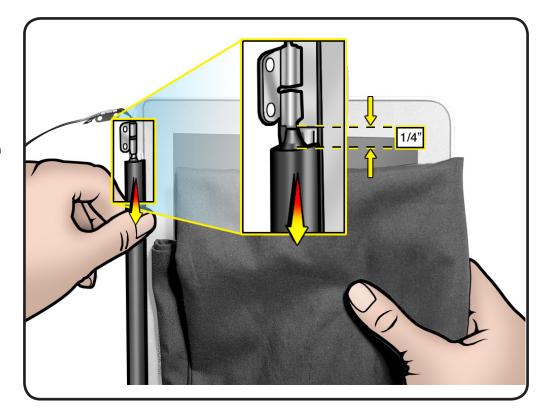




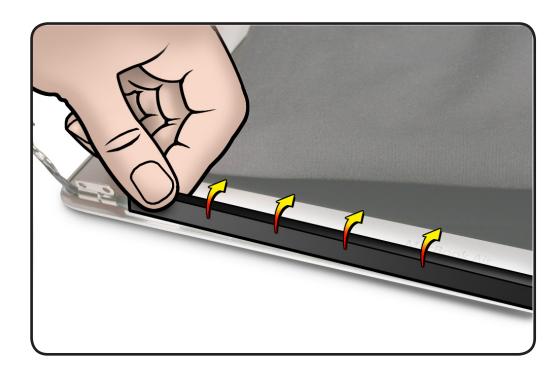
Removal

Note: Images show the MacBook Air (11-inch, Late 2010) procedure. The procedure is the same for the MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010).

- 1 Cover display face with clean, soft cloth.
- **2** Holding left end of clutch cover, slide clutch cover 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) away from camera cable.



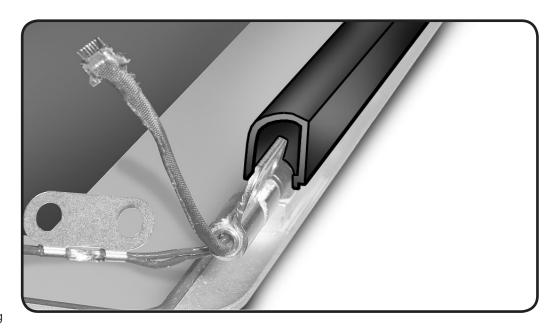
- **3** Place display module on table.
- **4** Pinch and tilt up end of clutch cover as you roll it toward display face. Use a black stick to assist in the clutch cover removal.
- **5** Remove clutch cover.





Replacement

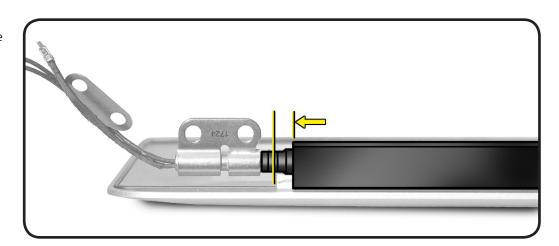
- 1 Note shape of clutch cover:
- flat at bottom
- curved at top
- **2** Make sure flat edge is at bottom of display.
- 3 Clean residual VHB from clutch barrel facing on display housing. Attach new VHB to display housing before assembling new clutch cover.
- **4** Tilt clutch cover onto end with longer cable.
- **5** Lower clutch cover onto display assembly.
- **6** Listen for snapping sound as hooks engage.
- **7** Check for good fit. Avoid:
- gaps
- bulges
- pinched cables



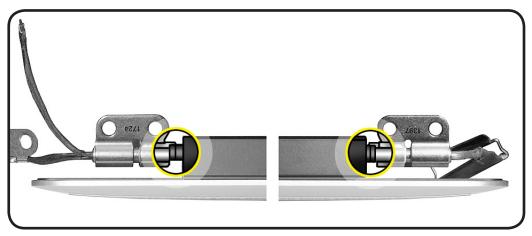




8 With the clutch cover engaged, slide it to the left to close the gap.



- **9** Check for good fit at both ends and across the clutch cover. Avoid:
- gaps
- bulges
- pinched cables





Top Case with Keyboard

First Steps

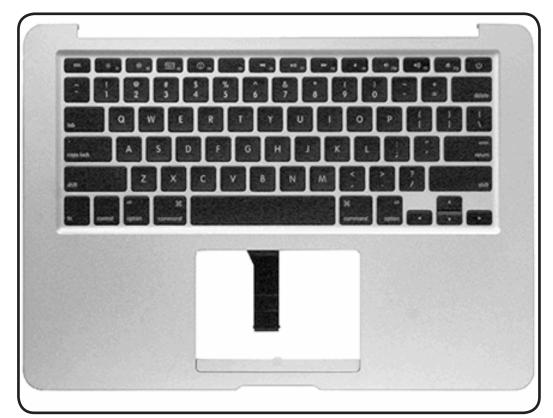
Remove and Transfer:

- Bottom case
- Battery
- Right speaker
- Left speaker
- Display module
- SSD card
- I/O flex cable
- I/O board
- Input device flex cable
- Fan
- Logic board (with heatsink and AirPort/ Bluetooth attached)
- Trackpad



Important: Always attach the battery cover immediately after removing the bottom case, before beginning battery removal.

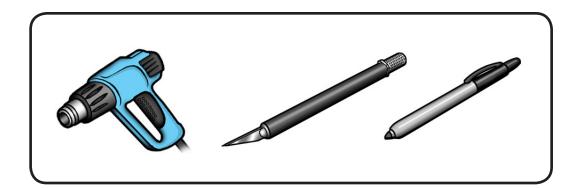
Caution: Read Battery **Safety Precautions** before performing this procedure.





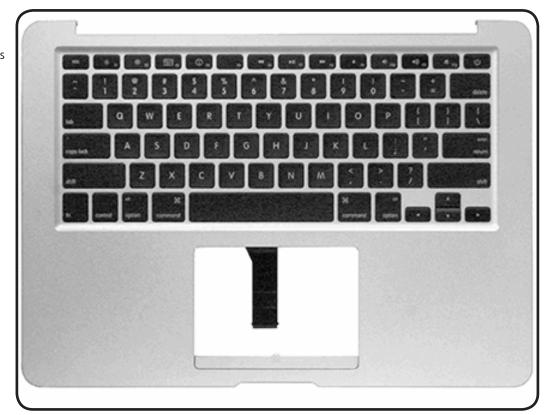
Tools

- Heat gun
- Knife
- Fine-tip permanent marker



Removal

With the first steps completed, the top case is the remaining part. It includes the microphone which is also available separately.

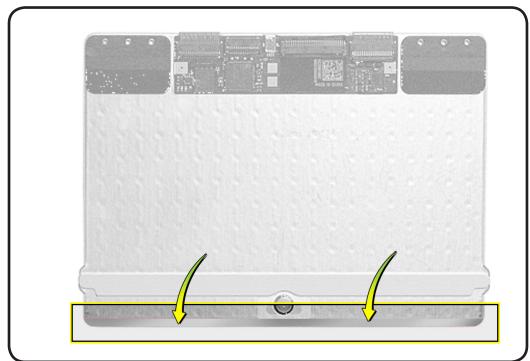




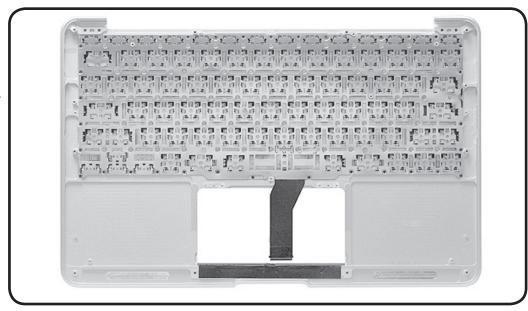
Replacement



IMPORTANT: Be careful not to scratch the exposed silver ink on the lower edge of the trackpad when installing the trackpad into the top case. Scratches create black spots and can be seen from the user side the trackpad.



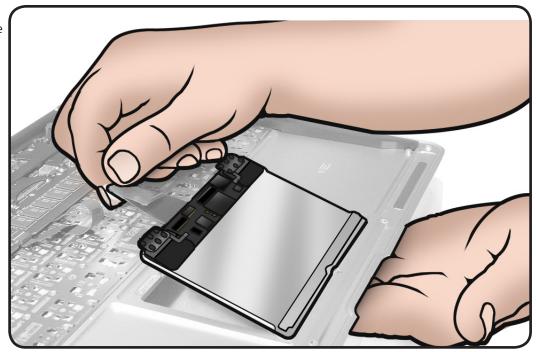
1 Replacement top cases have a strip of mylar along the lower edge of the trackpad opening to protect the exposed trackpad ink.



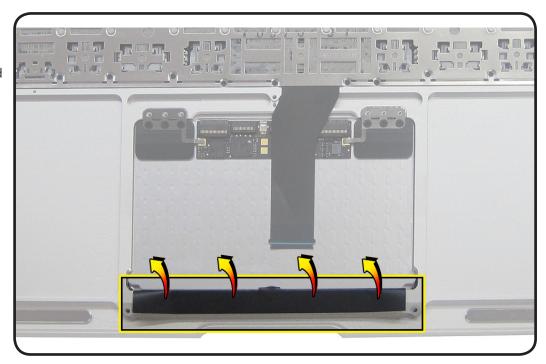


2 Carefully slide the trackpad —lower edge first—into top case, until the trackpad seats inside the opening.

> Caution: Minimize rubbing edges of trackpad against top case while installing. This could cause tiny cracks to form on the trackpad.



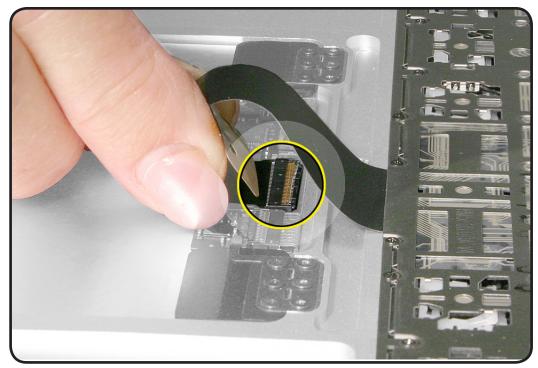
3 Remove the mylar, including any pieces that may be caught between the trackpad and top case.



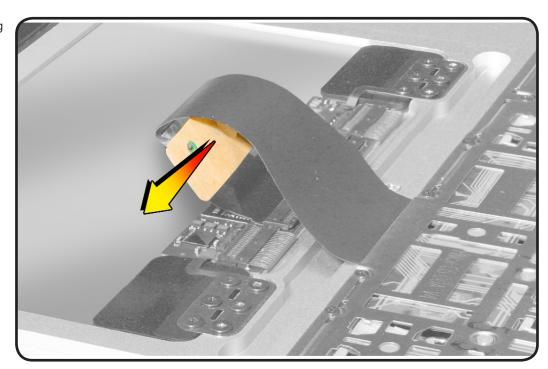


- **4** Insert keyboard cable into trackpad connector.
- **5** Flip trackpad locking lever toward logic board.

Note: If the cable is already folded and sealed with very high bond (VHB) adhesive, skip steps 6 and 7.



6 Peel adhesive backing from keyboard cable to expose VHB.

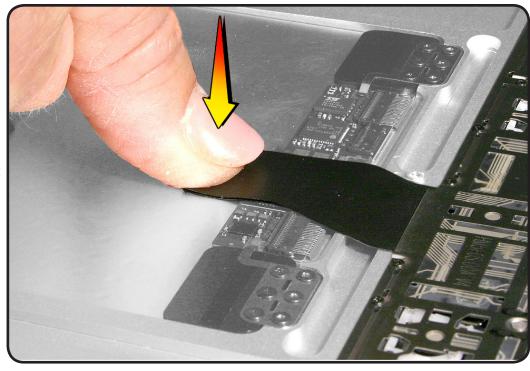


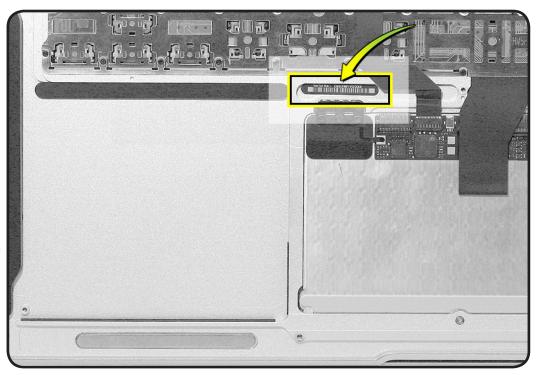


- 7 Press down firmly on keyboard cable for 15 seconds to:
- flatten cable
- adhere VHB to upper and lower surfaces of cable

Important The keyboard cable MUST lay flat against the trackpad. The VHB adhesive holds the bend in the cable. If the VHB or cable are compromised, trackpad alignment issues may occur, which may require top case replacement.

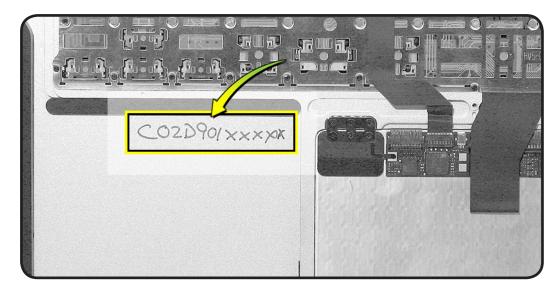
- **8** Replace trackpad screws, connect input cable, and align trackpad.
- **9** When installing a new top case, retain original top case until repair is complete.
- 10 Before installing replacement top case, use a heat gun and knife to lift off the serial number label.
- **11** Transfer labetl to inside of new top case.







12 If label cannot be reused, use a fine-tip permanent marker to write the serial number on the inside of the top case.



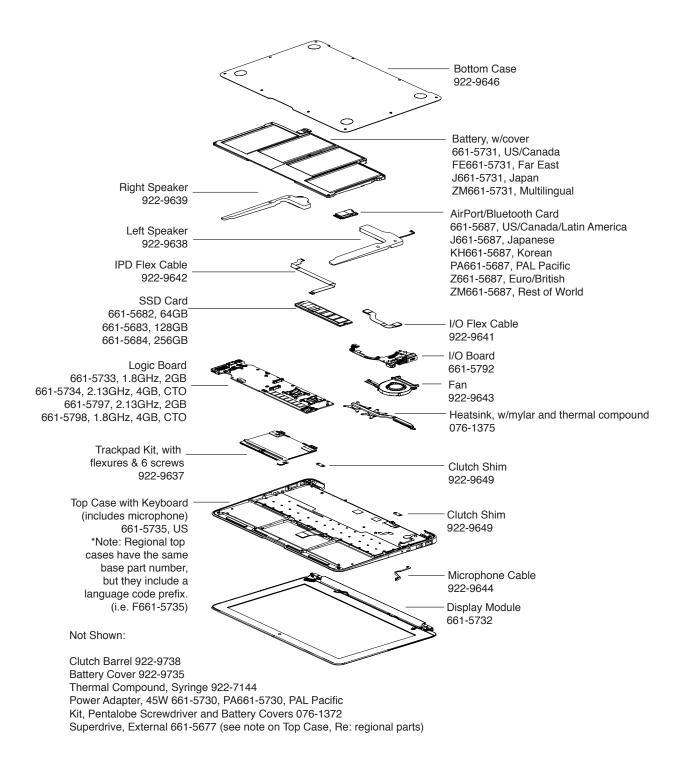


Views

MacBook Air (13-inch, Late 2010)



Exploded View

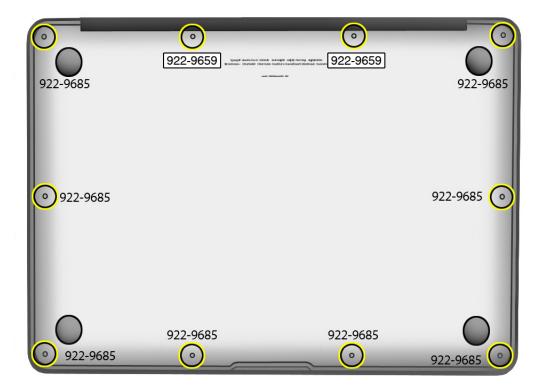




Screw Location Diagrams

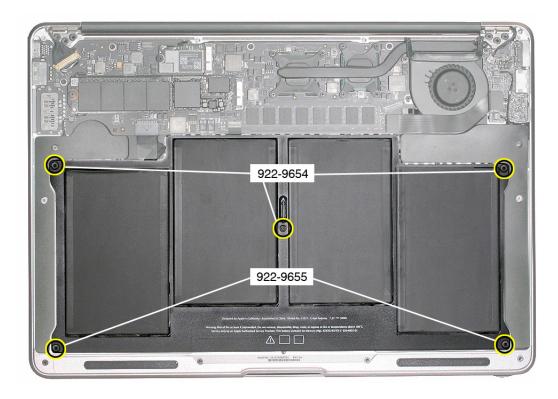
Bottom Case

All screw sizes shown are approximate and represent the total length of the screw.

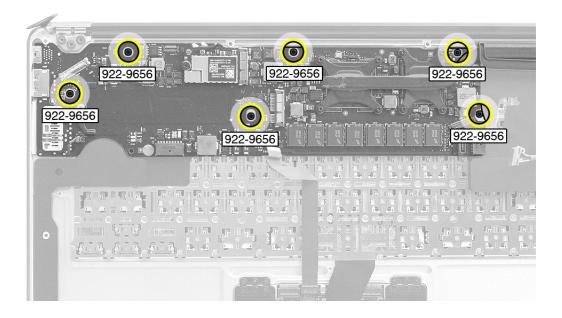




Battery

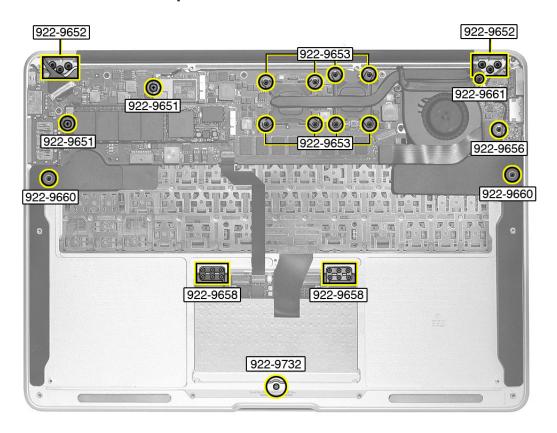


Logic Board





Speakers, I/O Board, Display Module, Heatsink, SSD Card, AirPort/ Bluetooth Card, Trackpad





External Views

Front View





Port View





A = MagSafe Power

B = USB 2.0

C = Headphone (audio out)

D = Microphone

E = SD Card Slot

F = USB 2.0

G = Mini DisplayPort (video out)

Screw Chart

922-9651 Torx T5	922-9652 Torx T8	922-9653 Torx T5
Solid State drive(SSD) (1) AirPort/Bluetooth card (1)	Display hinge clutch (6)	Heattsink (8)
922-9654 Torx T5	922-9655 Torx T5	922-9656 Torx T5
Battery (top & center) (3)	Battery (2) Heatsink to top case (1)	Logic (6) I/O board (1)
922-9657	922-9658	922-9659
Torx T5	Phillips #000	Pentalobe
	D	E. C.
Fan (under I/O cable) (1)	Trackpad flexure (6)	Bottom case (2)
922-9660 Torx T5	922-9661 Torx T5	922-9685 Pentalobe
TOTA 13	TOIX 13	Pentalope
Fan to logic (1) Speakers (1)	Fan to I/O board (1)	Bottom case (8)



	922-9732 Torx T5
	Trackpad set screw (1)